against 4366 # prosregnumi {pros-rayg'-noo-mee}; from 4314 and 4486; to tear towards, i.e. burst upon (as a tempest or flood): - beat vehemently {against} (upon). [ql

axe 0513 # axine {ax-ee'-nay}; probably from agnumi (to break; compare 4486); an axe: -- {axe}. [ql

beat 4366 # prosregnumi {pros-rayg'-noo-mee}; from 4314 and 4486; to tear towards, i.e. burst upon (as a tempest or flood): -- {beat} vehemently against (upon). [ql

break 1284 # diarrhesso {dee-ar-hrayce'-so}; from 1223 and 4486; to tear asunder: -- {break}, rend.[ql

break 2608 # katagnumi {kat-ag'-noo-mee}; from 2596 and the base of 4486; to rend in pieces, i.e. crack apart: -- {break}. [ql

break 3089 # luo {loo'-o}; a primary verb; to "loosen"
(literally or figuratively): -- {break} (up), destroy, dissolve,
(un-)loose, melt, put off. Compare 4486.[ql

break 4486 # rhegnumi {hrayg'-noo-mee}; or rhesso {hrace'-so}; both prolonged forms of rheko (which appears only in certain forms, and is itself probably a strengthened form of agnumi [see in 2608]); to "break", "wreck" or "crack", i.e. (especially) to sunder (by separation of the parts; 2608 being its intensive [with the preposition in composition], and 2352 a shattering to minute fragments; but not a reduction to the constituent particles, like 3089) or disrupt, lacerate; by implication, to convulse (wih spasms); figuratively, to give vent to joyful emotions: -- {break} (forth), burst, rend, tear.[ql

bruise 2352 # thrauo {throw'-o}; a primary verb; to crush: --{bruise}. Compare 4486. [ql

burst 4486 # rhegnumi {hrayg'-noo-mee}; or rhesso {hrace'-so}; both prolonged forms of rheko (which appears only in certain forms, and is itself probably a strengthened form of agnumi [see in 2608]); to "break", "wreck" or "crack", i.e. (especially)to sunder (by separation of the parts; 2608 being its intensive [with the preposition in composition], and 2352 a shattering to minute fragments; but not a reduction to the constituent particles, like 3089) or disrupt, lacerate; by implication, to convulse (wih spasms); figuratively, to give vent to joyful emotions: -- break (forth), {burst}, rend, tear.[ql

cloth 4470 # rhakos {hrak'-os}; from 4486; a "rag," i.e. piece of cloth: -- {cloth}. [ql

destroy 3089 # luo {loo'-o}; a primary verb; to "loosen"
(literally or figuratively): -- break (up), {destroy}, dissolve,
(un-)loose, melt, put off. Compare 4486.[ql

dissolve 3089 # luo {loo'-o}; a primary verb; to "loosen"
(literally or figuratively): -- break (up), destroy, {dissolve},
(un-)loose, melt, put off. Compare 4486.[ql

forth 4486 # rhegnumi {hrayg'-noo-mee}; or rhesso {hrace'-so}; both prolonged forms of rheko (which appears only in certain forms, and is itself probably a strengthened form of agnumi [see in 2608]); to "break", "wreck" or "crack", i.e. (especially)to sunder (by separation of the parts; 2608 being its intensive 12/9/2021

[with the preposition in composition], and 2352 a shattering to minute fragments; but not a reduction to the constituent particles, like 3089) or disrupt, lacerate; by implication, to convulse (wih spasms); figuratively, to give vent to joyful emotions: -- break ({forth}), burst, rend, tear. [ql

melt 3089 # luo {loo'-o}; a primary verb; to "loosen"
(literally or figuratively): -- break (up), destroy, dissolve,
(un-)loose, {melt}, put off. Compare 4486.[ql

off 3089 # luo {loo'-o}; a primary verb; to "loosen" (literally or figuratively): -- break (up), destroy, dissolve, (un-)loose, melt, put {off}. Compare 4486. [ql

off 4048 # perirrhegnumi {per-ir-hrayg'-noo-mee}; from 4012 and 4486; to tear all around, i.e. completely away: -- rend {off}.[ql

put 3089 # luo {loo'-o}; a primary verb; to "loosen"
(literally or figuratively): -- break (up), destroy, dissolve,
(un-)loose, melt, {put} off. Compare 4486.[ql

rend 1284 # diarrhesso {dee-ar-hrayce'-so}; from 1223 and 4486; to tear asunder: -- break, {rend}. [ql

rend 4048 # perirrhegnumi {per-ir-hrayg'-noo-mee}; from 4012 and 4486; to tear all around, i.e. completely away: -- {rend} off.[ql

rend 4486 # rhegnumi {hrayg'-noo-mee}; or rhesso {hrace'-so}; both prolonged forms of rheko (which appears only in certain forms, and is itself probably a strengthened form of agnumi [see in 2608]); to "break", "wreck" or "crack", i.e. (especially)to sunder (by separation of the parts; 2608 being its intensive [with the preposition in composition], and 2352 a shattering to minute fragments; but not a reduction to the constituent particles, like 3089) or disrupt, lacerate; by implication, to convulse (wih spasms); figuratively, to give vent to joyful emotions: -- break (forth), burst, {rend}, tear.[ql

rock 5138 # trachus {trakh-oos'}; perhaps strengthened from
the base of 4486 (as if jagged by rents); uneven, rocky (reefy):
-- {rock}, rough. [ql

rough 5138 # trachus {trakh-oos'}; perhaps strengthened from
the base of 4486 (as if jagged by rents); uneven, rocky (reefy):
-- rock, {rough}. [ql

ruin 4485 # rhegma {hrayg'-mah}; from 4486; something torn, i.
e. a fragment (by implication and abstractly, a fall): -- {ruin}.
[ql

tear 4486 # rhegnumi {hrayg'-noo-mee}; or rhesso {hrace'-so}; both prolonged forms of rheko (which appears only in certain forms, and is itself probably a strengthened form of agnumi [see in 2608]); to "break", "wreck" or "crack", i.e. (especially)to sunder (by separation of the parts; 2608 being its intensive [with the preposition in composition], and 2352 a shattering to minute fragments; but not a reduction to the constituent particles, like 3089) or disrupt, lacerate; by implication, to convulse (wih spasms); figuratively, to give vent to joyful emotions: -- break (forth), burst, rend, {tear}.[ql

un-)loose 3089 # luo {loo'-o}; a primary verb; to "loosen" (literally or figuratively): -- break (up), destroy, dissolve, ({un-)loose}, melt, put off. Compare 4486. [ql 12/9/2021

up 3089 # luo {loo'-o}; a primary verb; to "loosen" (literally or figuratively): -- break ({up}), destroy, dissolve, (un-)loose, melt, put off. Compare 4486. [ql

upon 4366 # prosregnumi {pros-rayg'-noo-mee}; from 4314 and 4486; to tear towards, i.e. burst upon (as a tempest or flood): -beat vehemently against ({upon}). [ql

valley 5327 # pharagx {far'-anx}; properly, strengthened from the base of 4008 or rather of 4486; a gap or chasm, i.e. ravine (winter-torrent): -- {valley}. [ql

vehemently 4366 # prosregnumi {pros-rayg'-noo-mee}; from 4314
and 4486; to tear towards, i.e. burst upon (as a tempest or
flood): -- beat {vehemently} against (upon).[ql

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