2608 Mt 12:20 break
2608 Joh 19:31 broken
2608 Joh 19:32 brake
2608 Joh 19:33 brake

Strong's Dictionary Study

2608 -- break.
2607 Interlinear Index Study

2607 GAL 002011 . But when <3753 -hote -> Peter <4074 -Petros -> was come <2064 -erchomai -> to Antioch <0490 -Antiocheia -> , I withstood <0436 -anthistemi -> him to the face <4383 prosopon -> , because <3754 -hoti -> he was to be blamed <\{2607\} -kataginosko -> .

2607 1J0 003020 . For if <1437 -ean -> our heart <2588 kardia -> condemn <\{2607\} -kataginosko -> us , God <2316 -theos -> is greater <3187 -meizon -> than our heart <2588 -kardia -> , and knoweth <1097 -ginosko -> all <3956 -pas -> things .

2607 1J0 003021 Beloved <0027 -agapetos ->, if <1437 -ean -> our heart <2588 -kardia -> condemn <\{2607\} -kataginosko -> us
not , [ then ] have <2192 -echo -> we confidence <3954 parrhesia -> toward <4314 -pros -> God <2316 -theos -> .

[^0]Ananias 0367 \# Expanded Dictionary Study

Ananias 0367 \# Ananias \{an-an-ee'-as\}; of Hebrew origin [2608]; Ananias, the name of three Israelites: -- \{Ananias\}.[ql

Annas 0452 \# Annas \{an'-nas\}; of Hebrew origin [2608]; Annas (i.e. 367), an Israelite: -- \{Annas\}.[ql
break 2608 \# katagnumi \{kat-ag'-noo-mee\}; from 2596 and the base of 4486; to rend in pieces, i.e. crack apart: -- \{break\}.[ql
break 4486 \# rhegnumi \{hrayg'-noo-mee\}; or rhesso \{hrace'-so\}; both prolonged forms of rheko (which appears only in certain forms, and is itself probably a strengthened form of agnumi [see in 2608]); to "break", "wreck" or "crack", i.e. (especially)to sunder (by separation of the parts; 2608 being its intensive [with the preposition in composition], and 2352 a shattering to minute fragments; but not a reduction to the constituent particles, like 3089) or disrupt, lacerate; by implication, to convulse (wih spasms); figuratively, to give vent to joyful emotions: -- \{break\} (forth), burst, rend, tear.[ql
burst 4486 \# rhegnumi \{hrayg'-noo-mee\}; or rhesso \{hrace'-so\}; both prolonged forms of rheko (which appears only in certain forms, and is itself probably a strengthened form of agnumi [see in 2608]); to "break", "wreck" or "crack", i.e. (especially)to sunder (by separation of the parts; 2608 being its intensive [with the preposition in composition], and 2352 a shattering to minute fragments; but not a reduction to the constituent particles, like 3089) or disrupt, lacerate; by implication, to convulse (wih spasms); figuratively, to give vent to joyful emotions: -- break (forth), \{burst\}, rend, tear. [ql
forth 4486 \# rhegnumi \{hrayg'-noo-mee\}; or rhesso \{hrace'-so\}; both prolonged forms of rheko (which appears only in certain forms, and is itself probably a strengthened form of agnumi [see in 2608]); to "break", "wreck" or "crack", i.e. (especially)to sunder (by separation of the parts; 2608 being its intensive [with the preposition in composition], and 2352 a shattering to minute fragments; but not a reduction to the constituent particles, like 3089) or disrupt, lacerate; by implication, to convulse (wih spasms); figuratively, to give vent to joyful emotions: -- break (\{forth\}), burst, rend, tear.[ql
rend 4486 \# rhegnumi \{hrayg'-noo-mee\}; or rhesso \{hrace'-so\}; both prolonged forms of rheko (which appears only in certain forms, and is itself probably a strengthened form of agnumi [see in 2608]); to "break", "wreck" or "crack", i.e. (especially)to sunder (by separation of the parts; 2608 being its intensive [with the preposition in composition], and 2352 a shattering to minute fragments; but not a reduction to the constituent particles, like 3089) or disrupt, lacerate; by implication, to convulse (wih spasms); figuratively, to give vent to joyful emotions: -- break (forth), burst, \{rend\}, tear.[ql
tear 4486 \# rhegnumi $\{$ hrayg'-noo-mee ; or rhesso \{hrace'-so\}; both prolonged forms of rheko (which appears only in certain forms, and is itself probably a strengthened form of agnumi [see in 2608]); to "break", "wreck" or "crack", i.e. (especially)to sunder (by separation of the parts; 2608 being ititsintensive
[with the preposition in composition], and 2352 a shattering to minute fragments; but not a reduction to the constituent particles, like 3089) or disrupt, lacerate; by implication, to convulse (wih spasms); figuratively, to give vent to joyful emotions: -- break (forth), burst, rend, \{tear\}.[ql

Cross Reference Study


[^0]:    katagnumi 2608 -- break.

