1. a \{al'-fah\}; of Hebrew origin; the first letter of the alphabet; figuratively, only (from its use as a numeral) the first: --Alpha. Often used (usually an, before a vowel) also in composition (as a contraction from 427) in the sense of privation; so, in many words, beginning with this letter; occasionally in the sense of union (as a contraction of 260). [ql
2. Aaron \{ah-ar-ohn'\}; of Hebrew origin [175]; Aaron, the brother of Moses: --Aaron.[ql
3. Abaddon \{ab-ad-dohn'\}; of Hebrew origin [11]; a destroying angel: --Abaddon.[ql
4. abares \{ab-ar-ace'\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and 922; weightless, i.e. (figuratively) not burdensome: --from being burdensome. [ql
5. Abba \{ab-bah'\}; of Aramaic origin [2]; father (as a vocative case): --Abba.[ql
6. Abel \{ab'-el\}; of Hebrew origin [1893]; Abel, the son of Adam: - -Abel. [ql
7. Abia \{ab-ee-ah'\}; of Hebrew origin [29]; Abijah, the name of two Israelites: --Abia.[ql
8. Abiathar \{ab-ee-ath'-ar\}; of Hebrew origin [54]; Abiathar, an Israelite: --Abiathar.[ql
9. Abilene \{ab-ee-lay-nay'\}; of foreign origin [compare 58];

Abilene, a region of Syria: --Abilene.[ql
0010. Abioud \{ab-ee-ood'\}; of Hebrew origin [31]; Abihud, an Israelite: --Abiud. [ql
0011. Abraam \{ab-rah-am'\}; of Hebrew origin [85]; Abraham, the Hebrew patriarch: --Abraham. [In Acts 7:16 the text should probably read Jacob.][ql
0012. abussos \{ab'-us-sos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a variation of 1037; depthless, i.e. (specially) (infernal) "abyss": --deep, (bottomless) pit.[ql
0013. Agabos \{ag'-ab-os\}; of Hebrew origin [compare 2285]; Agabus, an Israelite: --Agabus.[ql
0014. agathoergeo \{ag-ath-er-gheh'-o\}; from 18 and 2041; to work good: --do good.[ql
0015. agathopoieo \{ag-ath-op-oy-eh'-o\}; from 17; to be a well-doer (as a favor or a duty): --(when) do good (well). [ql
0016. agathopolia \{ag-ath-op-oy-ee'-ah\}; from 17; well-doing, i.e. virtue: --well-doing.[ql
0017. agathopoios \{ag-ath-op-oy-os'\}; from 18 and 4160; a well-doer, i.e. virtuous: --them that do well.[ql
0018. agathos \{ag-ath-os'\}; a primary word; "good" (in any sense, often as noun): --benefit, good(-s, things), well. Compare 2570.[ql
0019. agathosune \{ag-ath-o-soo'-nay\}; from 18; goodness, i.e. virtue or beneficence: --goodness.[ql
0020. agalliasis \{ag-al-lee'-as-is\}; from 21; exultation; specially, welcome: --gladness, (exceeding) joy.[ql
0021. agalliao \{ag-al-lee-ah'-o\}; from agan (much) and 242; properly, to jump for joy, i.e. exult: --be (exceeding) glad, with exceeding joy, rejoice (greatly).[ql
0022. agamos \{ag'-am-os\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and 1062; unmarried: --unmarried.[ql
0023. aganakteo \{ag-an-ak-teh'-o\}; from agan (much) and achthos (grief; akin to the base of 43); to be greatly afflicted, i.e. (figuratively) indignant: --be much (sore) displeased, have (be moved with, with) indignation.[ql
0024. aganaktesis \{ag-an-ak'-tay-sis\}; from 23; indignation: --indignation. [ql
0025. agapao \{ag-ap-ah'-o\}; perhaps from agan (much) [or compare 5689]; to love (in a social or moral sense): --(be-)love(-ed). Compare 5368. [ql
0026. agape \{ag-ah'-pay\}; from 25; love, i.e. affection or benevolence; specially (plural) a love-feast: --(feast of) charity([-ably]), dear, love.[ql
0027. agapetos \{ag-ap-ay-tos'\}; from 25; beloved: --(dearly, well) beloved, dear. [ql
0028. Agar \{ag'-ar\}; of Hebrew origin [1904]; Hagar, the concubine of Abraham: --Hagar.[ql
0029. aggareuo \{ang-ar-yew'-o\}; of foreign origin [compare 104]; properly, to be a courier, i.e. (by implication) to press into public service: --compel (to go).[ql
0030. aggeion \{ang-eye'-on\}; from aggos (a pail, perhaps as bent; compare the base of 43); a receptacle: --vessel.[ql
0031. aggelia \{ang-el-ee'-ah\}; from 32; an announcement, i.e. (by implication) precept: --message.[ql
0032. aggelos \{ang'-el-os\}; from aggello [probably derived from 71; compare 34] (to bring tidings); a messenger; especially an "angel"; by implication, a pastor: --angel, messenger. [ql
0033. age \{ag'-eh\}; imperative of 71; properly, lead, i.e. come on: --go to. [ql
0034. agele \{ag-el'-ay\}; from 71 [compare 32]; a drove: --herd.[ql
0035. agenealogetos \{ag-en-eh-al-og'-ay-tos\}; from 1 (as negative particle) and 1075; unregistered as to birth: --without descent. [ql
0036. agenes \{ag-en-ace'\}; from 1 (as negative particle) and 1085; properly, without kin, i.e. (of unknown descent, and by implication) ignoble: --base things.[ql
0037. hagiazo \{hag-ee-ad'-zo\}; from 40; to make holy, i.e. (ceremonially) purify or consecrate; (mentally) to venerate:
--hallow, be holy, sanctify.[ql
0038. hagiasmos \{hag-ee-as-mos'\}; from 37; properly, purification, i.e. (the state) purity; concretely (by Hebraism) a purifier: --holiness, sanctification.[ql
0039. hagion \{hag'-ee-on\}; neuter of 40; a sacred thing (i.e. spot): --holiest (of all), holy place, sanctuary. [ql $1 / 17 / 2022$
0040. hagios \{hag'-ee-os\}; from hagos (an awful thing) [compare 53, 2282]; sacred (physically, pure, morally blameless or religious, ceremonially, consecrated): --(most) holy (one, thing), saint.[ql
0041. hagiotes \{hag-ee-ot'-ace\}; from 40; sanctity (i.e. properly, the state): --holiness.[ql
0042. hagiosune \{hag-ee-o-soo'-nay\}; from 40; sacredness (i.e. properly, the quality): --holiness.[ql
0043. agkale \{ang-kal'-ay\}; from agkos (a bend, "ache"); an arm (as curved): --arm. [ql
0044. agkistron \{ang'-kis-tron\}; from the same as 43; a hook (as bent) : --hook. [ql
0045. agkura \{ang'-koo-rah\}; from the same as 43; an "anchor" (as crooked): --anchor.[ql
0046. agnaphos \{ag'-naf-os\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and the same as 1102; properly, unfulled, i.e. (by implication) new (cloth): --new. [ql
0047. hagneia \{hag-ni'-ah\}; from 53; cleanliness (the quality), i.e. (specially) chastity: --purity.[ql
0048. hagnizo \{hag-nid'-zo\}; from 53; to make clean, i.e. (figuratively) sanctify (ceremonially or morally): --purify (self). [ql
0049. hagnismos \{hag-nis-mos'\}; from 48; a cleansing (the act), i.e. (ceremonially) lustration: --purification. [ql
0050. agnoeo \{ag-no-eh'-o\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and 3539; not to know (through lack of information or intelligence); by implication, to ignore (through disinclination): --(be) ignorant (-ly), not know, not understand, unknown.[ql
0051. agnoema \{ag-no'-ay-mah\}; from 50; a thing ignored, i.e.
shortcoming: --error. [ql
0052. agnoia \{ag'-noy-ah\}; from 50; ignorance (properly, the quality): --ignorance.[ql
0053. hagnos \{hag-nos'\}; from the same as 40; properly, clean, i.e. (figuratively) innocent, modest, perfect: --chaste, clean, pure. [ql
0054. hagnotes \{hag-not'-ace\}; from 53; cleanness (the state), i.e. (figuratively) blamelessness: --pureness.[ql
0055. hagnos \{hag-noce'\}; adverb from 53; purely, i.e. honestly: --sincerely. [ql
0056. agnosia \{ag-no-see'-ah\}; from 1 (as negative particle) and 1108; ignorance (properly, the state): --ignorance, not the knowledge. [ql
0057. agnostos \{ag'-noce-tos'\}; from 1 (as negative particle) and 1110; unknown: --unknown.[ql
0058. agora \{ag-or-ah'\}; from ageiro (to gather; probably akin to 1453); properly, the town-square (as a place of public resort); by implication, a market or thoroughfare: --market(-place), street. [ql
0059. agorazo \{ag-or-ad'-zo\}; from 58; properly 17 to go to market,
i.e. (by implication) to purchase; specially, to redeem: --buy, redeem. [ql
0060. agoraios \{ag-or-ah'-yos\}; from 58; relating to the
market-place, i.e. forensic (times); by implication, vulgar: --baser sort, low.[ql
0061. agra \{ag'-rah\}; from 71; (abstractly) a catching (of fish); also (concretely) a haul (of fish): --draught.[ql
0062. agrammatos \{ag-ram-mat-os\}; from 1 (as negative particle) and 1121; unlettered, i.e. illiterate: --unlearned.[ql
0063. agrauleo \{ag-row-leh'-o\}; from 68 and 832 (in the sense of 833); to camp out: --abide in the field. [ql
0064. agreuo \{ag-rew'-o\}; from 61; to hunt, i.e. (figuratively) to entrap: --catch.[ql
0065. agrielaios \{ag-ree-el'-ah-yos\}; from 66 and 1636; an oleaster: --olive tree (which is) wild.[ql
0066. agrios \{ag'-ree-os\}; from 68; wild (as pertaining to the country), literally (natural) or figuratively (fierce): --wild, raging. [ql
0067. Agrippas \{ag-rip'-pas\}; apparently from 66 and 2462;
wild-horse tamer; Agrippas, one of the Herods: --Agrippa.[ql
0068. agros \{ag-ros'\}; from 71; a field (as a drive for cattle); genitive case the country; specially, a farm, i.e. hamlet: --country, farm, piece of ground, land.[ql
0069. agrupneo \{ag-roop-neh'-o\}; ultimately from 1 (as negative particle) and 5258; to be sleepless, i.e. keep awake: --watch. [ql
0070. agrupnia \{ag-roop-nee'-ah\}; from 69; sleeplessness, i.e. a keeping awake: --watch. [ql
0071. ago \{ag'-o\}; a primary verb; properly, to lead; by implication, to bring, drive, (reflexively) go, (specially) pass (time), or (figuratively) induce: --be, bring (forth), carry, (let) go, keep, lead away, be open.[ql
0072. agoge \{ag-o-gay'\}; reduplicated from 71; a bringing up, i.e. mode of living: --manner of life.[ql
0073. agon \{ag-one'\}; from 71; properly, a place of assembly (as if led), i.e. (by implication) a contest (held there); figuratively, an effort or anxiety: --conflict, contention, fight, race.[ql
0074. agonia \{ag-o-nee'-ah\}; from 73; a struggle (properly, the state), i.e. (figuratively) anguish: --agony.[ql
0075. agonizomai \{ag-o-nid'-zom-ahee\}; from 73; to struggle, literally (to compete for a prize), figuratively (to contend with an adversary), or genitive case (to endeavor to accomplish something):
--fight, labor fervently, strive.[ql
0076. Adam \{ad-am'\}; of Hebrew origin [121]; Adam, the first man; typ. (of Jesus) man (as his representative): --Adam.[ql
0077. adapanos \{ad-ap'-an-os\}; from 1 (as negative particle); and 1160; costless, i.e. gratuitous: --without expense.[ql
0078. Addi \{ad-dee'\}; probably of Hebrew origin $\frac{1 / 1 才 \text { compare 5716]; }}{\text { 2022 }}$

Addi, an Israelite: --Addi.[ql
0079. adelphe \{ad-el-fay'\}; fem of 80; a sister (naturally or ecclesiastically): --sister.[ql
0080. adephos \{ad-el-fos'\}; from 1 (as a connective particle) and delphus (the womb); a brother (literally or figuratively) near or remote [much like 1]: --brother. [ql
0081. adelphotes \{ad-el-fot'-ace\}; from 80; brotherhood (properly, the feeling of brotherliness), i.e. the (Christian) fraternity: --brethren, brotherhood. [ql
0082. adelos \{ad'-ay-los\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and 1212; hidden, figuratively, indistinct: --appear not, uncertain.[ql
0083. adelotes \{ad-ay-lot'-ace\}; from 82; uncertainty: --X uncertain. [ql
0084. adelos \{ad-ay'-loce\}; adverb from 82; uncertainly: --uncertainly. [ql
0085. ademoneo \{ad-ay-mon-eh'-o\}; from a derivative of adeo (to be sated to loathing); to be in distress (of mind): --be full of heaviness, be very heavy. [ql
0086. haides \{hah'-dace\}; from 1 (as negative particle) and 1492; properly, unseen, i.e. "Hades" or the place (state) of departed souls: --grave, hell. [ql
0087. adiakritos \{ad-ee-ak'-ree-tos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a derivative of 1252; properly, undistinguished, i.e. (actively) impartial: --without partiality.[ql
0088. adialeiptos \{ad-ee-al'-ipe-tos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a derivative of a compound of 1223 and 3007; unintermitted, i.e. permanent: --without ceasing, continual.[ql
0089. adialeiptos \{ad-ee-al-ipe'-toce\}; adverb from 88;
uninteruptedly, i.e. without omission (on an appropriate occasion):
--without ceasing.[ql
0090. adiaphthoria \{ad-ee-af-thor-ee'-ah\}; from a derivative of a compound of 1 (as a negative particle) and a derivative of 1311; incorruptibleness, i.e. (figuratively) purity (of doctrine):
--uncorruptness.[ql
0091. adikeo \{ad-ee-keh'-o\}; from 94; to be unjust, i.e. (actively) do wrong (morally, socially or physically): --hurt, injure, be an offender, be unjust, (do, suffer, take) wrong.[ql
0092. adikema \{ad-eek'-ay-mah\}; from 91; a wrong done: --evil doing, iniquity, matter of wrong. [ql
0093. adikia \{ad-ee-kee'-ah\}; from 94; (legal) injustice (properly, the quality, by implication, the act); morally, wrongfulness (of character, life or act): --iniquity, unjust, unrighteousness, wrong. [ql
0094. adikos \{ad'-ee-kos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and 1349; unjust; by extension wicked; by implication, treacherous; specially, heathen: --unjust, unrighteous. [ql
0095. adikos \{ad-ee'-koce\}; adverb from 94; unjustly:
--wrongfully. [ql
0096. adokimos \{ad-ok'-ee-mos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and 1384; unapproved, i.e. rejected; by implication, worthless (literally or morally): --castaway, rejected, reprobate.[ql
0097. adolos \{ad'-ol-os\}; from 1 (as a negative particle\}; and 1388; undeceitful, i.e. (figuratively) unadulterated: --sincere. [ql
0098. Adramuttenos \{ad-ram-oot-tay-nos'\}; from Adramutteion (a place in Asia Minor) ; Adramyttene or belonging to Adramyttium: --of Adramyttium. [ql
0099. Adrias \{ad-ree'-as\}; from Adria (a place near its shore); the Adriatic sea (including the Ionian): --Adria.[ql
0100. hadrotes \{had-rot'-ace\}; from hadros (stout); plumpness, i.e. (figuratively) liberality: --abundance.[ql
0101. adunateo \{ad-oo-nat-eh'-o\}; from 102; to be unable, i.e. (passively) impossible: --be impossible.[ql
0102. adunatos \{ad-oo'-nat-os\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and 1415; unable, i.e. weak (literally or figuratively); passively, impossible: --could not do, impossible, impotent, not possible, weak. [ql
0103. aido \{ad'-o\}' a primary verb; to sing: --sing. [ql
0104. aei \{ah-eye'\}; from an obsolete primary noun (apparently meaning continued duration); "ever,"by qualification regularly; by implication, earnestly; --always, ever.[ql
0105. aetos \{ah-et-os'\}; from the same as 109; an eagle (from its wind-like flight): --eagle.[ql
0106. azumos \{ad'-zoo-mos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and 2219; unleavened, i.e. (figuratively) uncorrupted; (in the neutral plural) specially (by implication) the Passover week: --unleavened (bread). [ql
0107. Azor \{ad-zore'); of Hebrew origin [compare 5809]; Azor, an Israelite: --Azorigin[ql
0108. Azotos \{ad'-zo-tos\}; of Hebrew origin [795]; Azotus (i.e. Ashdod), a place in Palestine: --Azotus.[ql
0109. aer \{ah-ayr'\}; from aemi (to breathe unconsciously, i.e. respire; by analogy, to blow); "air" (as naturally circumambient): --air. Compare 5594.[ql ***. atha. See 3134.[ql
0110. athanasia \{ath-an-as-ee'-ah\}; from a compound of 1 (as a negative particle) and 2288; deathlessness: --immortality.[ql
0111. athemitos \{ath-em'-ee-tos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a derivative of themis (statute; from the base of 5087); illegal; by implication, flagitious: --abominable, unlawful thing. [ql
0112. atheos \{ath'-eh-os\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and 2316; godless: --without God.[ql
0113. athesmos \{ath'-es-mos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a derivative of 5087 (in the sense of enacting); lawless, i.e. (by implication) criminal: --wicked.[ql
0114. atheteo \{ath-et-eh'-o\}; from a compound of 1 (as a negative particle) and a derivative of 5087 ; to set aside $\left.\frac{1}{1}\right\rangle / 2022$. (by
implication) to disesteem, neutralize or violate: --cast off, despise, disannul, frustrate, bring to nought, reject.[ql
0115. athetesis \{ath-et'-ay-sis\}; from 114; cancellation (literally or figuratively): --disannulling, put away.[ql
0116. Athenai \{ath-ay-nahee\}; plural of Athene (the goddess of wisdom, who was reputed to have founded the city); Athenoe, the capitol of Greece: --Athens.[ql
0117. Athenaios \{ath-ay-nah'-yos\}; from 116; an Athenoean or inhabitant of Athenae: --Athenian.[ql
0118. athleo \{ath-leh'-o\}; from athlos (a contest in the public lists); to contend in the competitive games: --strive.[ql
0119. athlesis \{ath'-lay-sis\}; from 118; a struggle (figuratively): --fight.[ql
0120. athumeo \{ath-oo-meh'-o\}; from a compound of 1 (as a negative particle) and 2372; to be spiritless, i.e. disheartened: --be dismayed.[ql
0121. athoos \{ath'-o-os\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and probably a derivative of 5087 (meaning a penalty); not guilty:
--innocent.[ql
0122. aigeos \{ah'-ee-ghi-os\}; from aix (a goat); belonging to a goat: --goat.[ql
0123. aigialos \{ahee-ghee-al-os'\}; from aisso (to rush) and 251 (in the sense of the sea; a beach (on which the waves dash): --shore.[ql
0124. Aiguptios \{ahee-goop'-tee-os\}; from 125; an AEgyptian or inhabitant of AEgyptus: --Egyptian.[ql
0125. Aiguptos \{ah'-ee-goop-tos\}; of uncertain derivation:
--AEgyptus, the land of the Nile: --Egypt. [ql
0126. aidios \{ah-id'-ee-os\}; from 104; everduring (forward and backward, or forward only): --eternal, everlasting.[ql
0127. aidos \{ahee-doce'\}; perhaps from 1 (as a negative particle) and 1492 (through the idea of downcast eyes); bashfulness, i.e. (towards men), modesty or (towards God) awe: --reverence, shamefacedness.[q]
0128. Aithiops \{ahee-thee'-ops\}; from aitho (to scorch) and ops (the face, from 3700); an AEthiopian (as a blackamoor): --Ethiopian.[ql
0129. haima \{hah'-ee-mah\}; of uncertain derivation; blood, literally (of men or animals), figuratively (the juice of grapes) or specially (the atoning blood of Christ); by implication bloodshed, also kindred: --blood.[ql
0130. haimatekchusia \{hahee-mat-ek-khoo-see'-ah\}; from 129 and a derivative of 1632; an effusion of blood: --shedding of blood.[ql
0131. haimorrheo \{hahee-mor-hreh'-o\}; from 129 and 4482; to flow blood, i.e. have a hoemorrhage: --diseased with an issue of blood. [q]
0132. Aineas \{ahee-neh'-as\}; of uncertain derivation; Aeneas, an Israelite: --Aeneas.[ql
0133. ainesis \{ah'-ee-nes-is\}; from 134; a praising 2 (the act), i.e.
(specially) a thank(-offering): --praise.[ql
0134. aineo \{ahee-neh'-o\}; from 136; to praise (God): --praise.[ql
0135. ainigma \{ah'-ee-nig-ma\}; from a derivative of 136 (in its primary sense); an obscure saying ("enigma"), i.e. (abstractly) obscurenesss: --X darkly.[ql
0136. ainos \{ah'-ee-nos\}; apparently a prime word; properly, a story, but used in the sense of 1868; praise (of God): --praise.[ql
0137. Ainon \{ahee-nohn'\}; of Hebrew origin [a derivative of 5869, place of springs]; Aenon, a place in Palestine: --Aenon.[ql
0138. haireomai \{hahee-reh'-om-ahee\}; probably akin to 142; to take for oneself, i.e. to prefer: --choose. Some of the forms are borrowed from a cognate hellomai (hel'-lom-ahee); which is otherwise obsolete.[ql
0139. hairesis \{hah'-ee-res-is\}; from 138; properly, a choice, i.e. (specially) a party or (abstractly) disunion: --heresy [which is the Greek word itself], sect.[ql
0140. hairetizo \{hahee-ret-id'-zo\}; from a derivative of 138 ; to make a choice: --choose. [ql
0141. hairetikos \{hahee-ret-ee-kos'\}; from the same as 140; a schismatic: --heretic [the Greek word itself].[ql
0142. airo \{ah'-ee-ro\}; a primary root; to lift up; by implication, to take up or away; figuratively, to raise (the voice), keep in suspense (the mind), specially, to sail away (i.e. weigh anchor); by Hebraism [compare 5375] to expiate sin: --away with, bear (up), carry, lift up, loose, make to doubt, put away, remove, take (away, up). [ql
0143. aisthanomai \{ahee-sthan'-om-ahee\}; of uncertain derivation; to apprehend (properly, by the senses): --perceive. [ql
0144. aisthesis \{ah'-ee-sthay-sis\}; from 143; perception, i.e. (figuratively) discernment: --judgment.[ql
0145. aistheterion \{ahee-sthay-tay'-ree-on\}; from a derivative of 143; properly, an organ of perception, i.e. (figuratively) judgment: --senses.[ql
0146. aischrokerdes \{ahee-skhrok-er-dace'\}; from 150 and kerdos (gain); sordid: --given to (greedy of) filthy lucre.[ql
0147. aischrokerdos \{ahee-skhrok-er-doce'\}; adverb from 146;
sordidly: --for filthy lucre's sake.[ql
0148. aischrologia \{ahee-skhrol-og-ee'-ah\}; from 150 and 3056; vile conversation: --filthy communication. [ql
0149. aischron \{ahee-skhron'\}; neuter of 150; a shameful thing, i.e. indecorum: --shame. [ql
0150. aischros \{ahee-skhros'\}; from the same as 153; shameful, i.e. base (specially, venal): --filthy.[ql
0151. aischrotes \{ahee-skhrot'-ace\}; from 150; shamefulness, i.e. obscenity: --filthiness.[ql
0152. aischune \{ahee-skhoo'-nay\}; from 153; shame or disgrace
(abstractly or concretely): --dishonesty, shame $1 / 19 / 2022$
0153. aischunomai \{ahee-skhoo'-nom-ahee\}; from aischos (disfigurement, i.e. disgrace); to feel shame (for oneself): --be ashamed. [ql
0154. aiteo \{ahee-teh'-o\}; of uncertain derivation; to ask (in genitive case): --ask, beg, call for, crave, desire, require. Compare 4441.[ql
0155. aitema \{ah'-ee-tay-mah\}; from 154; a thing asked or (abstractly) an asking: --petition, request, required.[ql
0156. aitia \{ahee-tee'-a\}; from the same as 154; a cause (as if asked for), i.e. (logical) reason (motive, matter), (legal) crime (alleged or proved): --accusation, case, cause, crime, fault, [wh-]ere[-fore].[ql
0157. aitiama \{ahee-tee'-am-ah\}; from a derivative of 156; a thing charged: --complaint.[ql
0158. aition \{ah'-ee-tee-on\}; neuter of 159; a reason or crime [like 156]: --cause, fault.[q]
0159. aitios \{ah'-ee-tee-os\}; from the same as 154; causative, i.e. (concretely) a causer: --author.[ql
0160. aiphnidios \{aheef-nid'-ee-os\}; from a compound of 1 (as a negative particle) and 5316 [compare 1810] (meaning non-apparent); unexpected, i.e. (adverbially) suddenly: --sudden, unawares.[ql
0161. aichmalosia \{aheekh-mal-o-see'-ah\}; from 164; captivity: --captivity. [ql
0162. aichmaloteuo \{aheekh-mal-o-tew'-o\}; from 164; to capture [like 163]: --lead captive.[ql
0163. aichmalotizo \{aheekh-mal-o-tid'-zo\}; from 164; to make captive: --lead away captive, bring into captivity.[ql
0164. aichmalotos \{aheekh-mal-o-tos'\}; from aichme (a spear) and a derivative of the same as 259; properly, a prisoner of war, i.e. (genitive case) a captive: --captive.[ql
0165. aion \{ahee-ohn'\}; from the same as 104; properly, an age; by extension, perpetuity (also past); by implication, the world; specially (Jewish) a Messianic period (present or future): --age, course, eternal, (for) ever(-more), [n-]ever, (beginning of the , while the) world (began, without end). Compare 5550.[ql
0166. aionios \{ahee-o'-nee-os\}; from 165; perpetual (also used of past time, or past and future as well): --eternal, for ever, everlasting, world (began).[ql
0167. akatharsia \{ak-ath-ar-see'-ah\}; from 169; impurity (the quality), physically or morally: --uncleanness.[ql
0168. akathartes \{ak-ath-ar'-tace\}; from 169; impurity (the state), morally: --filthiness.[ql
0169. akathartos \{ak-ath'-ar-tos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a presumed derivative of 2508 (meaning cleansed); impure (ceremonially, morally [lewd] or specially, [demonic]): --foul, unclean. [ql
0170. akaireomai \{ak-ahee-reh'-om-ahee\}; from a compound of 1 (as a negative particle) and 2540 (meaning unseasonable) jo be
inopportune (for one-self), i.e. to fail of a proper occasion: --lack opportunity.[ql
0171. akairos \{ak-ah'-ee-roce\}; adverb from the same as 170; inopportunely: --out of season. [ql
0172. akakos \{ak'-ak-os\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and 2556; not bad, i.e. (objectively) innocent or (subjectively) unsuspecting: --harmless, simple.[ql
0173. akantha \{ak'-an-thah\}; probably from the same as 188; a thorn: --thorn. [ql
0174. akanthinos \{ak-an'-thee-nos\}; from 173; thorny: --of thorns. [ql
0175. akarpos \{ak'-ar-pos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and 2590; barren (literally or figuratively): --without fruit, unfruitful.[ql
0176. akatagnostos \{ak-at-ag'-noce-tos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a derivative of 2607; unblamable: --that cannot be condemned. [ql
0177. akatakaluptos \{ak-at-ak-al'-oop-tos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a derivative of a compound of 2596 and 2572; unveiled: --uncovered. [ql
0178. akatakritos \{ak-at-ak'-ree-tos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a derivative of 2632; without (legal) trial:
--uncondemned. [ql
0179. akatalutos \{ak-at-al'-oo-tos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a derivative of 2647; indisoluble, i.e. (figuratively) permanent: --endless. [ql
0180. akatapaustos \{ak-at-ap'-ow-stos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a derivative of 2664; unrefraining: --that cannot cease. [ql
0181. akatastasia \{ak-at-as-tah-see'-ah\}; from 182; instability, i.e. disorder: --commotion, confusion, tumult.[ql
0182. akatastatos \{ak-at-as'-tat-os\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a derivative of 2525; inconstant: --unstable.[ql
0183. akataschetos \{ak-at-as'-khet-os\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a derivative of 2722; unrestrainable: --unruly.[ql
0184. Akeldama \{ak-el-dam-ah'\}; of Aramaic origin [meaning field of blood; corresponding to 2506 and 1818]; Akeldama, a place near Jerusalem: --Aceldama.[ql
0185. akeraios \{ak-er'-ah-yos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a presumed derivative of 2767; unmixed, i.e. (figuratively) innocent: --harmless, simple.[ql
0186. aklines \{ak-lee-nace'\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and 2827; not leaning, i.e. (figuratively) firm: --without wavering.[ql
0187. akmazo \{ak-mad'-zo\}; from the same as 188; to make a point, i.e. (figuratively) mature: --be fully ripe.[ql
0188. akmen \{ak-mane'\}; accusative case of a noun ("acme") akin to ake (a point) and meaning the same; adverbially, just now, i.e. still: --yet.[ql
0189. akoe \{ak-o-ay'\}; from 191; hearing (the act, the sense or the thing heard): --audience, ear, fame, which ye heard, hearing, preached, report, rumor.[ql
0190. akoloutheo \{ak-ol-oo-theh'-o\}; from 1 (as a particle of union) and keleuthos (a road); properly, to be in the same way with, i.e. to accompany (specially, as a disciple): --follow, reach.[ql
0191. akouo \{ak-oo'-o\}; a primary verb; to hear (in various senses): --give (in the) audience (of), come (to the ears), ([shall]) hear(-er, -ken), be noised, be reported, understand.[ql
0192. akrasia \{ak-ras-ee'-a\}; from 193; want of self-restraint: --excess, incontinency.[ql
0193. akrates \{ak-rat'-ace\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and 2904; powerless, i.e. without self-control: --incontinent.[ql
0194. akratos \{ak'-rat-os\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a presumed derivative of 2767; undiluted: --without mixture.[ql
0195. akribeia \{ak-ree'-bi-ah\}; from the same as 196; exactness: --perfect manner.[ql
0196. akribestatos \{ak-ree-bes'-ta-tos\}; superlative of akribes (a derivative of the same as 206); most exact: --most straitest.[ql
0197. akribesteron \{ak-ree-bes'-ter-on\}; neuter of the comparative of the same as 196; (adverbially) more exactly: --more perfect(-ly).[ql
0198. akriboo \{ak-ree-bo'-o\}; from the same as 196; to be exact, i.e. ascertain: --enquire diligently. [ql
0199. akribos \{ak-ree-boce'\}; adverb from the same as 196; exactly: --circumspectly, diligently, perfect(-ly).[ql
0200. akris \{ak-rece'\}; apparently from the same as 206; a locust (as pointed, or as lightning on the top of vegetation): --locust.[ql
0201. akroaterion \{ak-ro-at-ay'-ree-on\}; from 202; an audience-room: --place of hearing.[ql
0202. akroates \{ak-ro-at-ace'\}; from akroaomai (to listen;
apparently an intens. of 191); a hearer (merely): --hearer.[ql
0203. akrobustia \{ak-rob-oos-tee'-ah\}; from 206 and probably a modified form of posthe (the penis or male sexual organ); the prepuce; by implication, an uncircumcised (i.e. gentile, figuratively, unregenerate) state or person: --not circumcised, uncircumcised [with 2192], uncircumcision.[ql
0204. akrogoniaios \{ak-rog-o-nee-ah'-yos\}; from 206 and 1137; belonging to the extreme corner: --chief corner. [ql
0205. akrothinion \{ak-roth-in'-ee-on\}; from 206 and this (a heap); properly (in the plural) the top of the heap, i.e. (by implication)
best of the booty: --spoils.[ql
0206. akron \{ak'-ron\}; neuter of an adj. probably akin to the base of 188; the extremity: --one end...other, tip, top, uttermost participle[ql
0208. akuroo \{ak-oo-ro'-o\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and 2964; to invalidate: --disannul, make of none effect.[ql
0209. akolutos \{ak-o-loo'-toce\}; adverb from a compound of 1 (as a negative particle) and a derivative of 2967; in an unhindered manner, i.e. freely: --no man forbidding him.[ql
0210. akon \{ak'-ohn\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and 1635; unwilling: --against the will.[ql
0211. alabastron \{al-ab'-as-tron\}; neuter of alabastros (of uncertain derivation), the name of a stone; properly, an "alabaster" box, i.e. (by extension) a perfume vase (of any material):
-- (alabaster) box. [ql
0212. alazoneia \{al-ad-zon-i'-a\}; from 213; braggadocio, i.e. (by implication) self-confidence: --boasting, pride.[ql
0213. alazon \{al-ad-zone'\}; from ale (vagrancy); braggart:
--boaster. [ql
0214. alalazo \{al-al-ad'-zo\}; from alale ( a shout, "halloo"); to vociferate, i.e. (by implication) to wail; figuratively, to clang: --tinkle, wail.[ql
0215. alaletos \{al-al'-ay-tos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a derivative of 2980; unspeakable: --unutterable, which cannot be uttered. [ql
0216. alalos \{al'-al-os\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and 2980; mute: --dumb. [ql
0217. halas \{hal'-as\}; from 251; salt; figuratively, prudence:
--salt. [ql
0218. aleipho \{al-i'-fo\}; from 1 (as particle of union) and the base of 3045; to oil (with perfume): --anoint.[ql
0219. alektorophonia \{al-ek-tor-of-o-nee'-ah\}; from 220 and 5456; cock-crow, i.e. the third night-watch: --cockcrowing.[ql
0220. alektor \{al-ek'-tore\}; from (to ward off); a cock or male fowl: --cock.[ql
0221. Alexandreus \{al-ex-and-reuce'\}; from (the city so called); an Alexandreian or inhab. of Alexandria: --of Alexandria,
Alexandrian. [ql
0222. Alexandrinos \{al-ex-an-dree'-nos\}; from the same as 221;

Alexandrine, or belonging to Alexandria: --of Alexandria.[ql
0223. Alexandros \{al-ex'-an-dros\}; from the same as (the first part of) 220 and 435; man-defender; Alexander, the name of three Israelites and one other man: --Alexander. [ql
0224. aleuron \{al'-yoo-ron\}; from aleo (to grind); flour:
--meal. [ql
0225. aletheia \{al-ay'-thi-a\}; from 227; truth: --true, X truly, truth, verity.[ql
0226. aletheuo \{al-ayth-yoo'-o\}; from 227; to be true (in doctrine and profession): --speak (tell) the truth. [ql
0227. alethes \{al-ay-thace'\}; from 1 (as a neqative particle) and

2990; true (as not concealing): --true, truly, truth. [ql
0228. alethinos \{al-ay-thee-nos'\}; from 227; truthful: --true.[ql
0229. aletho \{al-ay'-tho\}; from the same as 224; to grind: --grind. [ql
0230. alethos \{al-ay-thoce'\}; adverb from 227; truly: --indeed, surely, of a surety, truly, of a (in) truth, verily, very.[ql
0231. halieus \{hal-ee-yoos'\}; from 251; a sailor (as engaged on the salt water), i.e. (by implication) a fisher: --fisher(-man).[ql
0232. halieuo \{hal-ee-yoo'-o\}; from 231; to be a fisher, i.e. (by implication) to fish: --go a-fishing. [ql
0233. halizo \{hal-id'-zo\}; from 251; to salt: --salt.[ql
0234. alisgema \{al-is'-ghem-ah\}; from alisgeo (to soil); (ceremonially) defilement: --pollution. [ql
0235. alla \{al-lah'\}; neuter plural of 243; properly, other things, i.e. (adverbially) contrariwise (in many relations): --and, but (even), howbeit, indeed, nay, nevertheless, no, notwithstanding, save, therefore, yea, yet.[ql
0236. allasso \{al-las'-so\}; from 243; to make different:
--change. [ql
0237. allachothen \{al-lakh-oth'-en\}; from 243; from elsewhere:
--some other way.[ql
0238. allegoreo \{al-lay-gor-eh'-o\}; from 243 and agoreo (to harangue [compare 58]); to allegorize: --be an allegory [the Greek word itself.].[ql
0239. allelouia \{al-lay-loo'-ee-ah\}; of Hebrew origin [imperative of 1984 and 3050]; praise ye Jah!, an adoring exclamation:
--alleluiah. [ql
0240. allelon \{al-lay'-lone\}; Gen. plural from 243 reduplicated; one another: --each other, mutual, one another, (the other), (them-, your-)selves, (selves) together [sometimes with 3326 or 4314].[ql
0241. allogenes \{al-log-en-ace'\}; from 243 and 1085; foreign, i.e. not a Jew: --stranger. [ql
0242. hallomai \{hal'-lom-ahee\}; middle voice of apparently a primary verb; to jump; figuratively, to gush: --leap, spring up.[ql
0243. allos \{al'-los\}; a primary word; "else," i.e. different (in many applications): --more, one (another), (an-, some an-)other(-s, -wise). [ql
0244. allotriepiskopos \{al-lot-ree-ep-is'-kop-os\}; from 245 and 1985; overseeing others' affairs, i.e. a meddler (specially, in Gentile customs): --busybody in other men's matters.[ql
0245. allotrios \{al-lot'-ree-os\}; from 243; another's, i.e. not one's own; by extension foreign, not akin, hostile: --alien, (an-)other (man's, men's), strange(-r).[ql
0246. allophulos \{al-lof'-oo-los\}; from 243 and 5443; foreign, i.e. (specially) Gentile: --one of another nation.[ql
0247. allos \{al'-loce\}; adverb from 243; differently: $1 / 17 / 2022$
--otherwise. [ql
0248. aloao \{al-o-ah'-o\}; from the same as 257; to tread out grain: --thresh, tread out the corn. [ql
0249. alogos \{al'-og-os\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and 3056; irrational: --brute, unreasonable.[ql
0250. aloe \{al-o-ay'\}; of foreign origin [compare 174]; aloes (the gum) : --aloes. [ql
0251. hals \{halce]; a primary word; "salt": --salt.[ql
0252. halukos \{hal-oo-kos'\}; from 251; briny: --salt.[ql
0253. alupoteros \{al-oo-pot'-er-os\}; comparative of a compound of 1 (as a negative particle) and 3077; more without grief: --less sorrowful. [ql
0254. halusis \{hal'-oo-sis\}; of uncertain derivation; a fetter or manacle: --bonds, chain. [ql
0255. alusiteles \{al-oo-sit-el-ace'\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and the base of 3081; gainless, i.e. (by implication)
pernicious: --unprofitable.[ql
0256. Alphaios \{al-fah'-yos\}; of Hebrew origin [compare 2501]; Alphoeus, an Israelite: --Alpheus.[ql
0257. halon \{hal'-ohn\}; probably from the base of 1507; a threshing-floor (as rolled hard), i.e. (figuratively) the grain (and chaff, as just threshed): --floor. [ql
0258. alopex \{al-o'-pakes\}; of uncertain derivation; a fox, i.e. (figuratively) a cunning person: --fox.[ql
0259. halosis \{hal'-o-sis\}; from a collateral form of 138; capture, --be taken. [ql
0260. hama \{ham'-ah\}; a primary particle; properly, at the "same" time, but freely used as a preposition or adverb denoting close association: --also, and, together, with(-al).[ql
0261. amathes \{am-ath-ace'\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and 3129; ignorant: --unlearned. [ql
0262. amarantinos \{am-ar-an'-tee-nos\}; from 263; "amaranthine", i.e. (by implication) fadeless: --that fadeth not away.[ql
0263. amarantos \{am-ar'-an-tos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a presumed derivative of 3133; unfading, i.e. (by implication) perpetual: --that fadeth not away.[ql
0264. hamartano \{ham-ar-tan'-o\}; perhaps from 1 (as a negative particle) and the base of 3313; properly, to miss the mark (and so not share in the prize), i.e. (figuratively) to err, especially (morally) to sin: --for your faults, offend, sin, trespass.[ql
0265. hamartema \{ham-ar'-tay-mah\}; from 264; a sin (properly concrete): --sin. [ql
0266. hamartia \{ham-ar-tee'-ah\}; from 264; a sin (properly abstract): --offence, sin(-ful).[ql
0267. amarturos \{am-ar'-too-ros\}; from 1 (as a negative particle)
and a form of 3144; unattested: --without witness $1=\{02\}$
0268. hamartolos \{ham-ar-to-los'\}; from 264; sinful, i.e. a sinner: --sinful, sinner. [ql
0269. amachos \{am'-akh-os\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and 3163; peaceable: --not a brawler.[ql
0270. amao \{am-ah'-o\}; from 260; properly, to collect, i.e. (by implication) reap: --reap down. [ql
0271. amethustos \{am-eth'-oos-tos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a derivative of 3184; the "amethyst" (supposed to prevent intoxication): --amethyst.[ql
0272. ameleo \{am-el-eh'-o\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and 3199; to be careless of: --make light of, neglect, be negligent, no regard. [ql
0273. amemptos \{am'-emp-tos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a derivative of 3201; irreproachable: --blameless, faultless, unblamable. [ql
0274. amemptos \{am-emp'-toce\}; adverb from 273; faultlessly: --blameless, unblamably.[ql
0275. amerimnos \{am-er'-im-nos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and 3308; not anxious: --without care(-fulness), secure.[ql
0276. ametathetos \{am-et-ath'-et-os\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a derivative of 3346; unchangeable, or (neuter as abstract) unchangeability: --immutable(-ility).[ql
0277. ametakinetos \{am-et-ak-in'-ay-tos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a derivative of 3334; immovable: --unmovable. [ql
0278. ametameletos \{am-et-am-el'-ay-tos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a presumed derivative of 3338; irrevocable: --without repentance, not to be repented of. [ql
0279. ametanoetos \{am-et-an-o'-ay-tos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a presumed derivative of 3340; unrepentant:
--impenitent. [ql
0280. ametros \{am'-et-ros\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and 3358; immoderate: --(thing) without measure.[ql
0281. amen \{am-ane'\}; of Hebrew origin [543]; properly, firm, i.e. (figuratively) trustworthy; adverbially, surely (often as interj. so be it): --amen, verily.[ql
0282. ametor \{am-ay'-tore\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and 3384; motherless, i.e. of unknown maternity: --without mother. [ql
0283. amiantos \{am-ee'-an-tos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a derivative of 3392; unsoiled, i.e. (figuratively) pure:
-- undefiled. [ql
0284. Aminadab \{am-ee-nad-ab'\}; of Hebrew origin [5992]; Aminadab, an Israelite: --Aminadab.[ql
0285. ammos \{am'-mos\}; perhaps from 260; sand (as heaped on the beach): --sand.[ql
0286. amnos \{am-nos'\}; apparently a primary word; a lamb: --lamb.[ql
0287. amoibe \{am-oy-bay'\}; from ameibo (to exchange) $1 / 17 / 2022$ requital:
0288. ampelos \{am'-pel-os\}; probably from the base of 297 and that of 257 ; a vine (as coiling about a support): --vine.[ql
0289. ampelourgos \{am-pel-oor-gos'\}; from 288 and 2041; a
vine-worker, i.e. pruner: --vine-dresser.[ql
0290. ampelon \{am-pel-ohn'\}; from 288; a vineyard: --vineyard.[ql
0291. Amplias \{am-plee'-as\}; contracted for Latin ampliatus
[enlarged]; Amplias, a Roman Christian: --Amplias.[ql
0292. amunomai \{am-oo'-nom-ahee\}; middle voice of a primary verb; to ward off (for oneself), i.e. protect: --defend. [ql
0293. amphiblestron \{am-fib'-lace-tron\}; from a compound of the base of 297 and 906; a (fishing) net (as thrown about the fish):
--net. [ql
0294. amphiennumi \{am-fee-en'-noo-mee\}; from the base of 297 and hennumi (to invest); to enrobe: --clothe.[ql
0295. Amphipolis \{am-fip'-ol-is\}; from the base of 297 and 4172; a city surrounded by a river; Amphipolis, a place in Macedonia:
--Amphipolis.[ql
0296. amphodon \{am'-fod-on\}; from the base of 297 and 3598; a fork in the road: --where two ways meet.[ql
0297. amphoteros \{am-fot'-er-os\}; comparative of amphi (around); (in plural) both: --both. [ql
0298. amometos \{am-o'-may-tos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a derivative of 3469; unblameable: --blameless.[ql
0299. amomos \{am'-o-mos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and 3470; unblemished (literally or figuratively): --without blame (blemish, fault, spot), faultless, unblameable.[ql
0300. Amon \{am-one'\}; of Hebrew origin [526]; Amon, an Israelite: --Amon. [ql
0301. Amos \{am-oce'\}; of Hebrew origin [531]; Amos, an Israelite:
--Amos. [ql
0302. an \{an\}; a primary particle, denoting a supposition, wish, possibility or uncertainty: --[what-, where-, wither-, who-)soever. Usually unexpressed except by the subjunctive or potential mood. Also contracted for 1437. [ql
0303. ana \{an-ah'\}; a primary preposition and adverb; properly, up; but (by extension) used (distributively) severally, or (locally) at (etc.): --and, apiece, by, each, every (man), in, through. In compounds (as a prefix) it often means (by implication) repetition, intensity, reversal, etc.[ql
0304. anabathmos \{an-ab-ath-mos'\}; from 305 [compare 898]; a stairway: --stairs.[ql
0305. anabaino \{an-ab-ah'-ee-no\}; from 303 and the base of 939; to go up (literally or figuratively): --arise, ascend (up), climb (go, grow, rise, spring) up, come (up).[ql
0306. anaballomai \{an-ab-al'-lom-ahee\}; middle voice from 303 and 906; to put off (for oneself): --defer.[ql
0307. anabibazo \{an-ab-ee-bad'-zo\}; from 303 and a derivative of the base of 939; to cause to go up, i.e. haul (a net): --draw.[ql
0308. anablepo \{an-ab-lep'-o\}; from 303 and 991; to look up; by implication, to recover sight: --look (up), see, receive sight.[ql
0309. anablepsis \{an-ab'-lep-sis\}; from 308; restoration of sight: --recovery of sight. [ql
0310. anaboao \{an-ab-o-ah'-o\}; from 303 and 994; to halloo: --cry (aloud, out).[ql
0311. anabole \{an-ab-ol-ay'\}; from 306; a putting off: --delay.[ql
0312. anaggello \{an-ang-el'-lo\}; from 303 and the base of 32 ; to announce (in detail): --declare, rehearse, report, show, speak, tell. [ql
0313. anagennao \{an-ag-en-nah'-o\}; from 303 and 1080; to beget or (by extension) bear (again): --beget, (bear) X (again). [ql
0314. anaginosko \{an-ag-in-oce'-ko\}; from 303 and 1097; to know again, i.e. (by extension) to read: --read.[ql
0315. anagkazo \{an-ang-kad'-zo\}; from 318; to necessitate: --compel, constrain. [ql
0316. anagkaios \{an-ang-kah'-yos\}; from 318; necessary; by implication, close (of kin): --near, necessary, necessity, needful. [ql
0317. anagkastos \{an-ang-kas-toce'\}; adverb from a derivative of 315; compulsorily: --by constraint.[ql
0318. anagke \{an-ang-kay'\}; from 303 and the base of 43; constraint (literally or figuratively); by implication, distress: --distress, must needs, (of) necessity(-sary), needeth, needful.[ql
0319. anagnorizomai \{an-ag-no-rid'-zom-ahee\}; middle voice from 303 and 1107; to make (oneself) known: --be made known.[ql
0320. angnosis \{an-ag'-no-sis\}; from 314; (the act of) reading: --reading. [ql
0321. anago \{an-ag'-o\}; from 303 and 71 ; to lead up; by extension to bring out; specially, to sail away: --bring (again, forth, up again), depart, launch (forth), lead (up), loose, offer, sail, set forth, take up. [ql
0322. anadeiknumi \{an-ad-ike'-noo-mee\}; from 303 and 1166; to exhibit, i.e. (by implication) to indicate, appoint: --appoint, shew. [ql
0323. anadeixis \{an-ad'-ike-sis\}; from 322; (the act of) exhibition:
--shewing. [ql
0324. anadechomai \{an-ad-ekh'-om-ahee\}; from 303 and 1209; to entertain (as a guest): --receive. [ql
0325. anadidomi \{an-ad-eed'-om-ee\}; from 303 and 1325; to hand over: --deliver. [ql
0326. anazao \{an-ad-zah'-o\} from 303 and 2198; to recover life (literally or figuratively): --(be a-)live again, revive.[ql
0327. anazeteo \{an-ad-zay-teh'-o\}; from 303 and 2212; to search out: --seek. [ql
0328. anazonnumi \{an-ad-zone'-noo-mee\}; from 303 and 2224; to gird afresh: -- gird up.[ql
0329. anazopureo \{an-ad-zo-poor-eh'-o\}; from 303 and a compound of the base of 2226 and 4442; to re-enkindle: --stir up.[ql
0330. anathallo \{an-ath-al'-lo\}; from 303 and thallo (to flourish); to revive: --flourish again.[ql
0331. anathema \{an-ath'-em-ah\}; from 394; a (religious) ban or (concretely) excommunicated (thing or person): --accused, anathema, curse, X great.[ql
0332. anathematizo \{an-ath-em-at-id'-zo\}; from 331; to declare or vow under penalty of execration: --(bind under a) curse, bind with an oath. [ql
0333. antheoreo \{an-ath-eh-o-reh'-o\}; from 303 and 2334; to look again (i.e. attentively) at (literally or figuratively): --behold, consider.[ql
0334. anathema \{an-ath'-ay-mah\}; from 394 [like 331, but in a good sense]; a votive offering: --gift.[ql
0335. anaideia \{an-ah'-ee-die-ah'\}; from a compound of 1 (as a negative particle [compare 427]) and 127; impudence, i.e. (by implication) importunity: --importunity.[ql
0336. anairesis \{an-ah'-ee-res-is\}; from 337; (the act of) killing: --death. [ql
0337. anaireo \{an-ahee-reh'-o\}; from 303 and (the active of) 138; to take up, i.e. adopt; by implication, to take away (violently), i.e. abolish, murder: --put to death, kill, slay, take away, take up. [ql
0338. anaitios \{an-ah'-ee-tee-os\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and 159 (in the sense of 156); innocent: --blameless, guiltless.[ql
0339. anakathizo \{an-ak-ath-id'-zo\}; from 303 and 2523; properly, to set up, i.e. (reflexively) to sit up: --sit up.[ql
0340. anakainizo \{an-ak-ahee-nid'-zo\}; from 303 and a derivative of 2537; to restore: --renew. [ql
0341. anakainoo \{an-ak-ahee-no'-o\}; from 303 and a derivative of 2537; to renovate: --renew. [q]
0342. anakainosis \{an-ak-ah'-ee-no-sis\}; from 341; renovation: - - renewing. [ql
0343. anakalupto \{an-ak-al-oop'-to\}; from 303 (in the sense of reversal) and 2572; to unveil: --open, ([un-])taken away.[ql
0344. anakampto \{an-ak-amp'-to\}; from 303 and 2578; to turn back: -- (re-)turn. [ql
0345. anakeimai \{an-ak-i'-mahee\}; from 303 and 2749; to recline (as a corpse or at a meal): --guest, lean, lie, sit (down, at meat), at the table. [ql
0346. anakephalaiomai \{an-ak-ef-al-ah'-ee-om-ahee\}; from 303 and 2775 (in its original sense); to sum up: --briefly comprehend, gather together in one. [ql
0347. anaklino \{an-ak-lee'-no\}; from 303 and 2827; to lean back: --lay, (make) sit down.[ql
0348. anakopto \{an-ak-op'-to\}; from 303 and 2875; to beat back, i.e. check: --hinder. [ql
0349. anakrazo \{an-ak-rad'-zo\}; from 303 and 2896; to scream up (aloud): --cry out. [ql
0350. anakrino \{an-ak-ree'-no\}; from 303 and 2919; properly, to scrutinize, i.e. (by implication) investigate, interrogate, determine: --ask, question, discern, examine, judge, search. [ql

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0351. anakrisis {an-ak'-ree-sis}; from 350; a (judicial)
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investigation: --examination. [ql
0352. anakupto \{an-ak-oop'-to\}; from 303 (in the sense of reversal) and 2955; to unbend, i.e. rise; figuratively, be elated: --lift up, look up. [ql
0353. analambano \{an-al-am-ban'-o\}; from 303 and 2983; to take up: --receive up, take (in, unto, up).[ql
0354. analepsis \{an-al'-ape-sis\}; from 353; ascension: --taking up. [ql
0355. analisko \{an-al-is'-ko\}; from 303 and a form of the alternate of 138 ; properly, to use up, i.e. destroy: --consume. [ql
0356. analogia \{an-al-og-ee'-ah\}; from a compound of 303 and 3056; proportion: --proportion. [ql
0357. analogizomai \{an-al-og-id'-zom-ahee\}; middle voice from 356; to estimate, i.e. (figuratively) contemplate: --consider. [ql
0358. analos \{an'-al-os\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and 251; saltless, i.e. insipid: --X lose saltness.[ql
0359. analusis \{an-al'-oo-sis\}; from 360; departure: --departure. [ql
0360. analuo \{an-al-oo'-o\}; from 303 and 3089; to break up, i.e. depart (literally or figuratively): --depart, return. [ql
0361. anamartetos \{an-am-ar'-tay-tos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a presumed derivative of 264; sinless: --that is without sin. [ql
0362. anemeno \{an-am-en'-o\}; from 303 and 3306; to await: --wait foreign[ql
0363. anamimnesko \{an-am-im-nace'-ko\}; from 303 and 3403; to remind; (reflexively) to recollect: --call to mind, (bring to , call to, put in), remember(-brance).[ql
0364. anamnesis \{an-am'-nay-sis\}; from 363; recollection:
--remembrance (again).[ql
0365. ananeoo \{an-an-neh-o'-o\}; from 303 and a derivative of 3501 ; to renovate, i.e. reform: --renew.[ql
0366. ananepho \{an-an-ay'-fo\}; from 303 and 3525; to become sober again, i.e. (figuratively) regain (one's) senses: --recover self.[ql
0367. Ananias \{an-an-ee'-as\}; of Hebrew origin [2608]; Ananias, the name of three Israelites: --Ananias. [ql
0368. anantirrhetos \{an-an-tir'-hray-tos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a presumed derivative of a compound of 473 and 4483; indisputable: --cannot be spoken against.[ql
0369. anantirrhetos \{an-an-tir-hray'-toce\}; adverb from 368;
promptly: --without gainsaying. [ql
0370. anaxios \{an-ax'-ee-os\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and 514; unfit: --unworthy. [ql
0371. anaxios \{an-ax-ee'-oce\}; adverb from 370; irreverently: --unworthily.[ql
0372. anapausis \{an-ap'-ow-sis\}; from 373; intermission; by implication, recreation: --rest.[ql
0373. anapano \{an-ap-ow'-o\}; from 303 and 3973; (reflexively) to repose (literally or figuratively [be exempt], remain); by implication, to refresh: --take ease, refresh, (give, take) rest.[ql
0374. anapeitho \{an-ap-i'-tho\}; from 303 and 3982; to incite: --persuade. [ql
0375. anapempo \{an-ap-em'-po\}; from 303 and 3992; to send up or back: --send (again).[ql
0376. anaperos \{an-ap'-ay-ros\}; from 303 (in the sense of intensity) and peros (maimed); crippled: --maimed.[ql
0377. anapipto \{an-ap-ip'-to\}; from 303 and 4098; to fall back, i.e. lie down, lean back: --lean, sit down (to meat). [ql
0378. anapleroo \{an-ap-lay-ro'-o\}; from 303 and 4137; to complete; by implication, to occupy, supply; figuratively, to accomplish (by coincidence ot obedience): --fill up, fulfill, occupy, supply.[ql
0379. anapologetos \{an-ap-ol-og'-ay-tos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a presumed derivative of 626; indefensible: --without an excuse, inexcuseable.[ql
0380. anaptusso \{an-ap-toos'-o\}; from 303 (in the sense of reversal) and 4428; to unroll (a scroll or volume): --open. [ql
0381. anapto \{an-ap'-to\}; from 303 and 681; to enkindle: --kindle, light. [ql
0382. anarithmetos \{an-ar-ith'-may-tos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a derivative of 705; unnumbered, i.e. without number: --innumerable. [ql
0383. anaseio \{an-as-i'-o\}; from 303 and 4579; figuratively, to excite: --move, stir up.[ql
0384. anaskeuazo \{an-ask-yoo-ad'-zo\}; from 303 (in the sense of reversal) and a derivative of 4632; properly, to pack up (baggage), i.e. (by implication and figuratively) to upset: --subvert.[ql
0385. anaspao \{an-as-pah'-o\}; from 303 and 4685; to take up or extricate: --draw up, pull out.[ql
0386. anastasis \{an-as'-tas-is\}; from 450; a standing up again, i.e. (literally) a resurrection from death (individual, genitive case or by implication [its author]), or (figuratively) a (moral) recovery (of spiritual truth): --raised to life again, resurrection, rise from the dead, that should rise, rising again ${ }_{1 / 17 / 2022}$
0387. anastatoo \{an-as-tat-o'-o\}; from a derivative of 450 (in the sense of removal); properly, to drive out of home, i.e. (by implication) to disturb (literally or figuratively): --trouble, turn upside down, make an uproar. [ql
0388. anastauroo \{an-as-tow-ro'-o\}; from 303 and 4717; to recrucify (figuratively): --crucify afresh.[ql
0389. anastenazo \{an-as-ten-ad'-zo\}; from 303 and 4727; to sigh deeply: --sigh deeply.[ql
0390. anastrepho \{an-as-tref'-o\}; from 303 and 4762; to overturn; also to return; by implication, to busy oneself, i.e. remain, live: --abide, behave self, have conversation, live, overthrow, pass, return, be used. [ql
0391. anastrophe \{an-as-trof-ay'\}; from 390; behavior:
--conversation. [ql
0392. anatassomai \{an-at-as'-som-ahee\}; from 303 and the middle voice of 5021; to arrange: --set in order.[ql
0393. anatello \{an-at-el'-lo\}; from 303 and the base of 5056; to (cause to) arise: --(a-, make to) rise, at the rising of, spring (up), be up.[ql
0394. anatithemai \{an-at-ith'-em-ahee\}; from 303 and the middle voice of 5087; to set forth (for oneself), i.e propound:
--communicate, declare.[ql
0395. anatole \{an-at-ol-ay'\}; from 393; a rising of light, i.e. dawn (figuratively); by implication, the east (also in plural):
--dayspring, east, rising.[ql
0396. anatrepo \{an-at-rep'-o\}; from 303 and the base of 5157; to overturn (figuratively): --overthrow, subvert.[ql
0397. anatrepho \{an-at-ref'-o\}; from 303 and 5142; to rear (physically or mentally): --bring up, nourish (up).[ql
0398. anaphaino \{an-af-ah'-ee-no\}; from 303 and 5316; to show, i.e. (reflexively) appear, or (passively) to have pointed out: --(should) appear, discover.[ql
0399. anaphero \{an-af-er'-o\}; from 303 and 5342; to take up (literally or figuratively): --bear, bring (carry, lead) up, offer (up). [ql
0400. anaphoneo \{an-af-o-neh'-o\}; from 303 and 5455; to exclaim:
--speak out.[ql
0401. anachusis \{an-akh'-00-sis\}; from a comparative of 303 and cheo (to pour); properly, effusion, i.e. (figuratively) license:
--excess.[ql
0402. anachoreo \{an-akh-o-reh'-o\}; from 303 and 5562; to retire: --depart, give place, go (turn) aside, withdraw self.[ql
0403. anapsuxis \{an-aps'-ook-sis\}; from 404; properly, a recovery of breath, i.e. (figuratively) revival: --revival.[ql
0404. anapsucho \{an-aps-oo'-kho\}; from 303 and 5594; properly, to cool off, i.e. (figuratively) relieve: --refresh.[ql
0405. andrapodistes \{an-drap-od-is-tace'\}; fromaderivative of a
compound of 435 and 4228; an enslaver (as bringing men to his feet): --menstealer. [ql
0406. Andreas \{an-dreh'-as\}; from 435; manly; Andreas, an Israelite: --Andrew. [ql
0407. andrizomai \{an-drid'-zom-ahee\}; middle voice from 435; to act manly: --quit like men.[ql
0408. Andronikos \{an-dron'-ee-kos\}; from 435 and 3534; man of victory; Andronicos, an Israelite: --Adronicus.[ql
0409. androphonos \{an-drof-on'-os\}; from 435 and 5408; a murderer: --manslayer. [ql
0410. anegkletos \{an-eng'-klay-tos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a derivative of 1458; unaccused, i.e. (by implication) irreproachable: --blameless.[ql
0411. anekdiegetos \{an-ek-dee-ay'-gay-tos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a presumed derivative of 1555; not expounded in full, i.e. indescribable: - -unspeakable. [ql
0412. aneklaletos \{an-ek-lal'-ay-tos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a presumed derivative of 1583; not spoken out, i.e. (by implication) unutterable: --unspeakable.[ql
0413. anekleiptos \{an-ek'-lipe-tos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a presumed derivative of 1587; not left out, i.e. (by implication) inexhaustible: --that faileth not.[ql
0414. anektoteros \{an-ek-tot'-er-os\}; comparative of a derivative of 430; more endurable: --more tolerable. [ql
0415. aneleemon \{an-eleh-ay'-mone\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and 1655; merciless: --unmerciful.[ql
0416. anemizo \{an-em-id'-zo\}; from 417; to toss with the wind:
--drive with the wind. [ql
0417. anemos \{an'-em-os\}; from the base of 109; wind; (plural) by implication (the four) quarters (of the earth): --wind.[ql
0418. anendektos \{an-en'-dek-tos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a derivative of the same as 1735; unadmitted, i.e. (by implication) not supposable: --impossible.[ql
0419. anexereunetos \{an-ex-er-yoo'-nay-tos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a presumed derivative of 1830; not searched out, i.e. (by implication) inscrutable: - -unsearchable. [ql
0420. anexikakos \{an-ex-ik'-ak-os\}; from 430 and 2556; enduring of ill, i.e. forbearing: --patient.[ql
0421. anexichniastos \{an-ex-ikh-nee'-as-tos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a presumed derivative of a compound of 1537 and a derivative of 2487; not tracked out, i.e. (by implication) untraceable: --past finding out; unsearchable.[ql
0422. anepaischuntos \{an-ep-ah'-ee-skhoon-tos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a presumed derivative of a compound of 1909 and 153; not ashamed, i.e. irreprehensible: --that needeth not to be ashamed. [ql
0423. anepileptos \{an-ep-eel'-ape-tos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a derivative of 1949; not arrested $1 / 1$
implication) inculpable: --blameless, unrebukeable.[ql
0424. anerchomai \{an-erkh'-om-ahee\}; from 303 and 2064; to ascend: --go up. [ql
0425. anesis \{an'-es-is\}; from 447; relaxation or (figuratively) relief: --eased, liberty, rest.[ql
0426. anetazo \{an-et-ad'-zo\}; from 303 and etazo (to test); to investigate (judicially): --(should have) examined(-d).[ql
0427. aneu \{an'-yoo\}; a primary particle; without: --without. Compare 1.[ql
0428. aneuthetos \{an-yoo'-the-tos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and 2111; not well set, i.e. inconvenient: --not commodious.[ql
0429. aneurisko \{an-yoo-ris'-ko\}; from 303 and 2147; to find out: --find. [ql
0430. anechomai \{an-ekh'-om-ahee\}; middle voice from 303 and 2192; to hold oneself up against, i.e. (figuratively) put up with: --bear with, endure, forbear, suffer.[ql
0431. anepsios \{an-eps'-ee-os\}; from 1 (as a particle of union) and an obsolete nepos (a brood); properly, akin, i.e. (specially) a cousin: --sister's son.[ql
0432. anethon \{an'-ay-thon\}; probably of foreign origin; dill: --anise. [ql
0433. aneko \{an-ay'-ko\}; from 303 and 2240; to attain to, i.e. (figuratively) be proper: --convenient, be fit.[ql
0434. anemeros \{an-ay'-mer-os\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and hemeros (lame); savage: --fierce. [ql
0435. aner \{an'-ayr\}; a primary word [compare 444]; a man (properly as an individual male): --fellow, husband, man, sir.[ql
0436. anthistemi \{anth-is'-tay-mee\}; from 473 and 2476; to stand against, i.e. oppose: --resist, withstand. [ql
0437. anthomologeomai \{anth-om-ol-og-eh'-om-ahee\}; from 473 and the middle voice of 3670 ; to confess in turn, i.e. respond in praise:
--give thanks.[ql
0438. anthos \{anth'-os\}; a primary word; a blossom: --flower.[ql
0439. anthrakia \{anth-rak-ee-ah'\}; from 440; a bed of burning coals: --fire of coals.[ql
0440. anthrax \{anth'-rax\}; of uncertain derivation; a live coal: --coal of fire.[ql
0441. anthropareskos \{anth-ro-par'-es-kos\}; from 444 and 700; man-courting, i.e. fawning: --men-pleaser. [ql
0442. anthropinos \{anth-ro'-pee-nos\}; from 444; human: --human, common to man, man[-kind], [man-]kind, men's, after the manner of men. [ql
0443. anthropoktonos \{anth-ro-pok-ton'-os\}; from 444 and kteine (to kill); a manslayer: --murderer. Compare 5406.[ql
0444. anthropos \{anth'-ro-pos\}; from 435 and $1917 / 2022$ countenance;
from 3700); man-faced, i.e. a human being: --certain, man.[ql
0445. anthupateuo \{anth-oo-pat-yoo'-o\}; from 446; to act as a proconsul: --be the deputy.[ql
0446. anthupatos \{anth-oo'-pat-os\}; from 473 and a superlative of 5228; instead of the highest officer, i.e. (specially) a Roman proconsul: --deputy.[ql
0447. aniemi \{an-ee'-ay-mee\}; from 303 and hiemi (to send); to let up, i.e. (literally) slacken or (figuratively) desert, desist from: --forbear, leave, loose.[ql
0448. anileos \{an-ee'-leh-oce\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and 2436; inexorable: --without mercy.[ql
0449. aniptos \{an'-ip-tos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a presumed derivative of 3538; without ablution: --unwashen. [q]
0450. anistemi \{an-is'-tay-mee\}; from 303 and 2476; to stand up (literal or figurative, transitive or intransitive): --arise, lift up, raise up (again), rise (again), stand up(-right).[ql
0451. Anna \{an'-nah\}; of Hebrew origin [2584]; Anna, an Israelitess: --Anna. [ql
0452. Annas \{an'-nas\}; of Hebrew origin [2608]; Annas (i.e. 367), an Israelite: --Annas.[ql
0453. anoetos \{an-o'-ay-tos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a derivative of 3539; unintelligent; by implication, sensual:
--fool(-ish), unwise.[ql
0454. anoia \{an'-oy-ah\}; from a compound of 1 (as a negative particle) and 3563; stupidity; by implication, rage: --folly, madness.[ql
0455. anoigo \{an-oy'-go\}; from 303 and oigo (to open); to open up (literally or figuratively, in various applications): --open.[ql
0456. anoikodomeo \{an-oy-kod-om-eh'-o\}; from 303 and 3618; to rebuild: --build again.[ql
0457. anoixis \{an'-oix-is\}; from 455; opening (throat): --X open. [ql
0458. anomia \{an-om-ee'-ah\}; from 459; illegality, i.e. violation of law or (genitive case) wickedness: --iniquity, X transgress(-ion of) the law, unrighteousness.[ql
0459. anomos \{an'-om-os\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and 3551; lawless, i.e. (negatively) not subject to (the Jewish) law; (by implication, a Gentile), or (positively) wicked: --without law, lawless, transgressor, unlawful, wicked.[ql
0460. anomos \{an-om'-oce\}; adverb from 459; lawlessly, i.e.
(specially) not amenable to (the Jewish) law: --without law. [ql
0461. anorthoo \{an-orth-o'-o\}; from 303 and a derivative of the base of 3717; to straighten up: --lift (set) up, make straight.[ql
0462. anosios \{an-os'-ee-os\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and 3741: - -unholy.[ql
0463. anoche \{an-okh-ay'\}; from 430; self-restraint, i.e. tolerance: --forbearance. [ql
0464. antagonizomai \{an-tag-o-nid'-zom-ahee\}; from 473 and 75; to struggle against (figuratively) ["antagonize"]: --strive against.[ql
0465. antallagma \{an-tal'-ag-mah\}; from a compound of 473 and 236; an equivalent or ransom: --in exchange. [ql
0466. antanapleroo \{an-tan-ap-lay-ro'-o\}; from 473 and 378; to supplement: --fill up.[ql
0467. antapodidomi \{an-tap-od-ee'-do-mee\}; from 473 and 591; to requite (good or evil): --recompense, render, repay.[ql
0468. antapodoma \{an-tap-od'-om-ah\}; from 467; a requital (properly, the thing): --recompense.[ql
0469. antapodosis \{an-tap-od'-os-is\}; from 467; requital (properly, the act): --reward.[ql
0470. antapokrinomai \{an-tap-ok-ree'-nom-ahee\}; from 473 and 611; to contradict or dispute: --answer again, reply against.[ql
0471. antepo \{an-tep'-o\}; from 473 and 2036; to refute or deny: --gainsay, say against.[ql
0472. antechomai \{an-tekh'-om-ahee\}; from 473 and the middle voice of 2192; to hold oneself opposite to, i.e. (by implication) adhere to; by extension to care for: --hold fast, hold to, support. [ql
0473. anti \{an-tee'\}; a primary particle; opposite, i.e. instead or because of (rarely in addition to): --for, in the room of. Often used in composition to denote contrast, requital, substitution, correspondence, etc.[ql
0474. antiballo \{an-tee-bal'-lo\}; from 473 and 906; to bandy: --have. [ql
0475. antidiatithemai \{an-tee-dee-at-eeth'-em-ahee\}; from 473 and 1303; to set oneself opposite, i.e. be disputatious: --that oppose themselves.[ql
0476. antidikos \{an-tid'-ee-kos\}; from 473 and 1349; an opponent (in a lawsuit); specially, Satan (as the arch-enemy): --adversary.[ql
0477. antithesis \{an-tith'-es-is\}; from a compound of 473 and 5087; opposition, i.e. a conflict (of theories): --opposition.[ql
0478. antikathistemi \{an-tee-kath-is'-tay-mee\}; from 473 and 2525; to set down (troops) against, i.e. withstand: --resist.[ql
0479. antikaleo \{an-tee-kal-eh'-o\}; from 473 and 2564; to invite in return: --bid again.[ql
0480. antikeimai \{an-tik'-i-mahee\}; from 473 and 2749; to lie opposite, i.e. be adverse (figuratively, repugnant) to: --adversary, be contrary, oppose.[ql
0481. antikru \{an-tee-kroo'\}; prol. from 473; opposite: --over against.[ql
0482. antilambanomai \{an-tee-lam-ban'-om-ahee\}; from 473 and the middle voice of 2983; to take hold of in turn, i.e. succor; also to participate: --help, partaker, support.[ql
0483. antilego \{an-til'-eg-o\}; from 473 and 3004; to dispute, refuse: --answer again, contradict, deny, gainsay(-er), speak against.[ql
0484. antilepsis \{an-til'-ape-sis\}; from 482; relief: --help. [ql
0485. antilogia \{an-tee-log-ee'-ah\}; from a derivative of 483; dispute, disobedience: --contradiction, gainsaying, strife.[ql
0486. antiloidoreo \{an-tee-loy-dor-eh'-o\}; from 473 and 3058; to rail in reply: --revile again.[ql
0487. antilutron \{an-til'-oo-tron\}; from 473 and 3083; a redemption-price: --ransom.[ql
0488. antimetreo \{an-tee-met-reh'-o\}; from 473 and 3354; to mete in return: --measure again. [ql
0489. antimisthia \{an-tee-mis-thee'-ah\}; from a compound of 473 and 3408; requital, correspondence: --recompense. [ql
0490. Antiocheia \{an-tee-okh'-i-ah\}; from Antiochus (a Syrian king) ; Antiochia, a place in Syria: --Antioch.[ql
0491. Antiocheus \{an-tee-okh-yoos'\}; from 490; an Antiochian or inhab. of Antiochia: --of Antioch.[ql
0492. antiparerchomai \{an-tee-par-er'-khom-ahee\}; from 473 and 3928; to go along opposite: --pass by on the other side.[ql
0493. Antipas \{an-tee'-pas\}; contracted for a compound of 473 and a derivative of 3962; Antipas, a Christian: --Antipas.[ql
0494. Antipatris \{an-tip-at-rece'\}; from the same as 493; Antipatris, a place in Palestine: --Antipatris.[ql
0495. antiperan \{an-tee-per'-an\}; from 473 and 4008; on the opposite side: --over against.[ql
0496. antipipto \{an-tee-pip'-to\}; from 473 and 4098 (including its alternate); to oppose: --resist.[ql
0497. antistrateuomai \{an-tee-strat-yoo'-om-ahee\}; from 473 and 4754; (figuratively) to attack, i.e. (by implication) destroy: --war against. [ql
0498. antitassomai \{an-tee-tas'-som-ahee\}; from 473 and the middle voice of 5021; to range oneself against, i.e. oppose: --oppose themselves, resist. [ql
0499. antitupon \{an-teet'-oo-pon\}; neuter of a compound of 473 and 5179; corresponding ["antitype"], i.e. a representative, counterpart: --(like) figure (whereunto). [ql
0500. antichristos \{an-tee'-khris-tos\}; from 473 and 5547; an opponent of the Messiah: --antichrist. [ql
0501. antleo \{ant-leh-o\}; from antlos (the hold of a ship); to bale up (properly, bilge water), i.e. dip water (with a bucket, pitcher, etc.): --draw (out).[ql
0502. antlema \{ant'-lay-mah\}; from 501; a baling vessel: --thing to draw with. [ql
0503. antophthalmeo \{ant-of-thal-meh'-o\}; from a compound of 473 and 3788; to face: --bear up into. [ql
0504. anudros \{an'-oo-dros\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and 5204; waterless, i.e. dry: --dry, without water $1 / 1 / / 2022$
0505. anupokritos \{an-oo-pok'-ree-tos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a presumed derivative of 5271; undissembled, i.e. sincere: --without dissimulation (hypocrisy), unfeigned.[ql
0506. anupotaktos \{an-oo-pot'-ak-tos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a presumed derivative of 5293; unsubdued, i.e. insubordinate (in fact or temper): --disobedient, that is not put under, unruly. [ql
0507. ano \{an'-o\}; adverb from 473; upward or on the top: --above, brim, high, up.[ql
0508. anogeon \{an-ogue'-eh-on\}; from 507 and 1093; above the ground, i.e. (properly) the second floor of a building; used for a dome or a balcony on the upper story: --upper room. [ql
0509. anothen \{an'-o-then\}; from 507; from above; by analogy, from the first; by implication, anew: --from above, again, from the beginning (very first), the top. [ql
0510. anoterikos \{an-o-ter-ee-kos'\}; from 511; superior, i.e. (locally) more remote: --upper. [ql
0511. anoteros \{an-o'-ter-os\}; comparative degree of 507; upper, i.e. (neuter as adverb) to a more conspicuous place, in a former part of the book: --above, higher.[ql
0512. anopheles \{an-o-fel'-ace\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and tha base of 5624; useless or (neuter) inutility:
--unprofitable(-ness). [ql
0513. axine \{ax-ee'-nay\}; probably from agnumi (to break; compare 4486); an axe: --axe. [ql
0514. axios \{ax'-ee-os\}; probably from 71; deserving, comparable or suitable (as if drawing praise): --due reward, meet, [un-]worthy.[ql
0515. axioo \{ax-ee-o'-o\}; from 514; to deem entitled or fit:
--desire, think good, count (think) worthy.[ql
0516. axios \{ax-ee'-oce\}; adverb from 514; appropriately: --as becometh, after a godly sort, worthily(-thy). [ql
0517. aoratos \{ah-or'-at-os\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and 3707; invisible: --invisible (thing). [ql
0518. apaggello \{ap-ang-el'-lo\}; from 575 and the base of 32 ; to announce: --bring word (again), declare, report, shew (again), tell. [ql
0519. apagchomai \{ap-ang'-khom-ahee\} from 575 and agcho (to choke; akin to the base of 43); to strangle oneself off (i.e. to death): --hang himself.[ql
0520. apago \{ap-ag'-o\}; from 575 and 71; to take off (in various senses): --bring, carry away, lead (away), put to death, take away. [ql
0521. apaideutos \{ap-ah'-ee-dyoo-tos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a derivative of 3811; uninstructed, i.e.
(figuratively) stupid: --unlearned.[ql
0522. apairo \{ap-ah'-ee-ro\}; from 575 and 142; to lift off, i.e. remove: --take (away). [ql
0523. apaiteo \{ap-ah'-ee-teh-o\}; from 575 and 154; to demand back: --ask again, require.[ql
0524. apalgeo \{ap-alg-eh'-o\}; from 575 and algeo (to smart); to grieve out, i.e. become apathetic: --be past feeling. [ql
0525. apallasso \{ap-al-las'-so\}; from 575 and 236; to change away, i.e. release, (reflexively) remove: --deliver, depart.[ql
0526. apallotrioo \{ap-al-lot-ree-o'-o\}; from 575 and a derivative of 245; to estrange away, i.e. (passively and figuratively) to be non-participant: --alienate, be alien.[ql
0527. apalos \{ap-al-os'\}; of uncertain derivation; soft:
--tender. [ql
0528. apantao \{ap-an-tah'-o\}; from 575 and a derivative of 473; to meet away, i.e. encounter: --meet.[ql
0529. apantesis \{ap-an'-tay-sis\}; from 528; a (friendly) encounter: --meet. [ql
0530. hapax \{hap'-ax\}; probably from 537; one (or a single) time (numerically or conclusively): --once.[ql
0531. aparabatos \{ap-ar-ab'-at-os\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a derivative of 3845; not passing away, i.e. untransferable (perpetual): --unchangeable.[ql
0532. aparaskeuastos \{ap-ar-ask-yoo'-as-tos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a derivative of 3903; unready: - -unprepared.[ql
0533. aparneomai \{ap-ar-neh'-om-ahee\}; from 575 and 720; to deny utterly, i.e. disown, abstain: --deny.[ql
0534. aparti \{ap-ar'-tee\}; from 575 and 737; from now, i.e. henceforth (already): --from henceforth.[ql
0535. apartismos \{ap-ar-tis-mos'\}; from a derivative of 534; completion: --finishing.[ql
0536. aparche \{ap-ar-khay'\}; from a compound of 575 and 756; a beginning of sacrifice, i.e. the (Jewish) first-fruit (figuratively): --first-fruits.[ql
0537. hapas \{hap'-as\}; from 1 (as a particle of union) and 3956; absolutely all or (singular) every one: --all (things), every (one), whole. [ql
0538. apatao \{ap-at-ah'-o\}; of uncertain derivation; to cheat, i.e. delude: --deceive. [ql
0539. apate \{ap-at'-ay\}; from 538; delusion: --deceit(-ful, -fulness), deceivableness(-ving).[ql
0540. apator \{ap-at'-ore\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and 3962; fatherless, i.e. of unrecorded paternity: --without father.[ql
0541. apaugasma \{ap-ow'-gas-mah\}; from a compound of 575 and 826; an off-flash, i.e. effulgence: --brightness.[ql
0542. apeido \{ap-i'-do\}; from 575 and the same as 1492 ; to see fully: --see. [ql
0543. apeitheia \{ap-i'-thi-ah\}; from 545; disbelief (obstinate and rebellious): --disobedience, unbelief.[ql
0544. apeitheo \{ap-i-theh'-o\}; from 545; to disbelieve (wilfully and perversely): --not believe, disobedient, obey not, unbelieving.[ql
0545. apeithes \{ap-i-thace'\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and 3982; unpersuadable, i.e. contumacious: --disobedient.[q]
0546. apeileo \{ap-i-leh'-o\}; of uncertain derivation; to menace; by implication, to forbid: --threaten.[ql
0547. apeile \{ap-i-lay'\}; from 546; a menace: --X straitly, threatening. [ql
0548. apeimi \{ap'-i-mee\}; from 575 and 1510; to be away: --be absent. Compare 549.[ql
0549. apeimi \{ap'-i-mee\}; from 575 and eimi (to go); to go away:
--go. Compare 548.[ql
0550. apeipomen \{ap-i-pom'-ane\}; reflexive past of a compound of 575 and 2036; to say off for oneself, i.e. disown: --renounce. [ql
0551. apeirastos \{ap-i'-ras-tos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a presumed derivative of 3987; untried, i.e. not temptable: --not to be tempted. [ql
0552. apeiros \{ap'-i-ros\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and 3984; inexperienced, i.e. ignorant: --unskilful.[ql
0553. apekdechomai \{ap-ek-dekh'-om-ahee\}; from 575 and 1551; to expect fully: --look (wait) foreign[ql
0554. apekduomai \{ap-ek-doo'-om-ahee\}; middle voice from 575 and 1562; to divest wholly oneself, or (for oneself) despoil: --put off, spoil. [ql
0555. apekdusis \{ap-ek'-doo-sis\}; from 554; divestment: --putting off. [ql
0556. apelauno \{ap-el-ow'-no\}; from 575 and 1643; to dismiss:
--drive. [ql
0557. apelegmos \{ap-el-eg-mos'\}; from a compound of 575 and 1651; refutation, i.e. (by implication) contempt: --nought. [ql
0558. apeleutheros \{ap-el-yoo'-ther-os\}; from 575 and 1658; one freed away, i.e. a freedman: --freeman.[ql
0559. Apelles \{ap-el-lace'\}; of Latin origin; Apelles, a Christian: --Apelles. [ql
0560. apelpizo \{ap-el-pid'-zo\}; from 575 and 1679; to hope out, i.e. fully expect: --hope for again. [ql
0561. apenanti \{ap-en'-an-tee\}; from 575 and 1725; from in front, i.e. opposite, before or against: --before, contrary, over against, in the presence of. [ql ***. apepo. See 550.[ql
0562. aperantos \{ap-er'-an-tos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a secondary derivative of 4008; unfinished, i.e. (by implication) interminable: --endless.[ql
0563. aperispastos \{ap-er-is-pas-toce'\}; adverb from a compound of 1 (as a negative participle) and a presumed derivative of 4049; undistractedly, i.e. free from (domestic) solicitude: --without distraction.[ql
0564. aperitmetos \{ap-er-eet'-may-tos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a presumed derivative of 4059; uncircumcised (figuratively): --uncircumcised.[ql
0565. aperchomai \{ap-erkh'-om-ahee\}; from 575 and 2064; to go off (i.e. depart), aside (i.e. apart) or behind (i.e. follow), literally or figuratively: --come, depart, go (aside, away, back, out,...ways), pass away, be past.[ql
0566. apechei \{ap-ekh'-i\}; third person singular present indicative active of 568 used impersonally; it is sufficient: --it is enough. [ql
0567. apechomai \{ap-ekh'-om-ahee\}; middle voice (reflexively) of 568; to hold oneself off, i.e. refrain: --abstain. [ql
0568. apecho \{ap-ekh'-o\}; from 575 and 2192; (actively) to have out, i.e. receive in full; (intransitively) to keep (oneself) away, i.e. be distant (literally or figuratively): --be, have, receive. [ql
0569. apisteo \{ap-is-teh'-o\}; from 571; to be unbelieving, i.e. (transitively) disbelieve, or (by implication) disobey: --believe not. [ql
0570. apaistia \{ap-is-tee'-ah\}; from 571; faithlessness, i.e. (negatively) disbelief (lack of Christian faith), or (positively) unfaithfulness (disobedience): --unbelief.[ql
0571. apistos \{ap'-is-tos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and 4103; (actively) disbelieving, i.e. without Christian faith (specially, a heathen); (passively) untrustworthy (person), or incredible (thing): --that believeth not, faithless, incredible thing, infidel, unbeliever(-ing).[ql
0572. haplotes \{hap-lot'-ace\}; from 573; singleness, i.e.
(subjectively) sincerity (without dissimulation or self-seeking), or (objectively) generosity (copious bestowal): --bountifulness, liberal(-ity), simplicity, singleness.[ql
0573. haplous \{hap-looce'\}; probably from 1 (as a particle of union) and the base of 4120; properly, folded together, i.e. single (figuratively, clear): --single.[ql
0574. haplos \{hap-loce'\}; adverb from 573 (in the objective sense of 572); bountifully; --liberally.[ql
0575. apo \{apo'\}; a primary particle; "off," i.e. away (from something near), in various senses (of place, time, or relation; literal or figurative): --(X here-)after, ago, at, because of, before, by (the space of), for(-th), from, in, (out) of, off, (up-)on(-ce), since, with. In composition (as a prefix) it usually denotes separation, departure, cessation, completion, reversal, etc. [ql
0576. apobaino \{ap-ob-ah'-ee-no\}; from 575 and the base of 939; literally, to disembark; figuratively, to eventuate: --become, go out, turn. [ql
0577. apoballo \{ap-ob-al'-lo\}; from 575 and 906; to throw off; figuratively, to lose: --cast away.[ql
0578. apoblepo \{ap-ob-lep'-o\}; from 575 and 991; to look away from everything else, i.e. (figuratively) intently regard: --have respect. [ql
0579. apobletos \{ap-ob'-lay-tos\}; from 577; cast off, i.e. (figuratively) such as to be rejected: --be refused.[ql
0580. apobole \{ap-ob-ol-ay'\}; from 577; rejection; figuratively, loss: --casting away, loss.[ql
0581. apogenomenos \{ap-og-en-om'-en-os\}; past participle of a compound of 575 and 1096; absent, i.e. deceased (figuratively, renounced): --being dead.[ql
0582. apographe \{ap-og-raf-ay'\}; from 583; an enrollment; by implication, an assessment: --taxing. [ql
0583. apographo \{ap-og-raf'-o\}; from 575 and 1125; to write off (a copy or list), i.e. enrol: --tax, write.[ql
0584. apodeiknumi \{ap-od-ike'-noo-mee\}; from 575 and 1166; to show off, i.e. exhibit; figuratively, to demonstrate, i.e. accredit: --(ap-)prove, set forth, shew.[ql
0585. apodeixis \{ap-od'-ike-sis\}; from 584; manifestation:
--demonstration. [ql
0586. apodekatoo \{ap-od-ek-at-o'-o\}; from 575 and 1183; to tithe (as debtor or creditor): --(give, pay, take) tithe.[ql
0587. apodektos \{ap-od'-ek-tos\}; from 588; accepted, i.e. agreeable: --acceptable. [ql
0588. apodechomai \{ap-od-ekh'-om-ahee\}; from 575 and 1209; to take fully, i.e. welcome (persons), approve (things): --accept, receive (gladly). [ql
0589. apodemeo \{ap-od-ay-meh'-o\}; from 590; to go abroad, i.e. visit a foreign land: --go (travel) into a far country, journey.[ql
0590. apodemos \{ap-od'-ay-mos\}; from 575 and 1218; absent from one's own people, i.e. a foreign traveller: --taking a far journey. [ql
0591. apodidomi \{ap-od-eed'-o-mee\}; from 575 and 1325; to give away, i.e. up, over, back, etc. (in various applications): --deliver (again), give (again), (re-)pay(-ment be made), perform, recompense, render, requite, restore, reward, sell, yield. [ql
0592. apodiorizo \{ap-od-ee-or-id'-zo\}; from 575 and a compound of 223 and 3724; to disjoin (by a boundary, figuratively, a party): --separate. [ql
0593. apodokimazo \{ap-od-ok-ee-mad'-zo\}; from 575 and 1381; to disapprove, i.e. (by implication) to repudiate: --disallow, reject. [ql
0594. apodoche \{ap-od-okh-ay'\}; from 588; acceptance:
--acceptation. [ql
0595. apothesis \{ap-oth'-es-is\}; from 659; a laying aside (literally or figuratively): --putting away (off).[ql
0596. apotheke \{ap-oth-ay'-kay\}; from 659; a repository, i.e. granary: --barn, garner. [ql
0597. apothesaurizo \{ap-oth-ay-sow-rid'-zo\}; from 575 and 2343; to treasure away: --lay up in store. [ql
0598. apothlibo \{ap-oth-lee'-bo\}; from 575 and 2346; to crowd (from every side): --press.[ql
0599. apothnesko \{ap-oth-nace'-ko\}; from 575 and 2348; to die off (literally or figuratively): --be dead, death, die, lie a-dying, be slain (X with).[ql
0600. apokathistemi \{ap-ok-ath-is'-tay-mee\}; from 575 and 2525; to reconstitute (in health, home or organization): --restore (again). [ql
0601. apokalupto \{ap-ok-al-oop'-to\}; from 575 and 2572; to take off the cover, i.e. disclose: --reveal.[ql
0602. apokalupsis \{ap-ok-al'-oop-sis\}; from 601; disclosure: --appearing, coming, lighten, manifestation, be revealed, revelation. [ql
0603. apokaradokia \{ap-ok-ar-ad-ok-ee'-ah\}; from a comparative of 575 and a compound of kara (the head) and 1380 (in the sense of watching); intense anticipation: --earnest expectation. [ql
0604. apokatallasso \{ap-ok-at-al-las'-so\}; from 575 and 2644; to reconcile fully: --reconcile.[ql
0605. apokatastasis \{ap-ok-at-as'-tas-is\}; from 600; reconstitution: --restitution. [ql
0606. apokeimai \{ap-ok'-i-mahee\}; from 575 and 2749; to be reserved; figuratively, to await: --be appointed, (be) laid up. [ql
0607. apokephalizo \{ap-ok-ef-al-id'-zo\}; from 575 and 2776; to decapitate: --behead. [ql
0608. apokleio \{ap-ok-li'-o\}; from 575 and 2808; to close fully: --shut up. [ql
0609. apokopto \{ap-ok-op'-to\}; from 575 and 2875; to amputate; reflexively (by irony) to mutilate (the privy parts): --cut off. Compare 2699.
0610. apokrima \{ap-ok'-ree-mah\}; from 611 (in its original sense of judging); a judicial decision: --sentence.[ql
0611. apokrinomai \{ap-ok-ree'-nom-ahee\}; from 575 and krino; to conclude for oneself, i.e. (by implication) to respond; by Hebraism [compare 6030] to begin to speak (where an adress is expected): --answer. [ql
0612. apokrisis \{ap-ok'-ree-sis\}; from 611; a response: --answer.[ql
0613. apokrupto \{ap-ok-roop'-to\}; from 575 and 2928; to conceal away (i.e. fully); figuratively, to keep secret: --hide.[ql
0614. apokruphos \{ap-ok'-roo-fos\}; from 613; secret; by implication, treasured: --hid, kept secret.[ql
0615. apokteino \{ap-ok-ti'-no\}; from 575 and kteino (to slay); to kill outright; figuratively, to destroy: --put to death, kill, slay.[ql
0616. apokueo \{ap-ok-oo-eh'-o\}; from 575 and the base of 2949; to breed forth, i.e. (by transf.) to generate (figuratively): --beget, produce. [ql
0617. apokulio \{ap-ok-oo-lee'-o\}; from 575 and 2947; to roll away: --roll away (back).[ql
0618. apolambano \{ap-ol-am-ban'-o\}; from 575 and 2983; to receive (specially, in full, or as a host); also to take aside: --receive, take. [ql
0619. apolausis \{ap-ol'-ow-sis\}; from a comparative of 575 and lauo (to enjoy); full enjoyment: --enjoy(-ment).[ql
0620. apoleipo \{ap-ol-ipe'-o\}; from 575 and 3007; to leave behind (passively, remain) ; by implication, to forsake: --leave, remain.[ql
0621. apoleicho \{ap-ol-i'-kho\}; from 575 and leicho (to "lick"); to lick clean: --lick.[ql
0622. apollumi \{ap-ol'-loo-mee\}; from 575 and the base of 3639; to destroy fully (reflexively, to perish, or lose), literally or figuratively: --destroy, die, lose, mar, perish.[ql
0623. Apolluon \{ap-ol-loo'-ohn\}; active participle of 622; a destroyer (i.e. Satan): --Apollyon.[ql
0624. Apollonia \{ap-ol-lo-nee'-ah\}; from the pagan deity Apollon (i.e. the sun; from 622); Apollonia, a place in Macedonia:
--Apollonia. [ql
0625. Apollos \{ap-ol-loce'\}; probably from the same as 624; Apollos, an Israelite: --Apollos.[ql
0626. apologeomai \{ap-ol-og-eh'-om-ahee\}; middle voice from a compound of 575 and 3056; to give an account (legal plea) of oneself, i.e. exculpate (self): --answer (for self), make defence, excuse (self), speak for self.[ql
0627. apologia \{ap-ol-og-ee'-ah\}; from the same as 626; a plea ("apology"): --answer (for self), clearing of self, defence. [ql
0628. apolouo \{ap-ol-oo'-o\}; from 575 and 3068; to wash fully, i.e. (figuratively) have remitted (reflexively): --wash (away).[ql
0629. apolutrosis \{ap-ol-oo'-tro-sis\}; from a compound of 575 and 3083; (the act) ransom in full, i.e. (figuratively) riddance, or (specially) Christian salvation: --deliverance, redemption.[ql
0630. apoluo \{ap-ol-00'-o\}; from 575 and 3089; to free fully, i.e. (literally) relieve, release, dismiss (reflexively, depart), or (figuratively) let die, pardon or (specially) divorce: --(let) depart, dismiss, divorce, forgive, let go, loose, put (send) away, release, set at liberty.[ql
0631. apomassomai \{ap-om-as'-som-ahee\}; middle voice from 575 and masso (to squeeze, knead, smear); to scrape away: --wipe off.[ql
0632. aponemo \{ap-on-em'-o\}; from 575 and the base of 3551 ; to apportion, i.e. bestow: --give.[ql
0633. aponipto \{ap-on-ip'-to\}; from 575 and 3538; to wash off (reflexively, one's own hands symbolically): --wash.[ql
0634. apopipto \{ap-op-ip'-to\}; from 575 and 4098; to fall off: --fall. [ql
0635. apoplanao \{ap-op-lan-ah'-o\}; from 575 and 4105; to lead astray (figuratively); passively, to stray (from truth): --err, seduce.[ql
0636. apopleo \{ap-op-leh'-o\}; from 575 and 4126; to set sail: --sail away. [ql
0637. apopluno \{ap-op-loo'-no\}; from 575 and 4150; to rinse off: --wash. [ql
0638. apopnigo \{ap-op-nee'-go\}; from 575 and 4155; to stifle (by drowning or overgrowth): --choke. [ql
0639. aporeo \{ap-or-eh'-o\}; from a compound of 1 (as a negative particle) and the base of 4198; to have no way out, i.e. be at a loss (mentally): --(stand in) doubt, be perplexed.[ql
0640. aporia \{ap-or-ee'-a\}; from the same as 639; a (state of) quandry: --perplexity.[ql
0641. aporrhipto \{ap-or-hrip'-to\}; from 575 and 4496; to hurl off, i.e. precipitate (oneself): --cast.[ql
0642. aporphanizo \{ap-or-fan-id'-zo\}; from 575 and a derivative of 3737; to bereave wholly, i.e. (figuratively) separate (from intercourse): --take. [ql
0643. aposkeuazo \{ap-osk-yoo-ad'-zo\}; from 575 and a derivative of 4632; to pack up (one's) baggage: --take up...carriages.[ql
0644. aposkiasma \{ap-os-kee'-as-mah\}; from a compound of 575 and a derivative of 4639; a shading off, i.e. obsuration: --shadow. [ql
0645. apospao \{ap-os-pah'-o\}; from 575 and 4685; to drag forth, i.e. (literally) unsheathe (a sword), or relatively (with a degree of force implied) retire (personally or factiously): --(with-)draw (away), after we were gotten from. [ql
0646. apostasia \{ap-os-tas-ee'-ah\}; feminine of the same as 647; defection from truth (properly, the state) ["apostasy"]: --falling away, forsake.[ql
0647. apostasion \{ap-os-tas'-ee-on\}; neuter of a (presumed) adj. from a derivative of 868; properly, something separative, i.e. (specially) divorce: --(writing of) divorcement.[ql
0648. apostegazo \{ap-os-teg-ad'-zo\}; from 575 and a derivative of 4721; to unroof: --uncover. [ql
0649. apostello \{ap-os-tel'-lo\}; from 575 and 4724; set apart, i.e. (by implication) to send out (properly, on a mission) literally or figuratively: --put in, send (away, forth, out), set [at liberty].[ql
0650. apostereo \{ap-os-ter-eh'-o\}; from 575 and stereo (to deprive); to despoil: --defraud, destitute, kept back by fraud. [ql
0651. apostole \{ap-os-tol-ay'\}; from 649; commission, i.e.
(specially) apostolate: --apostleship. [ql
0652. apostolos \{ap-os'-tol-os\}; from 649; a delegate; specially, an ambassador of the Gospel; officially a commissioner of Christ
["apostle"] (with miraculous powers): --apostle, messenger, he that is sent. [ql
0653. apostomatizo \{ap-os-tom-at-id'-zo\}; from 575 and a (presumed) derivative of 4750; to speak off-hand (properly, dictate), i.e. to catechize (in an invidious manner): --provoke to speak.[ql
0654. apostrepho \{ap-os-tref'-o\}; from 575 and 4762; to turn away or back (literally or figuratively): --bring again, pervert, turn away (from). [ql
0655. apostugeo \{ap-os-toog-eh'-o\}: from 575 and the base of 4767; to detest utterly: --abhor.[ql
0656. aposunagogos \{ap-os-oon-ag'-o-gos\}; from 575 and 4864; excommunicated: --(put) out of the synagogue(-s).[ql
0657. apotassomai \{ap-ot-as'-som-ahee\}; middle voice from 575 and 5021; literally, to say adieu (by departing or dismissing); figuratively, to renounce: --bid farewell, forsake, take leave, send away. [ql
0658. apoteleo \{ap-ot-el-eh'-o\}; from 575 and 5055; to complete entirely, i.e. consummate: --finish. [ql
0659. apotithemi \{ap-ot-eeth'-ay-mee\}; from 575 and 5087; to put away (literally or figuratively): --cast off, lay apart (aside, down), put away (off).[ql
0660. apotinasso \{ap-ot-in-as'-so\}; from 575 and tinasso (to jostle); to brush off: --shake off.[ql
0661. apotino \{ap-ot-ee'-no\}; from 575 and 5099; to pay in full: --repay. [ql
0662. apotolmao \{ap-ot-ol-mah'-o\}; from 575 and 5111; to venture plainly: --be very bold.[ql
0663. apotomia \{ap-ot-om-ee'-ah\}; from the base of 664;
(figuratively) decisiveness, i.e. rigor: --severity.[ql
0664. apotomos \{ap-ot-om'-oce\}; adverb from a derivative of a comparative of 575 and temno (to cut); abruptly, i.e. peremptorily: --sharply(-ness). [ql
0665. apotrepo \{ap-ot-rep'-o\}; from 575 and the base of 5157; to deflect, i.e. (reflexively) avoid: --turn away.[ql
0666. apousia \{ap-oo-see'-ah\}; from the participle of 548; a being away: --absence. [ql
0667. appohero \{ap-of-er'-o\}; from 575 and 5342; to bear off (literally or rel.): --bring, carry (away). [ql
0668. apopheugo \{ap-of-yoo'-go\}; from 575 and 5343; (figuratively) to escape: --escape. [ql
0669. apophtheggomai \{ap-of-theng'-om-ahee\}; from 575 and 5350; to enunciate plainly, i.e. declare: --say, speak forth, utterance.[ql
0670. apophortizomai \{ap-of-or-tid'-zom-ahee\}; from 575 and the middle voice of 5412; to unload: --unlade.[ql
0671. apochresis \{ap-okh'-ray-sis\}; from a compound of 575 and 5530; the act of using up, i.e. consumption: --using. [ql
0672. apochoreo \{ap-okh-o-reh'-o\}; from 575 and 5562; to go away: --depart. [ql
0673. apochorizo \{ap-okh-o-rid'-zo\}; from 575 and 5563; to rend apart; reflexively, to separate: --depart (asunder).[ql
0674. apopsucho \{ap-ops-oo'-kho\}; from 575 and 5594; to breathe out, i.e. faint: --hearts failing.[ql
0675. >Appios \{ap'-pee-os\}; of Latin origin; (in the genitive, i.e.

0676. aprositos \{ap-ros'-ee-tos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a derivative of a comparative of 4314 and eimi (to go); inaccessible: --which no man can approach. [ql
0677. aproskopos \{ap-ros'-kop-os\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a presumed derivative of 4350; actively, inoffensive, i.e. not leading into sin; passively, faultless, i.e. not led into sin: --none (void of, without) offence.[ql
0678. aprosopoleptos \{ap-ros-o-pol-ape'-tos\}; adverb from a compound of 1 (as a negative particle) and a presumed derivative of a presumed compound of 4383 and 2983 [compare 4381]; in a way not accepting the person, i.e. impartially: --without respect of persons. [ql
0679. aptaistos \{ap-tah'-ee-stos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a derivative of 4417; not stumbling, i.e. (figuratively) without sin: --from falling.[ql
0680. haptomai \{hap'-tom-ahee\}; reflexive of 681; properly, to attach oneself to, i.e. to touch (in many implied relations): --touch. [ql
0681. hapto \{hap'-to\}; a primary verb; properly, to fasten to, i.e. (specially) to set on fire: --kindle, light.[ql
0682. Apphia \{ap-fee'-a\}; probably of foreign origin; Apphia, a woman of Collosae: --Apphia.[ql
0683. apotheomai \{ap-o-theh'-om-ahee\}; or apothomai
\{ap-o'-thom-ahee\}; from 575 and the middle voice of otheo or otho (to shove); to push off, figuratively, to reject: --cast away, put away (from), thrust away (from).[ql
0684. apoleia \{ap-o'-li-a\}; from a presumed derivative of 622; ruin or loss (physical, spiritual or eternal): --damnable(-nation), destruction, die, perdition, $X$ perish, pernicious ways, waste. [ql
0685. ara \{ar-ah'\}; probably from 142; properly, prayer (as lifted to Heaven), i.e. (by implication) imprecation: --curse.[ql
0686. ara \{ar'-ah\}; probably from 142 (through the idea of drawing a conclusion); a particle denoting an inference more or less decisive (as follows): --haply, (what) manner (of man), no doubt, perhaps, so be, then, therefore, truly, wherefore. Often used in connection with other particles, especially 1065 or 3767 (after) or 1487 (before). Compare also 687.[ql
0687. ara $\left\{a r^{\prime}-a h\right\} ;$ a form of 686, denoting an interrogation to which a negative answer is presumed: --therefore. [ql
0688. Arabia \{ar-ab-ee'-ah\}; of Hebrew origin [6152]; Arabia , a region of Asia: --Arabia.[ql ***. arage. See 686 and 1065.[ql
0689. Aram \{ar-am'\}; of Hebrew origin [7410]; Aram (i.e. Ram), an Israelite: --Aram. [ql
0690. >Araps \{ar'-aps\}; from 688; an Arab or native of Arabia: --Arabian. [ql
0691. argeo \{arg-eh'-o\}; from 692; to be idle, i.e. (figuratively) to delay: --linger.[ql
0692. argos \{ar-gos'\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and 2041; inactive, i.e. unemployed; (by implication) lazy $1 / 1\rangle / 2022$ (
idle, slow.[ql
0693. argureos \{ar-goo'-reh-os\}; from 696; made of silver: --(of) silver. [ql
0694. argurion \{ar-goo'-ree-on\}; neuter of a presumed derivative of 696; silvery, i.e. (by implication) cash; specially, a silverling (i.e. drachma or shekel): --money, (piece of) silver (piece).[ql
0695. argurokopos \{ar-goo-rok-op'-os\}; from 696 and 2875; a beater (i.e. worker) of silver: --silversmith. [ql
0696. arguros \{ar'-goo-ros\}; from argos (shining); silver (the metal, in the articles or coin): --silver. [ql
0697. Areios Pagos \{ar'-i-os pag'-os\}; from Ares (the name of the Greek deity of war) and a derivative of 4078; rock of Ares, a place in Athens: --Areopagus, Mars' Hill.[ql
0698. Areopagites \{ar-eh-op-ag-ee'-tace\}; from 697; an Areopagite or member of the court held on Mars' Hill: --Areopagite. [ql
0699. areskeia \{ar-es'-ki-ah\}; from a derivative of 700;
complaisance: --pleasing.[ql
0700. aresko \{ar-es'-ko\}; probably from 142 (through the idea of exciting emotion); to be agreeable (or by implication, to seek to be so): --please. [ql
0701. arestos \{ar-es-tos'\}; from 700; agreeable; by implication, fit: --(things that) please(-ing), reason. [ql
0702. Aretas \{ar-et'-as\}; of foreign origin; Aretas, an Arabian: --Aretas.[ql
0703. arete \{ar-et'-ay\}; from the same as 730; properly, manliness (valor), i.e. excellence (intrinsic or attributed): --praise, virtue.[ql
0704. aren \{ar-ane'\}; perhaps the same as 730; a lamb (as a male): --lamb. [ql
0705. arithmeo \{ar-ith-meh'-o\}; from 706; to enumerate or count: --number. [ql
0706. arithmos \{ar-ith-mos'\}; from 142; a number (as reckoned up): --number. [ql
0707. Arimathaia \{ar-ee-math-ah'-ee-ah\}; of Hebrew origin [7414]; Arimathaea (or Ramah), a place in Palestine: --Arimathaea.[ql
0708. Aristarchos \{ar-is'-tar-khos\}; from the same as 712 and 757; best ruling; Aristarchus, a Macedonian: --Aristarchus.[ql
0709. aristao \{ar-is-tah'-o\}; from 712; to take the principle meal: --dine. [ql
0710. aristeros \{ar-is-ter-os'\}; apparently a comparative of the same as 712; the left hand (as second-best): --left [hand].[ql
0711. Aristoboulos \{ar-is-tob'-oo-los\}; from the same as 712 and 1012; best counselling; Aristoboulus, a Christian: --Aristobulus.[ql
0712. ariston \{ar'-is-ton\}; apparently neuter of a superlative from the same as 730; the best meal [or breakfast; perhaps from eri
("early")], i.e. luncheon: --dinner.[ql
0713. arketos \{ar-ket-os'\}; from 714; satisfactory: --enough, suffice(-ient). [ql
0714. arkeo \{ar-keh'-o\}; apparently a primary verb [but probably akin to 142 through the idea of raising a barrier]; properly, to ward off, i.e. (by implication) to avail (figuratively, be satisfactory): --be content, be enough, suffice, be sufficient.[ql
0715. arktos \{ark'-tos\}; probably from 714; a bear (as obstructing by ferocity): --bear. [ql
0716. harma \{har'-mah\}; probably from 142 [perhaps with 1 (as a particle of union) prefixed]; a chariot (as raised or fitted together [compare 719]): --chariot.[ql
0717. Armageddon \{ar-mag-ed-dohn'\}; of Hebrew origin [2022 and 4023]; Armageddon (or Har-Meggiddon), a symbol. name:
--Armageddon. [ql
0718. harmozo \{har-mod'-zo\}; from 719; to joint, i.e. (figuratively) to woo (reflexively, to betroth): --espouse.[ql
0719. harmos \{har-mos'\}; from the same as 716; an articulation (of the body): --joint.[ql
0720. arneomai \{ar-neh'-om-ahee\}; perhaps from 1 (as a negative particle) and the middle voice of 4483; to contradict, i.e. disavow, reject, abnegate: --deny, refuse.[ql
0721. arnion \{ar-nee'-on\}; diminutive from 704; a lambkin:
--lamb. [ql
0722. arotrioo \{ar-ot-ree-o'-o\}; from 723; to plow: --plough.[ql
0723. arotron \{ar'-ot-ron\}; from aroo (to till); a plow:
--plough.[ql
0724. harpage \{har-pag-ay'\}; from 726; pillage (properly abstract): --extortion, ravening, spoiling.[ql
0725. harpagmos \{har-pag-mos'\}; from 726; plunder (properly concrete): --robbery. [ql
0726. harpazo \{har-pad'-zo\}; from a derivative of 138; to sieze (in various applications): --catch (away, up), pluck, pull, take (by force). [ql
0727. harpax \{har'-pax\}; from 726; rapacious: --extortion, ravening. [ql
0728. arrhabon \{ar-hrab-ohn'\}; of Hebrew origin [6162]; a pledge, i.e. part of the purchase-money or property given in advance as security for the rest: --earnest. [ql
0729. arrhaphos \{ar'-hhraf-os\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a presumed derivative of the same as 4476; unsewed, i.e. of a single piece: --without seam.[ql
0730. arrhen \{ar'-hrane\}; or arsen \{ar'-sane\}; probably from 142;
male (as stronger for lifting): --male, man.[ql
0731. arrhetos \{ar'-hray-tos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and the same as 4490; unsaid, i.e. (by implication) inexpressible:
--unspeakable. [ql
0732. arrhostos \{ar'-hroce-tos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a presumed derivative of 4517 ; infirm: --sick (folk, -ly).[ql
0733. arsenokoites \{ar-sen-ok-oy'-tace\}; from 730 and 2845; a sodomite: --abuser of (that defile) self with mankind.[ql
0734. Artemas \{ar-tem-as'\}; contracted from a compound of 735 and 1435; gift of Artemis; Artemas (or Artemidorus), a Christian: --Artemas. [ql
0735. Artemis \{ar'-tem-is\}; probably from the same as 736; prompt; Artemis, the name of a Grecian goddess borrowed by the Asiatics for one of their deities: --Diana.[ql
0736. artemon \{ar-tem'-ohn\}; from a derivative of 737; properly, something ready [or else more remotely from 142 (compare 740); something hung up], i.e. (specially) the topsail (rather foresail or jib) of a vessel: --mainsail.[ql
0737. arti \{ar'-tee\}; adverb from a derivative of 142 (compare 740) through the idea of suspension; just now: --this day (hour), hence[-forth], here[-after], hither[-to], (even) now, (this) present. [ql
0738. artigennetos \{ar-teeg-en'-nay-tos\}; from 737 and 1084; just born, i.e. (figuratively) a young convert: --new born.[ql
0739. artios \{ar'-tee-os\}; from 737; fresh, i.e. (by implication) complete: --perfect.[ql
0740. artos \{ar'-tos\}; from 142; bread (as raised) or a loaf: --(shew-)bread, loaf.[ql
0741. artuo \{ar-too'-o\}; from a presumed derivative of 142; to prepare, i.e. spice (with stimulating condiments): --season.[ql
0742. Arphaxad \{ar-fax-ad'\}; of Hebrew origin [775]; Arphaxad, a post-diluvian patriarch: --Arphaxad. [ql
0743. archaggelos \{ar-khang'-el-os\}; from 757 and 32; a chief angel: --archangel.[ql
0744. archaios \{ar-khah'-yos\}; from 746; original or primeval: --(them of) old (time). [ql
0745. Archelaos \{ar-khel'-ah-os\}; from 757 and 2994; people-ruling; Archelaus, a Jewish king: --Archelaus.[ql
0746. arche \{ar-khay'\}; from 756; (properly abstract) a commencement, or (concretely) chief (in various applications of order, time, place, or rank): --beginning, corner, (at the, the) first (estate), magistrate, power, principality, principle, rule.[ql
0747. archegos \{ar-khay-gos'\}; from 746 and 71; a chief leader: --author, captain, prince.[ql
0748. archieratikos \{ar-khee-er-at-ee-kos'\}; from 746 and a derivative of 2413; high-priestly: --of the high-priest.[ql
0749. archiereus \{ar-khee-er-yuce'\}; from 746 and 2409; the high-priest (literally, of the Jews, typically, Christ); by extension a chief priest: --chief (high) priest, chief of the priests.[ql
0750. archipoimen \{ar-khee-poy'-mane\}; from 746 and 4166; a head shepherd: --chief shepherd.[ql
0751. Archippos \{ar'-khip-pos\}; from 746 and 2462; horse-ruler; Archippus, a Christian: --Archippus.[ql
0752. archisunagogos \{ar-khee-soon-ag'-o-gos\}; from 746 and 4864; director of the synagogue services: --(chief) ruler of the synagogue. [ql
0753. architekton \{ar-khee-tek'-tone\}; from 746 and 5045; a chief constructor, i.e. "architect": --masterbuilder.[ql
0754. architelones \{ar-khee-tel-o'-nace\}; from 746 and 5057; a principle tax-gatherer: --chief among the publicans.[ql
0755. architriklinos \{ar-khee-tree'-klee-nos\}; from 746 and a compound of 5140 and 2827 (a dinner-bed, because composed of three couches); director of the entertainment: --governor (ruler) of the feast. [ql
0756. archomai \{ar'-khom-ahee\}; middle voice of 757 (through the implication of precedence); to commence (in order of time):
--(rehearse from the) begin(-ning).[ql
0757. archo \{ar'-kho\}; a primary verb; to be first (in political rank or power): --reign (rule) over. [ql
0758. archon \{ar'-khone\}; present participle of 757; a first (in rank or power): --chief (ruler), magistrate, prince, ruler.[ql
0759. "aroma" \{ar'-o-mah\}; from 142 (in the sense of sending off scent); an aromatic: --(sweet) spice. [ql
0760. Asa \{as-ah'\}; of Hebrew origin [609]; Asa, an Israelite: --Asa. [ql
0761. asaleutos \{as-al'-yoo-tos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a derivative of 4531; unshaken, i.e. (by implication) immovable (figuratively): --which cannot be moved, unmovable.[ql
0762. asbestos \{as'-bes-tos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a derivative of 4570; not extinguished, i.e. (by implication) perpetual: --not to be quenched, unquenchable. [ql
0763. asebeia \{as-eb'-i-ah\}; from 765; impiety, i.e. (by implication) wickedness: --ungodly(-liness). [ql
0764. asebeo \{as-eb-eh'-o\}; from 765; to be (by implied act) impious or wicked: --commit (live, that after should live) ungodly.[ql
0765. asebes \{as-eb-ace'\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a presumed derivative of 4576; irreverant, i.e. (by extension) impious or wicked: --ungodly (man).[ql
0766. aselgeia \{as-elg'-i-a\}; from a compound of 1 (as a negative particle) and a presumed selges (of uncertain derivation, but apparently meaning continent); licentiousness (sometimes including other vices): --filthy, lasciviousness, wantonness.[ql
0767. asemos \{as'-ay-mos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and the base of 4591; unmarked, i.e. (figuratively) ignoble: --mean. [ql
0768. Aser \{as-ayr'\}; of Hebrew origin [836]; Aser (i.e. Asher), an Israelite tribe: --Aser.[ql
0769. astheneia \{as-then'-i-ah\}; from 772; feebleness (of mind or body) ; by implication, malady; morally, frailty iil 20 di sease,
infirmity, sickness, weakness.[ql
0770. astheneo \{as-then-eh'-o\}; from 772; to be feeble (in any sense): --be diseased, impotent folk (man), (be) sick, (be, be made) weak. [ql
0771. asthenema \{as-then'-ay-mah\}; from 770; a scruple of
conscience: --infirmity.[ql
0772. asthenes \{as-then-ace'\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and the base of 4599; strengthless (in various applications, literal, figurative and moral): --more feeble, impotent, sick, without strength, weak(-er, -ness, thing).[ql
0773. Asia \{as-ee'-ah\}; of uncertain derivation; Asia, i.e. Asia Minor, or (usually) only its western shore: --Asia.[ql
0774. Asianos \{as-ee-an-os'\}; from 773; an Asian (i.e. Asiatic) or an inhabitant of Asia: --of Asia.[ql
0775. Asiarches \{as-ee-ar'-khace\}; from 773 and 746; an Asiarch or president of the public festivities in a city of Asia Minor: --chief of Asia.[ql
0776. asitia \{as-ee-tee'-ah\}; from 777; fasting (the state):
--abstinence. [ql
0777. asitos \{as'-ee-tos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and 4621; without (taking) food: --fasting.[ql
0778. askeo \{as-keh'-o\}; probably from the same as 4632; to elaborate, i.e. (figuratively) train (by implication, strive):

- -exercize. [ql

779. askos \{as-kos'\}; from the same as 778; a leathern (or skin) bag used as a bottle: --bottle.[ql
780. asmenos \{as-men'-oce\}; adverb from a derivative of the base of 2237; with pleasure: --gladly.[ql
781. asophos \{as'-of-os\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and 4680; unwise: --fool.[ql
782. aspazomai \{as-pad'-zom-ahee\}; from 1 (as a particle of union) and a presumed form of 4685; to enfold in the arms, i.e. (by implication) to salute, (figuratively) to welcome: --embrace, greet, salute, take leave.[ql
783. aspasmos \{as-pas-mos'\}; from 782; a greeting (in person or by letter): --greeting, salutation.[ql
784. aspilos \{as'-pee-los\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and 4695; unblemished (physically or morally): --without spot, unspotted. [ql
785. aspis \{as-pece'\}; of uncertain derivation; a buckler (or round shield); used of a serpent (as coiling itself), probably the "asp": --asp.[ql
786. aspondos \{as'-pon-dos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a derivative of 4689; literally, without libation (which usually accompanied a treaty), i.e. (by implication) truceless:
--implacable, truce-breaker.[ql
787. assarion \{as-sar'-ee-on\}; of Latin origin; an assarius or as, a Roman coin: --farthing. [ql
788. asson \{as'-son\}; neuter comparative of the base of 1451; more nearly, i.e. very near: --close.[ql
789. Assos \{as'-sos\}; probably of foreign origin; Assus, a city of Asia MInor: --Assos.[ql
790. astateo \{as-tat-eh'-o\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a derivative of 2476; to be non-stationary, i.e. (figuratively) homeless: --have no certain dwelling-place. [ql
791. asteios \{as-ti'-os\}; from astu (a city); urbane, i.e. (by implication) handsome: --fair.[ql
792. aster \{as-tare'\}; probably from the base of 4766; a star (as strown over the sky), literally or figuratively: --star. [ql
793. asteriktos \{as-tay'-rik-tos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a presumed derivative of 4741; unfixed, i.e. (figuratively) vacillating: --unstable. [ql
794. astorgos \{as'-tor-gos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a presumed derivative of stergo (to cherish affectionately);
hard-hearted towards kindred: --without natural affection.[ql
795. astocheo \{as-tokh-eh'-o\}; from a compound of 1 (as a negative particle) and stoichos (an aim); to miss the mark, i.e.
(figuratively) deviate from truth: --err, swerve.[ql
796. astrape \{as-trap-ay'\}; from 797; lightning; by analogy, glare: --lightning, bright shining.[ql
797. astrapto \{as-trap'-to\}; probably from 792; to flash as lightning: --lighten, shine.[ql
798. astron \{as'-tron\}; neuter from 792; properly, a constellation; put for a single star (natural or artificial): --star. [ql
799. Asugkritos \{as-oong'-kree-tos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a derivative of 4793; incomparable; Asyncritus, a Christian: --Asyncritos.[ql
800. asumphonos \{as-oom'-fo-nos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and 4859; inharmonious (figuratively): --agree not.[ql
801. asunetos \{as-oon'-ay-tos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and 4908; unintelligent; by implication, wicked: --foolish, without understanding. [ql
802. asunthetos \{as-oon'-thet-os\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a derivative of 4934; properly, not agreed, i.e. treacherous to compacts: --covenant-breaker.[ql
803. asphaleia \{as-fal'-i-ah\}; from 804; security (literally or figuratively): --certainty, safety.[ql
804. asphales \{as-fal-ace'\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and sphallo (to "fail"); secure (literally or figuratively):
--certain(-ty), safe, sure.[ql
805. asphalizo \{as-fal-id'-zo\}; from 804; to render secure: --make fast (sure). [ql
806. asphalos \{as-fal-oce'\}; adverb from 804; securely (literally or figuratively): --assuredly, safely.[ql
807. aschemoneo \{as-kay-mon-eh'-o\}; from 809; to be (i.e. act) unbecoming: --behave self uncomely (unseemly).[ql
808. aschemosune \{as-kay-mos-oo'-nay\}; from 809; an indecency; by implication, the pudenda: --shame, that which is unseemly.[ql
809. askemon \{as-kay'-mone\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a presumed derivative of 2192 (in the sense of its congener 4976); properly, shapeless, i.e. (figuratively) inelegant: --uncomely.[ql
810. asotia \{as-o-tee'-ah\}; from a compound of 1 (as a negative particle) and a presumed derivative of 4982; properly, unsavedness, i.e. (by implication) profligacy: --excess, riot.[ql
811. asotos \{as-o'-toce\}; adverb from the same as 810; dissolutely: --riotous. [ql
812. atakteo \{at-ak-teh'-o\}; from 813; to be (i.e. act) irregular: --behave self disorderly.[ql
813. ataktos \{at'-ak-tos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a derivative of 5021; unarranged, i.e. (by implication) insubordinate (religiously): --unruly.[ql
814. ataktos \{at-ak'-toce\}; adverb from 813, irregularly (morally): --disorderly. [ql
815. ateknos \{at'-ek-nos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and 5043; childless: --childless, without children.[ql
816. atenizo \{at-en-id'-zo\}; from a compound of 1 (as a particle of union) and teino (to stretch); to gaze intently: --behold earnestly (stedfastly), fasten (eyes), look (earnestly, stedfastly, up stedfastly), set eyes.[ql
817. ater \{at'-er\}; a particle probably akin to 427; aloof, i.e. apart from (literally or figuratively): --in the absence of, without. [ql
818. atimazo \{at-im-ad'-zo\}; from 820; to render infamous, i.e. (by implication) contemn or maltreat: --despise, dishonour, suffer shame, entreat shamefully.[ql
819. atimia \{at-ee-mee'-ah\}; from 820; infamy, i.e. (subjectively) comparative indignity, (objectively) disgrace: --dishonour, reproach, shame, vile.[ql
820. atimos \{at'-ee-mos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and 5092; (negatively) unhonoured or (positively) dishonoured: --despised, without honour, less honourable [comparative degree].[ql
0821.atimoo \{at-ee-mo'-o\}; from 820; used like 818, to maltreat: --handle shamefully.[ql
821. atmis \{at-mece'\}; from the same as 109; mist: --vapour. [ql
822. atomos \{at'-om-os\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and the base of 5114; uncut, i.e. (by implication) indivisible [an "atom" of time]: --moment.[ql
823. atopos \{at'-op-os\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and 5117; out of place, i.e. (figuratively) improper, injurious, wicked:
--amiss, harm, unreasonable.[ql
824. Attaleia \{at-tal'-i-ah\}; from Attalos (a, king of Pergamus);

Attaleia, a place in Pamphylia: --Attalia.[ql
0826. augazo \{ow-gad'-zo\}; from 827; to beam forth (figuratively): --shine. [ql
0827. auge \{owg'-ay\}; of uncertain derivation; a ray of light, i.e. (by implication) radiance, dawn: --break of day.[ql
0828. Augoustos \{ow'-goos-tos\}; from Latin ["august"]; Augustus, a title of the Roman emperor: --Augustus. [ql
0829. authades \{ow-thad'-ace\}; from 846 and the base of 2237; self-pleasing, i.e. arrogant: --self-willed.[ql
0830. authairetos \{ow-thah'-ee-ret-os\}; from 846 and the same as 140; self-chosen, i.e. (by implication) voluntary: --of own accord, willing of self.[ql
0831. authenteo \{ow-then-teh'-o\}; from a compound of 846 and an obsolete hentes (a worker); to act of oneself, i.e. (figuratively) dominate: --usurp authority over. [ql
0832. auleo \{ow-leh'-o\}; from 836; to play the flute: --pipe.[ql
0833. aule \{ow-lay'\}; from the same as 109; a yard (as open to the wind); by implication, a mansion: --court, ([sheep-])fold, hall, palace. [ql
0834. auletes \{ow-lay-tace'\}; from 832; a flute-player: --minstrel, piper. [ql
0835. aulizomai \{ow-lid'-zom-ahee\}; middle voice from 833; to pass the night (properly, in the open air): --abide, lodge.[ql
0836. aulos \{ow-los'\}; from the same as 109; a flute (as blown): --pipe. [ql
0837. auzano \{owx-an'-o\}; a prolonged form of a primary verb; to grow ("wax"), i.e. enlarge (literal or figurative, active or passive): --grow (up), (give the) increase.[ql
0838. auxesis \{owx'-ay-sis\}; from 837; growth: --increase. [ql
0839. aurion \{ow'-ree-on\}; from a derivative of the same as 109 (meaning a breeze, i.e. the morning air); properly, fresh, i.e. (adverb with ellipsis of 2250) to-morrow: --(to-)morrow, next day. [ql
0840. austeros \{ow-stay-ros'\}; from a (presumed) derivative of the same as 109 (meaning blown); rough (properly as a gale), i.e. (figuratively) severe: --austere.[ql
0841. autarkeia \{ow-tar'-ki-ah\}; from 842; self-satisfaction, i.e. (abstractly) contentedness, or (concretely) a competence:
--contentment, sufficiency.[ql
0842. autarkes \{ow-tar'-kace\}; from 846 and 714; self-complacent, i.e. contented: --content. [ql
0843. autokatakritos \{ow-tok-at-ak'-ree-tos\}; from 846 and a derivative or 2632; self-condemned: --condemned of self.[ql
0844. automatos \{ow-tom'-at-os\}; from 846 and the same as 3155; self-moved ["automatic"], i.e. spontaneous: --of own accord, of self. [ql
0845. autoptes \{ow-top'-tace\}; from 846 and 3700; self-seeing, i.e. an eyewitness: --eye-witness.[ql
0846. autos \{ow-tos'\}; from the particle au [perhaps akin to the base of 109 through the idea of a baffling wind] (backward); the reflexive pronoun self, used (alone or in the comparative 1438) of the third person, and (with the proper personal pronoun) of the other persons: --her, it(-self), one, the other, (mine) own, said, ([self-], the) same, ([him-, my-, thy-])self, [your-]selves, she, that, their(-s), them([-selves]), there[-at, -by, -in, -into, -of, -on, -with], they, (these) things, this (man), those, together, very, which. Compare 848. [ql
0847. autou \{ow-too'\}; genitive (i.e. possessive) of 846 , used as an adverb of location; properly, belonging to the same spot, i.e. in this (or that) place: --(t-)here.[ql
0848. hautou \{how-too'\}; contracted for 1438; self (in some oblique case or reflexively, relation): --her (own), (of) him(-self), his (own), of it, thee, their (own), them(-selves), they.[ql
0849. autocheir \{ow-tokh'-ire\}; from 846 and 5495; self-handed, i.e. doing personally: --with...own hands.[ql
0850. auchmeros \{owkh-may-ros'\}; from auchmos [probably from a base akin to that of 109] (dust, as dried by wind); properly, dirty, i.e. (by implication) obscure: --dark.[ql
0851. aphaireo \{af-ahee-reh'-o\}; from 575 and 138; to remove (literally or figuratively): --cut (smite) off, take away.[ql
0852. aphanes \{af-an-ace'\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and 5316; non-apparent): --that is not manifest.[ql
0853. aphanizo \{af-an-id'-zo\}; from 852; to render unapparent, i.e. (actively) consume (becloud), or (passively) disappear (be destroyed): --corrupt, disfigure, perish, vanish away.[ql
0854. aphanismos \{af-an-is-mos'\}; from 853; disappearance, i.e.
(figuratively) abrogation: --vanish away.[ql
0855. aphantos \{af'-an-tos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a derivative of 5316; non-manifested, i.e. invisible: --vanished out of sight.[ql
0856. aphedron \{af-ed-rone'\}; from a compound of 575 and the base of 1476; a place of sitting apart, i.e. a privy: --draught.[ql
0857. apheidia \{af-i-dee'-ah\}; from a compound of 1 (as a negative particle) and 5339; unsparingness, i.e. austerity (ascetism): --neglecting. [ql
0858. aphelotes \{af-el-ot'-ace\}; from a compound of 1 (as a negative particle) and phellos (in the sense of a stone as stubbing the foot); smoothness, i.e. (figuratively) simplicity: --singleness.[ql
0859. aphesis \{af'-es-is\}; from 863; freedom; (figuratively) pardon: --deliverance, forgiveness, liberty, remission.[ql
0860. haphe \{haf-ay'\}; from 680; probably a ligament (as fastening): --joint. [ql
0861. aphthrsia \{af-thar-see'-ah\}; from 862; incorruptibility; genitive case unending existence; (figuratively) genuineness: --immortality, incorruption, sincerity.[ql
0862. aphthartos \{af'-thar-tos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a derivative of 5351; undecaying (in essence or continuance): --not (in-, un-) corruptible, immortal.[ql
0863. aphiemi \{af-ee'-ay-mee\}; from 575 and hiemi (to send; an intens. form of eimi, to go); to send forth, in various applications (as follow): --cry, forgive, forsake, lay aside, leave, let (alone, be, go, have), omit, put (send) away, remit, suffer, yield up. [ql
0864. aphikneomai \{af-ik-neh'-om-ahee\}; from 575 and the base of 2425; to go (i.e. spread) forth (by rumor): --come abroad.[ql
0865. aphilagathos \{af-il-ag'-ath-os\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and 5358; hostile to virtue: --despiser of those that are good. [ql
0866. aphilarguros \{af-il-ar'-goo-ros\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and 5366; unavaricious: --without covetousness, not greedy of filthy lucre. [ql
0867. aphixis \{af'-ix-is\}; from 864; properly, arrival, i.e. (by implication) departure: --departing. [ql
0868. aphistemi \{af-is'-tay-mee\}; frm 575 and 2476; to remove, i.e. (actively) instigate to revolt; usually (reflexively) to desist, desert, etc.: --depart, draw (fall) away, refrain, withdraw self.[ql
0869. aphno \{af'-no\}; adverb from 852 (contraction); unawares, i.e. unexpectedly: --suddenly.[ql
0870. aphobos \{af-ob'-oce\}; adverb from a compound of 1 (as a negative particle) and 5401; fearlessly: --without fear. [ql
0871. aphomoioo \{af-om-oy-o'-o\}; from 575 and 3666; to assimilate closely: --make like.[ql
0872. aphorao \{af-or-ah'-o\}; from 575 and 3708; to consider attentively: --look.[ql
0873. aphorizo \{af-or-id'-zo\}; from 575 and 3724; to set off by boundary, i.e. (figuratively) limit, exclude, appoint, etc.: --divide, separate, sever.[ql
0874. aphorme \{af-or-may'\}; from a compound of 575 and 3729; a starting-point, i.e. (figuratively) an opportunity: --occasion.[ql
0875. aphrizo \{af-rid'-zo\}; from 876; to froth at the mouth (in epilepsy): --foam.[ql
0876. aphros \{af-ros'\}; apparently a primary word; froth, i.e. slaver: --foaming. [ql
0877. aphrosune \{af-ros-oo'-nay\}; from 878; senselessness, i.e. (euphem.) egotism; (morally) recklessness: --folly, foolishly(-ness). [ql
0878. aphron \{af'-rone\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and 5424; properly, mindless, i.e. stupid, (by implication) ignorant, (specially) egotistic, (practically) rash, or (morally) unbelieving: --fool(-ish), unwise.[ql
0879. aphupnoo \{af-oop-no'-o\}; from a compound of 575 and 5258; properly, to become awake, i.e. (by implication) to drop (off) in slumber: --fall asleep.[ql
0880. aphonos \{af'-o-nos\}; from 1 (as a negatiye 1 particle) and 5456;
voiceless, i.e. mute (by nature or choice); figuratively, unmeaning: --dumb, without signification.[ql
0881. Achaz \{akh-adz'\}; of Hebrew origin [271]; Achaz, an Israelite: --Achaz. [ql
0882. Achaia \{ach-ah-ee'-ah\}; of uncertain derivation; Achaia (i.e. Greece), a country of Europe: --Achaia.[ql
0883. Achaikos \{ach-ah-ee-kos'\}; from 882; an Achaian; Achaicus, a Christian: --Achaicus.[ql
0884. acharistos \{ach-ar'-is-tos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a presumed derivative of 5483; thankless, i.e. ungrateful:
--unthankful.[ql
0885. Acheim \{akh-ime'\}; probably of Hebrew origin [compare 3137]; Achim, an Israelite: --Achim.[ql
0886. acheiropoietos \{akh-i-rop-oy'-ay-tos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and 5499; unmanufactured, i.e. inartificial: --made without (not made with) hands. [ql
0887. achlus \{akh-looce'\}; of uncertain derivation; dimness of sight, i.e. (probably) a cataract: --mist.[ql
0888. achreios \{akh-ri'-os\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and a derivative of 5534 [compare 5532]; useless, i.e. (euphem.)
unmeritorious: --unprofitable.[ql
0889. achreioo \{akh-ri-o'-o\}; from 888; to render useless, i.e.
spoil: --become unprofitable.[ql
0890. achrestos \{akh'-race-tos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and 5543; inefficient, i.e. (by implication) detrimental:
--unprofitable. [ql
0891. achri \{akh'-ree\}; or achris \{akh'-rece\}; akin to 206 (through the idea of a terminus); (of time) until or (of place) up to: --as far as, for, in(-to), till, (even, un-)to, until, while. Compare 3360. [ql
0892. achuron \{akh'-oo-ron\}; perhaps remotely from cheo (to shed forth); chaff (as diffusive): --chaff.[ql
0893. apseudes \{aps-yoo-dace'\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and 5579; veracious: --that cannot lie.[ql
0894. apsinthos \{ap'-sin-thos\}; of uncertain derivation; wormwood (as a type of bitterness, i.e. [figuratively] calamity):
--wormwood. [ql
0895. apsuchos \{ap'-soo-khos\}; from 1 (as a negative particle) and 5590; lifeless, i.e. inanimate (mechanical): --without life.[ql
0896. Baal \{bah'-al\}; of Hebrew origin [1168]; Baal, a Phoenician deity (used as a symbol of idolatry): --Baal.[ql
0897. Babulon \{bab-oo-lone'\}; of Hebrew origin [894]; Babylon, the capitol of Chaldaea (literally or figuratively [as a type of tyranny]): --Babylon.[ql
0898. bathmos \{bath-mos'\}; from the same as 899; a step, i.e. (figuratively) grade (of dignity): --degree.[ql

implication) extent; (figuratively) mystery: --deep(-ness, things), depth. [ql
0900. bathuno \{bath-oo'-no\}; from 901; to deepen: --deep. [ql
0901. bathus \{bath-oos'\}; from the base of 939; profound (as going down), literally or figuratively: --deep, very early.[ql
0902. baion \{bah-ee'-on; a diminutive of a derivative probably of the base of 939; a palm twig (as going out far): --branch.[ql
0903. Balaam \{bal-ah-am'\}; of Hebrew origin [1109]; Balaam, a Mesopotamian (symbolic of a false teacher): --Balaam. [ql
0904. Balak \{bal-ak'\}; of Hebrew origin [1111]; Balak, a Moabite: --Balac. [ql
0905. balantion \{bal-an'-tee-on\}; probably remotely from 906 (as a depository); a pouch (for money): --bag, purse.[ql
0906. ballo \{bal'-lo\}; a primary verb; to throw (in various applications, more or less violent or intense): --arise, cast (out), X dung, lay, lie, pour, put (up), send, strike, throw (down), thrust. Compare 4496.[q]
0907. baptizo \{bap-tid'-zo\}; from a derivative of 911; to immerse, submerge; to make overwhelmed (i.e. fully wet); used only (in the N.T.) of ceremonial ablution, especially (technically) of the ordinance of Christian baptism: --Baptist, baptize, wash.[ql
0908. baptisma \{bap'-tis-mah\}; from 907; immersion, baptism (technically or figuratively): --baptism.[ql
0909. baptismos \{bap-tis-mos'\}; from 907; ablution (ceremonial or Christian): --baptism, washing.[ql
0910. Baptistes \{bap-tis-tace'\}; from 907; a baptizer, as an epithet of Christ's forerunner: --Baptist. [ql
0911. bapto \{bap'-to\}; a primary verb; to overwhelm, i.e. cover wholly with a fluid; in the N.T. only in a qualified or specially, sense, i.e. (literally) to moisten (a part of one's person), or (by implication) to stain (as with dye): --dip.[ql
0912. Barabbas \{bar-ab-bas'\}; of Aramaic origin [1347 and 5]; son of

Abba; Bar-abbas, an Israelite: --Barabbas.[ql
0913. Barak \{bar-ak'\}; of Hebrew origin [1301]; Barak, an Israelite: --Barak. [ql
0914. Barachias \{bar-akh-ee'-as\}; of Hebrew origin [1296]; Barachias (i.e. Berechijah), an Israelite: --Barachias.[ql
0915. barbaros \{bar'-bar-os\}; of uncertain derivation; a foreigner (i.e. non-Greek): --barbarian(-rous). [ql
0916. bareo \{bar-eh'-o\}; from 926; to weigh down (figuratively):
--burden, charge, heavy, press.[ql
0917. bareos \{bar-eh'-oce\}; adverb from 926; heavily (figuratively): --dull. [ql
0918. Bartholomaios \{bar-thol-om-ah'-yos\}; of Aramaic origin [1247 and 8526]; son of Tolmai; Bar-tholomoeus, a Christian apostle:
--Bartholomeus.[ql
0919. Bariesous \{bar-ee-ay-sooce'\}; of Aramaic origin [1247 and 3091]; son of Jesus (or Joshua); Bar-jesus, an Israelite:
--Barjesus.[ql
0920. Barionas \{bar-ee-oo-nas'\}; of Aramaic origin [1247 and 3124]; son of Jonas (or Jonah); Bar-jonas, an Israelite: --Bar-jona.[ql
0921. Barnabas \{bar-nab'-as\}; of Aramaic origin [1247 and 5029]; son of Nabas (i.e. prophecy); Barnabas, an Israelite: --Barnabas.[ql
0922. baros \{bar'-os\}; probably from the same as 939 (through the notion of going down; compare 899); weight; in the N.T. only figuratively, a load, abundance, authority: --burden(-some), weight. [ql
0923. Barsabas \{bar-sab-as'\}; of Aramaic origin [1247 and probably 6634]; son of Sabas (or Tsaba); Bar-sabas, the name of two Israelites: --Barsabas.[ql
0924. Bartimaios \{bar-tim-ah'-yos\}; of Aramaic origin [1247 and 2931]; son of Timoeus (or the unclean); Bar-timoeus, an Israelite: --Bartimaeus. [ql
0925. baruno \{bar-oo'-no\}; from 926; to burden (figuratively): --overcharge. [ql
0926. barus \{bar-ooce'\}; from the same as 922 ; weighty, i.e. (fig) burdensome, grave: --greivous, heavy, weightier.[ql
0927. barutimos \{bar-oo'-tim-os\}; from 926 and 5092; highly valuable: --very precious.[ql
0928. basanizo \{bas-an-id'-zo\}; from 931; to torture: --pain, toil, torment, toss, vex.[ql
0929. basanismos \{bas-an-is-mos'\}; from 928; torture: --torment.[ql
0930. basanistes \{bas-an-is-tace'\}; from 928; a torturer:
--tormentor. [ql
0931. basanos \{bas'-an-os\}; perhaps remotely from the same as 939 (through the notion of going to the bottom); a touch-stone, i.e. (by analogy) torture: --torment.[ql
0932. basileia \{bas-il-i'-ah\}; from 935; properly, royalty, i.e. (abstractly) rule, or (concretely) a realm (literally or
figuratively): --kingdom, + reign.[ql
0933. basileion \{bas-il'-i-on\}; neuter of 934; a palace: --king's court. [ql
0934. basileios \{bas-il'-i-os\}; from 935; kingly (in nature): --royal.[ql
0935. basileus \{bas-il-yooce'\}; probably from 939 (through the notion of a foundation of power); a sovereign (abstractly, relatively, or figuratively): --king.[ql
0936. basileuo \{bas-il-yoo'-o\}; from 935; to rule (literally or figuratively): --king, reign.[ql
0937. basilikos \{bas-il-ee-kos'\}; from 935; regal (in relation), i.e. (literally) belonging to (or befitting) the sovereign (as land, dress, or a courtier), or (figuratively) preeminent: --king's, nobleman, royal.[ql
0938. basilissa \{bas-il'-is-sah\}; feminine from 936; a queen: --queen. [ql
0939. basis \{bas'-ece\}; from baino (to walk); a pace ("base"), i.e. (by implication) the foot: --foot.[ql
0940. baskaino \{bas-kah'-ee-no\}; akin to 5335; to malign, i.e. (by extension) to fascinate (by false representations): --bewitch.[ql
0941. bastazo \{bas-tad'-zo\}; perhaps remotely derived from the base of 939 (through the idea of removal); to lift, literally or figuratively (endure, declare, sustain, receive, etc.): --bear, carry, take up.[q]
0942. batos \{bat'-os\}; of uncertain derivation; a brier shrub:
--bramble, bush.[ql
0943. batos \{bat'-os\}; of Hebrew origin [1324]; a bath, or measure for liquids: --measure. [ql
0944. batrachos \{bat'-rakh-os\}; of uncertain derivation; a frog: --frog. [ql
0945. battologeo \{bat-tol-og-eh'-o\}; from Battos (a proverbial stammerer) and 3056; to stutter, i.e. (by implication) to prate tediously: --use vain repetitions.[ql
0946. bdelugma \{bdel'-oog-mah\}; from 948; a detestation, i.e. (specially) idolatry: --abomination.[ql
0947. bdeluktos \{bdel-ook-tos'\}; from 948; detestable, i.e. (specially) idolatrous: --abominable. [ql
0948. bdelusso \{bdel-oos'-so\}; from a (presumed) derivative of bdeo (to stink) ; to be disgusted, i.e. (by implication) detest
(especially of idolatry): --abhor, abominable.[ql
0949. bebaios \{beb'-ah-yos\}; from the base of 939 (through the idea of basality); stable (literally or figuratively): --firm, of force, stedfast, sure.[ql
0950. bebaioo \{beb-ah-yo'-o\}; from 949; to stabilitate
(figuratively): --confirm, (e-)stablish.[ql
0951. bebaiosis \{beb-ah'-yo-sis\}; from 950; stabiliment:
--confirmation. [ql
0952. bebelos \{beb'-ay-los\}; from the base of 939 and belos (a threshold); accessible (as by crossing the door-way), i.e. (by implication of Jewish notions) heathenish, wicked: --profane (person). [ql
0953. bebeloo \{beb-ay-lo'-o\}; from 952; to desecrate: --profane.[ql
0954. Beelzeboul \{beh-el-zeb-ool'\}; of Aramaic origin [by parody on 1176]; dung-god; Beelzebul, a name of Satan: --Beelzebub. [ql
0955. Belial \{bel-ee'-al\}; of Hebrew origin [1100]; worthlessness; Belial, as an epithet of Satan: --Belial.[ql
0956. belos \{bel'-os\}; from 906; a missile, i.e. spear or arrow: --dart. [ql
0957. beltion \{bel-tee'-on\}; neuter of a compound of a derivative of 906 (used for the comparative of 18); better: --very well.[ql
0958. Beniamin \{ben-ee-am-een'\}; of Hebrew origin [1144]; Benjamin, an Israelite: --Benjamin. [ql
0959. Bernike \{ber-nee'-kay\}; from a provincial form of 5342 and 3529; victorious; Bernice, a member of the Herodian family:
--Bernice. [ql
0960. Beroia \{ber'-oy-ah\}; perhaps a provincial from a derivative of 4008 [Peroea, i.e. the region beyond the coast-line]; Beroea, a place in Macedonia: --Berea. [ql
0961. Beroiaios \{ber-oy-ah'-yos\}; from 960; a Beroeoean or native of Beroea: --of Berea. [ql
0962. Bethabara \{bay-thab-ar-ah'\}; of Hebrew origin [1004 and 5679]; ferry-house; Bethabara (i.e. Bethabarah), a place on the Jordan:
--Bethabara. [ql
0963. Bethania \{bay-than-ee'-ah\}; of Aramaic origin; date-house; Beth-any, a place in Palestine: --Bethany. [ql
0964. Bethesda \{bay-thes-dah'\}; of Aramaic origin [compare 1004 and 2617]; house of kindness; Beth-esda, a pool in Jerusalem:
--Bethesda.[ql
0965. Bethleem \{bayth-leh-em'\}; of Hebrew origin [1036]; Bethleem (i.e. Beth-lechem), a place in Palestine: --Bethlehem.[ql
0966. Bethsaida \{bayth-sahee-dah'\}; of Aramaic origin [compare 1004 and 6719]; fishing-house; Bethsaida, a place in Palestine:
--Bethsaida. [ql
0967. Bethphage \{bayth-fag-ay'\}; of Aramaic origin [compare 1004 and 6291]; fig-house; Beth-phage, a place in Palestine: --Bethphage. [ql
0968. bema \{bay'-ma\}; from the base of 939; a step, i.e. foot-breath; by implication, a rostrum, i.e. a tribunal: --judgment-seat, set [foot] on, throne.[ql
0969. berullos \{bay'-rool-los\}; of uncertain derivation; a "beryl": --beryl. [ql
0970. bia \{bee'-ah\}; probably akin to 970 (through the idea of vital activity); force: --violence.[ql
0971. biazo \{bee-ad'-zo\}; from 979; to force, i.e. (reflexively) to crowd oneself (into), or (passively) to be seized: --press, suffer violence. [ql
0972. biaios \{bee'-ah-yos\}; from 970; violent: --mighty.[ql
0973. biastes \{bee-as-tace'\}; from 971; a forcer, i.e. (figuratively) energetic: --violent. [ql
0974. bibliaridion \{bib-lee-ar-id'-ee-on\}; a diminutive of 975; a booklet: --little book.[ql
0975. biblion \{bib-lee'-on\}; a diminutive of 976; a roll: --bill, book, scroll, writing.[ql
0976. biblos \{bib'-los\}; properly, the inner bark of the papyrus plant, i.e. (by implication) a sheet or scroll of writing:
--book. [ql
0977. bibrosko \{bib-ro'-sko\}; a reduplicated and prolonged form of an obsolete primary verb [perhaps causative of $1 / 1906$ ] 2022 to eat:
--eat. [ql
0978. Bithunia \{bee-thoo-nee'-ah\}; of uncertain derivation; Bithynia, a region of Asia: --Bithynia. [ql
0979. bios \{bee'-os\}; a primary word; life, i.e. (literally) the present state of existence; by implication, the means of livelihood: --good, life, living.[ql
0980. bioo \{bee-o'-o\}; from 979; to spend existence: --live. [ql
0981. biosis \{bee'-o-sis\}; from 980; living (properly, the act, by implication, the mode): --manner of life.[ql
0982. biotikos \{bee-o-tee-kos'\}; from a derivative of 980; relating to the present existence: --of (pertaining to, things that pertain to) this life. [ql
0983. blaberos \{blab-er-os'\}; from 984; injurious: --hurtful.[ql
0984. blapto \{blap'-to\}; a primary verb; properly, to hinder, i.e.
(by implication) to injure: --hurt. [ql
0985. blastano \{blas-tan'-o\}; from blastos (a sprout); to germinate; by implication, to yield fruit: --bring forth, bud, spring (up).[ql
0986. Blastos \{blas'-tos\}; perhaps the same as the base of 985 ;

Blastus, an officer of Herod Agrippa: --Blastus. [ql
0987. blasphemeo \{blas-fay-meh'-o\}; from 989; to vilify; specially, to speak impiously: --(speak) blaspheme(-er, -mously, -my), defame, rail on, revile, speak evil.[ql
0988. blasphemia \{blas-fay-me'-ah\}; from 989; vilification
(especially against God): --blasphemy, evil speaking, railing.[ql
0989. blasphemos \{blas'-fay-mos\}; from a derivative of 984 and 5345; scurrilious, i.e. calumnious (against men), or (specially) impious (against God): --blasphemer(-mous), railing.[ql
0990. blemma \{blem'-mah\}; from 991; vision (properly concrete; by implication, abstract): --seeing.[ql
0991. blepo \{blep'-o\}; a primary verb; to look at (literally or figuratively): --behold, beware, lie, look (on, to), perceive, regard, see, sight, take heed. Compare 3700.[ql
0992. bleteos \{blay-teh'-os\}; from 906; fit to be cast (i.e. applied): --must be put.[ql
0993. Boanerges \{bo-an-erg-es'\}; of Aramaic origin [1123 and 7266]; sons of commotion; Boanerges, an epithet of two of the apostles:
--Boanerges. [ql
0994. boao \{bo-ah'-o\}; apparently a prol. form of a primary verb; to halloo, i.e. shout (for help or in a tumultuous way): --cry.[ql
0995. boe \{bo-ay'\}; from 994; a halloo, i.e. call (for aid, etc.): --cry. [ql
0996. boetheia \{bo-ay'-thi-ah\}; from 998; aid; specially, a rope or chain for frapping a vessel: --help. [ql
0997. boetheo \{bo-ay-theh'-o\}; from 998; to aid or relieve: --help, sucour. [q]
0998. boethos \{bo-ay-thos'\};from 995 and theo (to run); a succorer: --helper.[ql
0999. bothunos \{both'-oo-nos\}; akin to 900; a hole (in the ground); specially, a cistern: --ditch, pit.[ql
1000. bole \{bol-ay'\}; from 906; a throw (as a measure of distance): --cast. [ql
1001. bolizo \{bol-id'-zo\}; from 1002; to heave the lead: --sound.[ql
1002. bolis \{bol-ece'\}; from 906; a missile, i.e. javelin:
--dart. [ql
1003. Booz \{bo-oz'\}; of Hebrew origin [1162]; Booz, (i.e. Boaz), an Israelite: --Booz.[ql
1004. borboros \{bor'-bor-os\}; of uncertain derivation; mud: --mire. [ql
1005. borrhas \{bor-hras'\}; of uncertain derivation; the north (properly, wind): --north. [ql
1006. bosko \{bos'-ko\}; a prol. form of a primary verb [compare 977, 1016]; to pasture; by extension to, fodder; reflexively, to graze: --feed, keep.[ql
1007. Bosor \{bos-or'\}; of Hebrew origin [1160]; Bosor (i.e. Beor), a Moabite: --Bosor.[ql
1008. botane \{bot-an'-ay\}; from 1006; herbage (as if for grazing): --herb. [ql
1009. botrus \{bot'-rooce\}; of uncertain derivation; a bunch (of grapes): --(vine) cluster (of the vine).[ql
1010. bouleutes \{bool-yoo-tace'\}; from 1011; an adviser, i.e. (specially) a councillor or member of the Jewish Sanhedrin:
--counsellor. [ql
1011. bouleuo \{bool-yoo'-o\}; from 1012; to advise, i.e.
(reflexively) deliberate, or (by implication) resolve: --consult, take counsel, determine, be minded, purpose.[ql
1012. boule \{boo-lay'\}; from 1014; volition, i.e. (objectively) advice, or (by implication) purpose: --+ advise, counsel, will.[ql
1013. boulema \{boo'-lay-mah\}; from 1014; a resolve: --purpose, will. [ql
1014. \{boo'-lom-ahee\}; middle voice of a primary verb.; to "will," i.e. (reflexively) be willing: --be disposed, minded, intend, list, (be, of own) will(-ing). Compare 2309.[ql
1015. bounos \{boo-nos'\}; probably of foreign origin; a hillock: --hill.[ql
1016. bous \{booce\}; probably from the base of 1006; an ox (as grazing), i.e. an animal of that species ("beef"): --ox.[ql
1017. brabeion \{brab-i'-on\}; from brabeus (an umpire of uncertain derivation); an award (of arbitration), i.e. (specially) a prize in the public games: --prize.[ql
1018. brabeuo \{brab-yoo'-o\}; from the same as 1017; to arbitrate, i.e. (genitive case) to govern (figuratively, prevail): --rule.[ql
1019. braduno \{brad-oo'-no\}; from 1021; to delay: --be slack, tarry. [ql
1020. braduploeo \{brad-oo-plo-eh'-o\}; from 1021 and a prolonged form of 4126; to sail slowly: --sail slowly.[ql
1021. bradus \{brad-ooce'\}; of uncertain affinity; slow;
figuratively, dull: --slow.[ql
1022. bradutes \{brad-oo'-tace\}; from 1021; tardiness:
--slackness.[ql
1023. brachion \{brakh-ee'-own\}; properly, comparative of 1024, but apparently in the sense of brasso (to wield); the arm, i.e.
(figuratively) strength: --arm. [ql
1024. brachus \{brakh-ooce'\}; of uncertain affinity; short (of time, place, quantity, or number): --few words, little (space, while).[ql
1025. brephos \{bref'-os\}; of uncertain affin.; an infant (properly, unborn) literally or figuratively: --babe, (young) child, infant.[ql
1026. brecho \{brekh'-o\}; a primary verb; to moisten (especially by a shower): --(send) rain, wash.[ql
1027. bronte \{bron-tay'\}; akin to bremo (to roar); thunder:

- -thunder(-ing). [ql

1028. broche \{brokh-ay'\}; from 1026; rain: --rain. [q]
1029. brochos \{brokh'-os\}; of uncertain derivation; a noose:

- -snare. [ql

1030. brugmos \{broog-mos'\}; from 1031; a grating (of the teeth): --gnashing. [ql
1031. brucho \{broo'-kho\}; a primary verb; to grate the teeth (in pain or rage): --gnash. [ql
1032. bruo \{broo'-o\}; a primary verb; to swell out, i.e. (by implication) to gush: --send forth.[ql
1033. broma \{bro'-mah\}; from the base of 977; food (literally or figuratively), especially (ceremonially) articles allowed or forbidden by the Jewish law: --meat, victuals.[ql
1034. brosimos \{bro'-sim-os\}; from 1035; eatable: --meat.[ql
1035. brosis \{bro'-sis\}; from the base of 977; (abstractly) eating (literally or figuratively); by extension (concretely) food (literally or figuratively): --eating, food, meat.[ql
1036. buthizo \{boo-thid'-zo\}; from 1037; to sink; by implication, to drown: --begin to sink, drown. [ql
1037. buthos \{boo-thos'\}; a variation of 899; depth, i.e. (by implication) the sea: --deep.[ql
1038. burseus \{boorce-yooce'\}; from bursa (a hide); a tanner: --tanner. [ql
1039. bussinos \{boos'-see-nos\}; from 1040; made of linen (neuter a linen cloth): --fine linen.[ql
1040. bussos \{boos'-sos\}; of Hebrew origin [948]; white linen:
1041. bomos \{bo'-mos\}; from the base of 939; properly, a stand, i.e. (specially) an altar: --altar.[ql
1042. gabbatha \{gab-bath-ah'\}; of Aramaic origin [compare 1355]; the knoll; gabbatha, a vernacular term for the Roman tribunal in
Jerusalem: --Gabbatha.[ql
1043. Gabriel \{gab-ree-ale'\}; of Hebrew origin [1403]; Gabriel, an archangel: --Gabriel.[ql
1044. gaggraina \{gang'-grahee-nah\}; from graino (to gnaw); an ulcer ("gangrene"): --canker.[ql
1045. Gad \{gad\}; of Hebrew origin [1410]; Gad, a tribe of Israelites: --Gad.[ql
1046. Gadarenos \{gad-ar-ay-nos'\}; from (a town east of the Jordan); a Gadarene or inhabitant of Gadara: --Gadarene. [ql
1047. gaza \{gad'-zah\}; of foreign origin; a treasure: --treasure. [ql
1048. Gaza \{gad'-zah\}; of Hebrew origin [5804]; Gazah (i.e. Azzah), a place in Palestine: --Gaza.[ql
1049. gazophulakion \{gad-zof-oo-lak'-ee-on\}; from 1047 and 5438; a treasure-house, i.e. a court in the temple for the collection-boxes: --treasury.[ql
1050. Gaios \{gah'-ee-os\}; of Latin origin; Gaius (i.e. Caius), a Christian: --Gaius. [ql
1051. gala \{gal'-ah\}; of uncertain affinity; milk (figuratively): --milk. [ql
1052. Galates \{gal-at'-ace\}; from 1053; a Galatian or inhabitant of Galatia: --Galatian. [ql
1053. Galatia \{gal-at-ee'-ah\}; of foreign origin; Galatia, a region of Asia: --Galatia. [ql
1054. Galatikos \{gal-at-ee-kos'\}; from 1053; Galatic or relating to Galatia: --of Galatia.[ql
1055. galene \{gal-ay'-nay\}; of uncertain derivation; tranquillity: -- calm. [ql
1056. Galilaia \{gal-il-ah'-yah\}; of Hebrew origin [1551]; Galiloea (i.e. the heathen circle), a region of Palestine: --Galilee. [ql
1057. Galilaios \{gal-ee-lah'-yos\}; from 1056; Galilean or belonging to Galilea: --Galilean, of Galilee.[ql
1058. Gallion \{gal-lee'-own\}; of Latin origin; Gallion (i.e.

Gallio), a Roman officer: --Gallio.[ql
1059. Gamaliel \{gam-al-ee-ale'\}; of Hebrew origin [1583]; Gamaliel (i.e. Gamliel), an Israelite: --Gamaliel. [ql
1060. gameo \{gam-eh'-o\}; from 1062; to wed (of either sex): --marry (a wife). [ql
1061. gamisko \{gam-is'-ko\}; from 1062; to espouse (a daughter to a husband): --give in marriage. [ql
1062. gamos \{gam'-os\}; of uncertain affinity; nuptials: --marriage, wedding. [ql
1063. gar \{gar\}; a primary particle; properly, assigning a reason (used in argument, explanation or intensification; often with other particles): --and, as, because (that), but, even, for, indeed, no doubt, seeing, then, therefore, verily, what, why, yet.[ql
1064. gaster \{gas-tare'\}; of uncertain derivation; the stomach; by analogy, the matrix; figuratively, a gourmand: --belly, + with child, womb. [ql
1065. ge \{gheh\}; a primary particle of emphasis or qualification (often used with other particles prefixed): --and besides, doubtless, at least, yet.[ql
1066. Gedeon \{ghed-eh-own'\}; of Hebrew origin [1439]; Gedeon (i.e. Gid[e]on), an Israelite: --Gedeon (in the KJV).[ql
1067. geena \{gheh'-en-nah\}; of Hebrew origin [1516 and 2011]; valley of (the son of) Hinnom; ge-henna (or Ge-Hinnom), a valley of Jerusalem, used (figuratively) as a name for the place (or state) of everlasting punishment: --hell. [ql
1068. Gethsemane \{gheth-say-man-ay'\}; of Aramaic origin [compare 1660 and 8081]; oil-press; Gethsemane, a garden near Jerusalem:
--Gethsemane. [ql
1069. geiton \{ghi'-tone\}; from 1093; a neighbour (as adjoining one's ground); by implication, a friend: --neighbour. [ql
1070. gelao \{ghel-ah'-o\}; of uncertain affinity; to laugh (as a sign of joy or satisfaction): --laugh. [ql
1071. gelos \{ghel'-os\}; from 1070; laughter (as a mark of gratification): --laughter.[ql
1072. gemizo \{ghem-id'-zo\}; transitive from 1073; to fill entirely: --fill (be) full.[ql
1073. gemo \{ghem'-o\}; a primary verb; to swell out, i.e. be full: --be full. [ql
1074. genea \{ghen-eh-ah'\}; from (a presumed derivative of) 1085; a generation; by implication, an age (the period or the persons):
--age, generation, nation, time.[ql
1075. genealogeo \{ghen-eh-al-og-eh'-o\}; from 1074 and 3056; to reckon by generations, i.e. trace in genealogy: --count by descent. [ql
1076. genealogia \{ghen-eh-al-og-ee'-ah\}; from the same as 1075; tracing by generations, i.e. "genealogy": --genealogy.[ql
1077. genesia \{ghen-es'-ee-ah\}; neuter plural of a derivative of 1078; birthday ceremonies: --birthday.[ql
1078. genesis \{ghen'-es-is\}; from the same as 1074; nativity; figuratively, nature: --generation, nature(-ral).[ql
1079. genete \{ghen-et-ay\}; feminine of a presumed derivative of the base of 1074; birth: --birth.[ql
1080. gennao \{ghen-nah'-o\}; from a variation of 1085; to procreate (properly, of the father, but by extension of the mother);
figuratively, to regenerate: --bear, beget, be $1 / 19 / 2022$ bring forth,
conceive, be delivered of, gender, make, spring.[ql
1081. gennema \{ghen'-nay-mah\}; from 1080; offspring; by analogy, produce (literally or figuratively): --fruit, generation.[ql
1082. Gennesaret \{ghen-nay-sar-et'\}; of Hebrew origin [compare 3672]; Gennesaret (i.e. Kinnereth), a lake and plain in Palestine:--Gennesaret.[ql
1083. gennesis \{ghen'-nay-sis\}; from 1080; nativity: --birth. [ql
1084. gennetos \{ghen-nay-tos'\}; from 1080; born: --they that are born. [ql
1085. genos \{ghen'-os\}; from 1096; "kin" (abstract or concrete, literal or figurative, individual or collective): --born, country(-man), diversity, generation, kind(-red), nation, offspring, stock. [ql
1086. Gergesenos \{gher-ghes-ay-nos'\}; of Hebrew origin [1622]; a Gergesene (i.e. Girgashite) or one of the aborigines of Palestine:
--Gergesene. [ql
1087. gerousia \{gher-oo-see'-ah\}; from 1088; the eldership, i.e. (collect.) the Jewish Sanhedrin: --senate. [ql
1088. geron \{gher'-own\}; of uncertain affinity [compare 1094]; aged: - -old. [ql
1089. geuomai \{ghyoo'-om-ahee\}; a primary verb; to taste; by implication, to eat; figuratively, to experience (good or ill): --eat, taste.[ql
1090. georgeo \{gheh-or-gheh'-o\}; from 1092; to till (the soil): --dress.[ql
1091. georgion \{gheh-ore'-ghee-on\}; neuter of a (presumed) derivative of 1092; cultivate, i.e. a farm: --husbandry.[ql
1092. georgos \{gheh-ore-gos'\}; from 1093 and the base of 2041; a
land-worker, i.e. farmer: --husbandman.[ql
1093. ge \{ghay\}; contracted from a primary word; soil; by extension a region, or the solid part or the whole of the terrene globe (including the occupants in each application): --country, earth(-ly), ground, land, world.[ql
1094. geras \{ghay'-ras\}; akin to 1088; senility: --old age.[ql
1095. gerasko \{ghay-ras'-ko\}; from 1094; to be senescent: --be (wax) old. [ql
1096. ginomai \{ghin'-om-ahee\}; a prolongation and middle voice form of a primary verb; to cause to be ("gen"-erate), i.e. (reflexively) to become (come into being), used with great latitude (literal, figurative, intensive, etc.): --arise, be assembled, be(-come, -fall, -have self), be brought (to pass), (be) come (to pass), continue, be divided, draw, be ended, fall, be finished, follow, be found, be fulfilled, + God forbid, grow, happen, have, be kept, be made, be married, be ordained to be, partake, pass, be performed, be published, require, seem, be showed, $X$ soon as it was, sound, be taken, be turned, use, wax, will, would, be wrought.[ql
1097. ginosko \{ghin-oce'-ko\}; a prolonged form of a primary verb; to "know" (absolutely) in a great variety of applications and with many implications (as follow, with others not thus clearly expressed):
--allow, be aware (of), feel, (have) know(-ledge), perceived, be resolved, can speak, be sure, understand.[ql
1098. gleukos \{glyoo'-kos\}; akin to 1099; sweet wine, i.e. (prop.) must (fresh juice), but used of the more saccharine (and therefore highly inebriating) fermented wine: --new wine. [ql
1099. glukus \{gloo-koos'\}; of uncertain affinity; sweet (i.e. not bitter nor salt): --sweet, fresh.[ql
1100. glossa \{gloce-sah'\}; of uncertain affinity; the tongue; by implication, a language (specially, one naturally unacquired): --tongue. [ql
1101. glossokomon \{gloce-sok'-om-on\}; from 1100 and the base of 2889; properly, a case (to keep mouthpieces of wind-instruments in) i.e. (by extension) a casket or (specially) purse: --bag.[ql
1102. gnapheus \{gnaf-yuce'\}; by variation for a derivative from knapto (to tease cloth); a cloth-dresser: --fuller.[ql
1103. gnesios \{gnay'-see-os\}; from the same as 1077; legitimate (of birth), i.e. genuine: --own, sincerity, true.[ql
1104. gnesios \{gnay-see'-ose\}; adverb from 1103; genuinely, i.e. really: --natuarally.[ql
1105. gnophos \{gnof'-os\}; akin to 3509; gloom (as of a storm):
--blackness.[ql
1106. gnome \{gno'-may\}; from 1097; cognition, i.e. (subjectively) opinion, or (objectively) resolve (counsel, consent, etc.):
--advice, + agree, judgment, mind, purpose, will.[ql
1107. gnorizo \{gno-rid'-zo\}; from a derivative of 1097; to make known; subjectively, to know: --certify, declare, make known, give to understand, do to wit, wot.[ql
1108. gnosis \{gno'-sis\}; from 1097; knowing (the act), i.e. (by implication) knowledge: --knowledge, science.[ql
1109. gnostes \{gnoce'-tace\}; from 1097; a knower: --expert.[ql
1110. gnostos \{gnoce-tos'\}; from 1097; well-known: --acquaintance, (which may be) known, notable. [ql
1111. gogguzo \{gong-good'-zo\}; of uncertain derivation; to grumble: --murmur. [ql
1112. goggusmos \{gong-goos-mos'\}; from 1111; a grumbling:
--grudging, murmuring.[ql
1113. goggustes \{gong-goos-tace'\}; from 1111; a grumbler:
--murmurer.[ql
1114. goes \{go'-ace\}; from goao (to wail); properly, a wizard (as muttering spells), i.e. (by implication) an imposter: --seducer.[ql
1115. Golgotha \{gol-goth-ah'\}; of Aramaic origin [compare 1538]; the skull; Golgotha, a knoll near Jerusalem: --Golgotha.[ql
1116. Gomorrha \{gom'-or-hrhah\}; of Hebrew origin [6017]; Gomorrha
(i.e. Amorah), a place near the Dead Sea: --Gomorrha.[ql
1117. gomos \{gom'-os\}; from 1073; a load (as filling), i.e.
(specially) a cargo, or (by extension) wares: 1/iburden,
merchandise. [ql
1118. goneus \{gon-yooce'\}; from the base of 1096; a parent:
--parent. [ql
1119. gonu \{gon-oo'\}; of uncertain affinity; the "knee": --knee(X -l). [ql
1120. gonupeteo \{gon-oo-pet-eh'-o\}; from a compound of 1119 and the alternate of 4098; to fall on the knee: --bow the knee, kneel down. [ql
1121. gramma \{gram'-mah\}; from 1125; a writing, i.e. a letter, note, epistle, book, etc.; plural learning: --bill, learning, letter, scripture, writing, written. [ql
1122. grammateus \{gram-mat-yooce'\}; from 1121. a writer, i.e. (professionally) scribe or secretary: --scribe, town-clerk.[ql
1123. graptos \{grap-tos'\}; from 1125; inscribed (figuratively):
--written. [ql
1124. graphe \{graf-ay'\}; a document, i.e. holy Writ (or its contents or a statement in it): --scripture.[ql
1125. grapho \{graf'-o\}; a primary verb; to "grave", especially to write; figuratively, to describe: --describe, write(-ing, -ten).[ql
1126. graodes \{grah-o'-dace\}; from graus (an old woman) and 1491; crone-like, i.e. silly: --old wives'.[ql
1127. gregoreuo \{gray-gor-yoo'-o\}; from 1453; to keep awake, i.e. watch (literally or figuratively): --be vigilant, wake, (be) watch (-ful). [ql
1128. gumnazo \{goom-nad'-zo\}; from 1131; to practise naked (in the games), i.e. train (figuratively): --exercise.[ql
1129. gumnasia \{goom-nas-ee'-ah\}; from 1128; training, i.e. (figuratively) asceticism: --exercise.[ql
1130. gumneteuo \{goom-nayt-yoo'-o\}; from a derivative of 1131; to strip, i.e. (reflexively) go poorly clad: --be naked. [ql
1131. gumnos \{goom-nos'\}; of uncertain affinity; nude (absolute or relative, literal or figurative): --naked.[ql
1132. gumnotes \{goom-not'-ace\}; from 1131; nudity (absolute or comparative): --nakedness.[ql
1133. gunaikarion \{goo-nahee-kar'-ee-on\}; a diminutive from 1135; a little (i.e. foolish) woman: --silly woman. [ql
1134. gunaikeios \{goo-nahee-ki'-os\}; from 1135; feminine: --wife. [ql
1135. gune \{goo-nay'\}; probably from the base of 1096; a woman; specially, a wife: --wife, woman.[ql
1136. Gog \{gogue\}; of Hebrew origin [1463]; Gog, a symb. name for some future Antichrist: --Gog.[ql
1137. gonia \{go-nee'-ah\}; probably akin to 1119; an angle: --corner, quarter. [ql
1138. Dabid \{dab-eed'\}; of Hebrew origin [1732]; Dabid (i.e. David), the Israelite king: --David. [ql
1139. daimonizomai \{dahee-mon-id'-zom-ahee\}; middle voice from 1142; to be exercised by a daemon: --have a (be vexed with, be possessed with) devil(-s).[ql
1140. daimonion \{dahee-mon'-ee-on\}; neuter of a derivative of 1142; a daemonic being; by extension a deity: --devil, god.[ql
1141. daimoniodes \{dahee-mon-ee-o'-dace\}; from 1140 and 1142; daemon-like: --devilish. [ql
1142. daimon \{dah'-ee-mown\}; from daio (to distribute fortunes); a daemon or supernatural spirit (of a bad nature): --devil.[ql
1143. dakno \{dak'-no\}; a prolonged form of a primary root; to bite, i.e. (figuratively) thwart: --bite.[ql
1144. dakru \{dak'-roo\}; or dakruon \{dak'-roo-on\}; of uncertain affinity; a tear: --tear.[ql
1145. dakruo \{dak-roo'-o\}; from 1144; to shed tears: --weep. Compare 2799. [ql
1146. daktulios \{dak-too'-lee-os\}; from 1147; a finger-ring: --ring. [ql
1147. daktulos \{dak'-too-los\}; probably from 1176; a finger: --finger. [ql
1148. Dalmanoutha \{dal-man-oo-thah'\}; probably of Aramaic origin; Dalmanutha, a place in Palestine: --Dalmanutha.[ql
1149. Dalmatia \{dal-mat-ee'-ah\}; probably of foreign derivation; Dalmatia, a region of Europe: --Dalmatia.[ql
1150. damazo \{dam-ad'-zo\}; a variation of an obsolete primary of the same meaning; to tame: --tame.[ql
1151. damalis \{dam'-al-is\}; probably from the base of 1150; a heifer (as tame): --heifer.[ql
1152. Damaris \{dam'-ar-is\}; probably from the base of 1150; perhaps gentle; Damaris, an Athenian woman: --Damaris.[ql
1153. Damaskenos \{dam-as-kay-nos'\}; from 1154; a Damascene or inhabitant of Damascus: --Damascene. [ql
1154. Damaskos \{dam-as-kos'\}; of Hebrew origin [1834]; Damascus, a city of Syria: --Damascus.[ql
1155. daneizo \{dan-ide'-zo\}; from 1156; to loan on interest; reflexively, to borrow: --borrow, lend.[ql
1156. daneion \{dan'-i-on\}; from danos (a gift); probably akin to the base of 1325; a loan: --debt.[ql
1157. daneistes \{dan-ice-tace'\}; from 1155; a lender: --creditor.[ql
1158. Daniel \{dan-ee-ale'\}; of Hebrew origin [1840]; Daniel, an Israelite: --Daniel.[ql
1159. dapanao \{dap-an-ah'-o\}; from 1160; to expend, i.e. (in a good sense) to incur cost, or (in a bad one) to waste: --be at charges, consume, spend.[ql
1160. dapane \{dap-an'-ay\}; from dapto (to devgur) $1 / 1 / 2022^{2}$ expense (as
consuming): --cost.[ql
1161. de \{deh\}; a primary particle (adversative or continuative); but, and, etc.: --also, and, but, moreover, now [often unexpressed in English].[ql
1162. deesis \{deh'-ay-sis\}; from 1189; a petition: --prayer, request, supplication.[ql
1163. dei \{die\}; 3d person singular active present of 1210; also deon \{deh-on'\}; neuter active participle of the same; both used impersonally; it is (was, etc.) necessary (as binding): --behoved, be meet, must (needs), (be) need(-ful), ought, should.[ql
1164. deigma \{digh'-mah\}; from the base of 1166; a specimen (as shown): --example.[ql
1165. deigmatizo \{digh-mat-id'-zo\}; from 1164; to exhibit: --make a shew. [ql
1166. deiknuo \{dike-noo'-o\}; a prolonged form of an obsolete primary of the same meaning; to show (literally or figuratively): --shew. [ql
1167. deilia \{di-lee'-ah\}; from 1169; timidity: --fear.[ql
1168. deiliao \{di-lee-ah'-o\}; from 1167; to be timid: --be afraid. [ql
1169. deilos \{di-los'\}; from deos (dread); timid, i.e. (by implication) faithless: --fearful.[ql
1170. deina \{di'-nah\}; probably from the same as 1171 (through the idea of forgetting the name as fearful, i.e. strange); so and so (when the person is not specified): --such a man. [ql
1171. deinos \{di-noce'\}; adverb from a derivative of the same as 1169; terribly, i.e. excessively: --grievously, vehemently.[ql
1172. deipneo \{dipe-neh'-o\}; from 1173; to dine, i.e. take the principle (or evening) meal: --sup (X -er).[ql
1173. deipnon \{dipe'-non\}; from the same as 1160; dinner, i.e. the chief meal (usually in the evening): --feast, supper.[ql
1174. deisidaimonesteros \{dice-ee-dahee-mon-es'-ter-os\}; the compound of a derivative of the base of 1169 and 1142; more religious than others: --too superstitious.[ql
1175. deisidaimonia \{dice-ee-dahee-mon-ee'-ah\}; from the same as 1174; religion: --superstition.[ql
1176. deka \{dek'-ah\}; a primary number; ten: --[eight-]een, ten. [ql
1177. dekaduo \{dek-ad-oo'-o\}; from 1176 and 1417; two and ten, i.e. twelve: --twelve. [ql
1178. dekapente \{dek-ap-en'-teh\}; from 1176 and 4002; ten and five, i.e. fifteen: --fifteen.[ql
1179. Dekapolis \{dek-ap'-ol-is\}; from 1176 and 4172; the ten-city region; the Decapolis, a district in Syria: --Decapolis.[ql
1180. dekatessares \{dek-at-es'-sar-es\}; from 1176 and 5064; ten and four, i.e. fourteen: --fourteen.[ql
1181. dekate \{dek-at'-ay\}; feminine of 1182; a tenth $17 / 2022$ i.e. as a
percentage or (tech.) tithe: --tenth (part), tithe.[ql
1182. dekatos \{dek'-at-os\}; ordinal from 1176; tenth: --tenth. [ql
1183. dekatoo \{dek-at-o'-o\}; from 1181; to tithe, i.e. to give or take a tenth: --pay (receive) tithes. [ql
1184. dektos \{dek-tos'\}; from 1209; approved; (figuratively) propitious: --accepted(-table).[ql
1185. deleazo \{del-eh-ad'-zo\}; from the base of 1388; to entrap, i.e. (figuratively) delude: --allure, beguile, entice.[ql
1186. dendron \{den'-dron\}; probably from drus (an oak); a tree:
--tree. [ql
1187. dexiolabos \{dex-ee-ol-ab'-os\}; from 1188 and 2983; a guardsman (as if taking the right) or light-armed soldier: --spearman.[ql
1188. dexios \{dex-ee-os'\}; from 1209; the right side or (feminine) hand (as that which usually takes): --right (hand, side).[ql
1189. deomai \{deh'-om-ahee\}; middle voice of 1210; to beg (as binding oneself), i.e. petition: --beseech, pray (to), make request. Compare 4441. [ql ***. deon. See 1163. [ql
1190. Derbaios \{der-bah'-ee-os\}; from 1191; a Derbaean or inhabitant of Derbe: --of Derbe. [ql
1191. Derbe \{der-bay'\}; of foreign origin; Derbe, a place in Asia Minor: --Derbe.[ql
1192. derma \{der'-mah\}; from 1194; a hide: --skin. [ql
1193. dermatinos \{der-mat'-ee-nos\}; from 1192; made of hide:
--leathern, of a skin.[ql
1194. dero \{der'-o\}; a primary verb; properly, to flay, i.e. (by implication) to scourge, or (by analogy) to thrash: --beat, smite. [ql
1195. desmeuo \{des-myoo'-o\}; from a (presumed) derivative of 1196; to be a binder (captor), i.e. to enchain (a prisoner), to tie on (a load): --bind.[ql
1196. desmeo \{des-meh'-o\}; from 1199; to tie, i.e. shackle: --bind. [ql
1197. desme \{des-may'\}; from 1196; a bundle: --bundle. [ql
1198. desmios \{des'-mee-os\}; from 1199; a captive (as bound): --in bonds, prisoner.[ql
1199. desmon \{des-mon'\}; or desmos \{des-mos'\}; neuter and masculine respectively from 1210; a band, i.e. ligament (of the body) or shackle (of a prisoner); figuratively, an impediment or disability: --band, bond, chain, string.[ql
1200. desmophulax \{des-mof-oo'-lax\}; from 1199 and 5441; a jailer (as guarding the prisoners): --jailor, keeper of the prison.[ql
1201. desmoterion \{des-mo-tay'-ree-on\}; from a derivative of 1199 (equivalent to 1196); a place of bondage, i.e. a dungeon:
--prison. [ql
captive: --prisoner.[ql
1203. despotes \{des-pot'-ace\}; perhaps from 1210 and posis (a husband); an absolute ruler ("despot"): --Lord, master.[ql
1204. deuro \{dyoo'-ro\}; of uncertain affinity; here; used also imperative hither!; and of time, hitherto: --come (hither), hither[-to].[ql
1205. deute \{dyoo'-teh\}; from 1204 and an imperative form of eimi (to go); come hither!: --come, X follow. [ql
1206. deuteraios \{dyoo-ter-ah'-yos\}; from 1208; secondary, i.e. (specially) on the second day: --next day.[ql
1207. deuteroprotos \{dyoo-ter-op'-ro-tos\}; from 1208 and 4413; second-first, i.e. (specially) a designation of the Sabbath immediately after the Paschal week (being the second after Passover day, and the first of the seven Sabbaths intervening before Pentecost): --second...after the first.[ql
1208. deuteros \{dyoo'-ter-os\}; as the compare of 1417; (ordinal) second (in time, place, or rank; also adverb): --afterward, again, second(-arily, time).[ql
1209. dechomai \{dekh'-om-ahee\}; middle voice of a primary verb; to receive (in various applications, literally or figuratively):
--accept, receive, take. Compare 2983.[ql
1210. deo \{deh'-o\}; a primary verb; to bind (in various applications, literally or figuratively): --bind, be in bonds, knit, tie, wind. See also 1163, 1189.[ql
1211. de \{day\}; probably akin to 1161; a particle of emphasis or explicitness; now, then, etc.: --also, and, doubtless, now, therefore. [ql
1212. delos \{day'-los\}; of uncertain derivation; clear: --+ bewray, certain, evident, manifest.[ql
1213. deloo \{day-lo'-o\}; from 1212; to make plain (by words): --declare, shew, signify.[ql
1214. Demas \{day-mas'\}; probably for 1216; Demas, a Christian: --Demas. [ql
1215. demexoreo \{day-may-gor-eh'-o\}; from a compound of 1218 and 58; to be a people-gatherer, i.e. to address a public assembly: --make an oration.[ql
1216. Demetrios \{day-may'-tree-os\}; from Demeter (Ceres); Demetrius, the name of an Ephesian and of a Christian: --Demetrius.[ql
1217. demiourgos \{day-me-oor-gos'\}; from 1218 and 2041; a worker for the people, i.e. mechanic (spoken of the Creator): --maker.[ql
1218. demos \{day'-mos\}; from 1210; the public (as bound together socially): --people.[ql
1219. demosios \{day-mos'ee-os\}; from 1218; public; (feminine singular dative case as adverb) in public: --common, openly, publickly. [ql
1220. denarion \{day-nar'-ee-on\}; of Latin origin; a denarius (or ten asses): --pence, penny[-worth].[ql
1221. depote \{day'-pot-eh\}; from 1211 and 4218; a particle of generalization; indeed, at any time: --(what-) soever.[ql
1222. depou \{day'-poo\}; from 1211 and 4225; a particle of asservation; indeed doubtless: --verily.[ql
1223. dia \{dee-ah'\}; a primary preposition denoting the channel of an act; through (in very wide applications, local, causal, or occasional): --after, always, among, at, to avoid, because of (that), briefly, by, for (cause)...fore, from, in, by occasion of, of, by reason of, for sake, that, thereby, therefore, $X$ though, through(-out), to, wherefore, with(-in). In composition it retains the same general import.[ql ***. Dia. See 2203.[ql
1224. diabaino \{dee-ab-ah'-ee-no\}; from 1223 and the base of 939; to cross: --come over, pass (through).[ql
1225. diaballo \{dee-ab-al'-lo\}; from 1223 and 906; (figuratively) to traduce: --accuse.[ql
1226. diabebaioomai \{dee-ab-eb-ahee-o'-om-ahee\}; middle voice of a compound of 1223 and 950; to confirm thoroughly (by words), i.e. asseverate: --affirm constantly.[ql
1227. diablepo \{dee-ab-lep'-o\}; from 1223 and 991; to look through, i.e. recover full vision: --see clearly.[ql
1228. diabolos \{dee-ab'-ol-os\}; from 1225; a traducer; specially, Satan [compare 7854]: --false accuser, devil, slanderer.[ql
1229. diaggello \{de-ang-gel'-lo\}; from 1223 and the base of 32; to herald thoroughly: --declare, preach, signify.[ql
1230. diaginomai \{dee-ag-in'-om-ahee\}; from 1223 and 1096; to elapse meanwhile: --X after, be past, be spent.[ql
1231. diaginosko \{dee-ag-in-o'-sko\}; from 1223 and 1097; to know thoroughly, i.e. ascertain exactly: --(would) enquire, know the uttermost. [ql
1232. diagnorizo \{dee-ag-no-rid'-zo\}; from 1123 and 1107; to tell abroad: --make known.[ql
1233. diagnosis \{dee-ag'-no-sis\}; from 1231; (magisterial)
examination ("diagnosis"): --hearing.[ql
1234. diagogguzo \{dee-ag-ong-good'-zo\}; from 1223 and 1111; to complain throughout a crowd: --murmur.[ql
1235. diagregoreo \{dee-ag-ray-gor-eh'-o\}; from 1223 and 1127; to waken thoroughly: --be awake. [ql
1236. diago \{dee-ag'-o\}; from 1223 and 71 ; to pass time or life: --lead life, living.[ql
1237. diadechomai \{dee-ad-ekh'-om-ahee\}; from 1223 and 1209; to receive in turn, i.e. (figuratively) succeed to: --come after. [q]
1238. diadema \{dee-ad'-ay-mah\}; from a compound of 1223 and 1210; a "diadem" (as bound about the head): --crown. Compare 4735.[q7
1239. diadidomai \{dee-ad-id'-o-mee\}; from 1223 and 1325; to give throughout a crowd, i.e. deal out; also to deliver over (as to a successor): --(make) distribute(-ion), divide, give.[ql
1241. diazonnumi \{dee-az-own'-noo-mee\}; from 1223 and 2224; to gird tightly: --gird.[ql
1242. diatheke \{dee-ath-ay'-kay\}; from 1303; properly, a disposition, i.e. (specially) a contract (especially a devisory will): --covenant, testament.[ql
1243. diairesis \{dee-ah'-ee-res-is\}; from 1244; a distinction or (concretely) variety: --difference, diversity.[ql
1244. diaireo \{dee-ahee-reh'-o\}; from 1223 and 138; to separate, i.e. distribute: --divide.[ql
1245. diakatharizo \{dee-ak-ath-ar-id'-zo\}; from 1223 and 2511; to cleanse perfectly, i.e. (specially) winnow: --thoroughly purge.[ql
1246. diakatelegchomai \{dee-ak-at-el-eng'-khom-ahee\}; middle voice from 1223 and a compound of 2596 and 1651; to prove downright, i.e. confute: --convince. [ql
1247. diakoneo \{dee-ak-on-eh'-o\}; from 1249; to be an attendant, i.e. wait upon (menially or as a host, friend, or [figuratively] teacher); techn. to act as a Christian deacon: --(ad-)minister (unto), serve, use the office of a deacon. [ql
1248. diakonia \{dee-ak-on-ee'-ah\}; from 1249; attendance (as a servant, etc.); figuratively (eleemosynary) aid, (official) service (especially of the Christian teacher, or techn. of the diaconate): --(ad-)minister(-ing, -tration, -try), office, relief, service(-ing). [ql
1249. diakonos \{dee-ak'-on-os\}; probably from an obsolete diako (to run on errands; compare 1377); an attendant, i.e. (genitive case) a waiter (at table or in other menial duties); specially, a Christian teacher and pastor (technically, a deacon or deaconess): --deacon, minister, servant. [ql
1250. diakosioi \{dee-ak-os'-ee-oy\}; from 1364 and 1540; two hundred: --two hundred.[ql
1251. diakouomai \{dee-ak-oo'-om-ahee\}; middle voice from 1223 and 191; to hear throughout, i.e. patiently listen (to a prisoner's plea): --hear. [ql
1252. diakrino \{dee-ak-ree'-no\}; from 1223 and 2919; to separate thoroughly, i.e. (literally and reflexively) to withdraw from, or (by implication) oppose; figuratively, to discriminate (by implication, decide), or (reflexively) hesitate: --contend, make (to) differ(-ence), discern, doubt, judge, be partial, stagger, waver. [ql
1253. diakrisis \{dee-ak'-ree-sis\}; from 1252; judicial estimation: --discern(-ing), disputation. [ql
1254. diakoluo \{dee-ak-o-loo'-o\}; from 1223 and 2967; to hinder altogether, i.e. utterly prohibit: --forbid.[ql
1255. dialaleo \{dee-al-al-eh'-o\}; from 1223 and 2980; to talk throughout a company, i.e. converse or (genitive case) publish: --commune, noise abroad.[ql
1256. dialegomai \{dee-al-eg'-om-ahee\}; middle voice from 1223 and 3004; to say thoroughly, i.e. discuss (in argument or exhortation): --dispute, preach (unto), reason (with), speak, $[9 / 2022$
1257. dialeipo \{dee-al-i'-po\}; from 1223 and 3007; to leave off in the middle, i.e. intermit: --cease.[ql
1258. dialektos \{dee-al'-ek-tos\}; from 1256; a (mode of) discourse, i.e. "dialect": --language, tongue.[ql
1259. diallasso \{dee-al-las'-so\}; from 1223 and 236; to change thoroughly, i.e. (mentally) to conciliate: --reconcile.[ql
1260. dialogizomai \{dee-al-og-id'-zom-ahee\}; from 1223 and 3049; to reckon thoroughly, i.e. (genitive case) to deliberate (by reflection or discussion): --cast in mind, consider, dispute, muse, reason, think. [ql
1261. dialogismos \{dee-al-og-is-mos'\}; from 1260; discussion, i.e. (internal) consideration (by implication, purpose), or (external) debate: --dispute, doubtful(-ing), imagination, reasoning, thought. [ql
1262. dialuo \{dee-al-00'-o\}; from 1223 and 3089; to dissolve utterly: --scatter.[ql
1263. diamarturomai \{dee-am-ar-too'-rom-ahee\}; from 1223 and 3140; to attest or protest earnestly, or (by implication) hortatively: --charge, testify (unto), witness.[ql
1264. diamachomai \{dee-am-akh'-om-ahee\}; from 1223 and 3164; to fight fiercely (in altercation): --strive.[ql
1265. diameno \{dee-am-en'-o\}; from 1223 and 3306; to stay constantly (in being or relation): --continue, remain.[ql
1266. diamerizo \{dee-am-er-id'-zo\}; from 1223 and 3307 ; to partition thoroughly (literally in distribution, figuratively in dissension): --cloven, divide, part.[ql
1267. diamerismos \{dee-am-er-is-mos'\}; from 1266; disunion (of opinion and conduct): --division.[ql
1268. dianemo \{dee-an-em'-o\}; from 1223 and the base of 3551; to distribute, i.e. (of information) to disseminate: --spread.[ql
1269. dianeuo \{dee-an-yoo'-o\}; from 1223 and 3506; to nod (or express by signs) across an intervening space: --beckon. [ql
1270. dianoema \{dee-an-o'-ay-mah\}; from a compound of 1223 and 3539; something thought through, i.e. a sentiment: --thought.[ql
1271. dianoia \{dee-an'-oy-ah\}; from 1223 and 3563; deep thought, properly, the faculty (mind or its disposition), by implication, its exercise: --imagination, mind, understanding.[ql
1272. dianoigo \{dee-an-oy'-go\}; from 1223 and 455; to open thoroughly, literally (as a first-born) or figuratively (to expound): --open.[ql
1273. dianuktereuo \{dee-an-ook-ter-yoo'-o\}; from 1223 and a derivative of 3571 ; to sit up the whole night: --continue all night. [ql
1274. dianuo \{dee-an-oo'-o\}; from 1223 and anuo (to effect); to accomplish thoroughly: --finish.[ql
1275. diapantos \{dee-ap-an-tos'\}; from 1223 and the genit. of 3956; through all the time, i.e. (adverbially) constantly: $1 / 17 / 2022^{-a l w a y(-s), ~}$
continually. [ql
1276. diaperao \{dee-ap-er-ah'-o\}; from 1223 and a derivative of the base of 4008; to cross entirely: --go over, pass (over), sail over. [ql
1277. diapleo \{dee-ap-leh'-o\}; from 1223 and 4126; to sail through: --sail over. [ql
1278. diaponeo \{dee-ap-on-eh'-o\}; from 1223 and a derivative of 4192; to toil through, i.e. (passively) be worried: --be grieved.[ql
1279. diaporeuomai \{dee-ap-or-yoo'-om-ahee\}; from 1223 and 4198; to travel through: --go through, journey in, pass by.[ql
1280. diaporeo \{dee-ap-or-eh'-o\}; from 1223 and 639; to be thoroughly nonplussed: --(be in) doubt, be (much) perplexed.[ql
1281. diapragmateuomai \{dee-ap-rag-mat-yoo'-om-ahee\}; from 1223 and 4231; to thoroughly occupy oneself, i.e. (transitively and by implication) to earn in business: --gain by trading.[ql
1282. diaprio \{dee-ap-ree'-o\}; from 1223 and the base of 4249; to saw asunder, i.e. (figuratively) to exasperate: --cut (to the heart). [ql
1283. diarpazo \{dee-ar-pad'-zo\}; from 1223 and 726; to sieze asunder, i.e. plunder: --spoil. [ql
1284. diarrhesso \{dee-ar-hrayce'-so\}; from 1223 and 4486; to tear asunder: --break, rend.[ql
1285. diasapheo \{dee-as-af-eh'-o\}; from 1223 and saphes (clear); to clear thoroughly, i.e. (figuratively) declare: --tell unto.[ql
1286. diaseio \{dee-as-i'-o\}; from 1223 and 4579; to shake thoroughly, i.e. (figuratively) to intimidate: --do violence to. [ql
1287. diaskorpizo \{dee-as-kor-pid'-zo\}; from 1223 and 4650; to dissapate, i.e. (genitive case) to rout or separate; specially, to winnow; figuratively, to squander: --disperse, scatter (abroad), strew, waste.[ql
1288. diaspao \{dee-as-pah'-o\}; from 1223 and 4685; to draw apart, i.e. sever or dismember: --pluck asunder, pull in pieces.[ql
1289. diaspeiro \{dee-as-pi'-ro\}; from 1223 and 4687; to sow throughout, i.e. (figuratively) distribute in foreign lands:
--scatter abroad.[ql
1290. diaspora \{dee-as-por-ah'\}; from 1289; dispersion, i.e. (specially and concretely) the (converted) Israelite resident in Gentile countries: --(which are) scattered (abroad).[ql
1291. diastellomai \{dee-as-tel'-lom-ahee\}; middle voice from 1223 and 4724; to set (oneself) apart (figuratively, distinguish), i.e. (by implication) to enjoin: --charge, that which was (give) commanded(-ment). [ql
1292. diastema \{dee-as'-tay-mah\}; from 1339; an interval: --space. [ql
1293. diastole \{dee-as-tol-ay'\}; from 1291; a variation: --difference, distinction.[ql
i.e. (figuratively) misinterpret, or (morally) corrupt:
--perverse(-rt), turn away.[ql
1295. diasozo \{dee-as-odze'-o\}; from 1223 and 4982; to save thoroughly, i.e. (by implication or analogy) to cure, preserve, rescue, etc.: --bring safe, escape (safe), heal, make perfectly whole, save.[ql
1296. diatage \{dee-at-ag-ay'\}; from 1299; arrangement, i.e. institution: --instrumentality. [ql
1297. diatagma \{dee-at'-ag-mah\}; from 1299; an arrangement, i.e. (authoritative) edict: --commandment.[ql
1298. diatarasso \{dee-at-ar-as'-so\}; from 1223 and 5015; to disturb wholly, i.e. agitate (with alarm): --trouble.[ql
1299. diatasso \{dee-at-as'-so\}; from 1223 and 5021; to arrange thoroughly, i.e. (specially) institute, prescribe, etc.: --appoint, command, give, (set in) order, ordain.[ql
1300. diateleo \{dee-at-el-eh'-o\}; from 1223 and 5055; to accomplish thoroughly, i.e. (subjectively) to persist: --continue. [ql
1301. diatereo \{dee-at-ay-reh'-o\}; from 1223 and 5083; to watch thoroughly, i.e. (positively and transitively) to observe strictly, or (negatively and reflexively) to avoid wholly: --keep. [ql
1302. diati \{dee-at-ee'\}; from 1223 and 5101; through what cause?, i.e. why?: --wherefore, why.[ql
1303. diatithemai \{dee-at-ith'-em-ahee\}; middle voice from 1223 and 5087; to put apart, i.e. (figuratively) dispose (by assignment, compact, or bequest): --appoint, make, testator.[ql
1304. diatribo \{dee-at-ree'-bo\}; from 1223 and the base of 5147; to wear through (time), i.e. remain: --abide, be, continue, tarry.[ql
1305. diatrophe \{dee-at-rof-ay'\}; from a compound of 1223 and 5142; nourishment: --food. [ql
1306. diaugazo \{dee-ow-gad'-zo\}; from 1223 and 826; to glimmer (through), i.e. break (as day): --dawn.[ql
1307. diaphanes \{dee-af-an-ace'\}; from 1223 and 5316; appearing through, i.e. "diaphanous": --transparent.[ql
1308. diaphero \{dee-af-er'-o\}; from 1223 and 5342; to bear through, i.e. (literally) transport; usually to bear apart, i.e.
(objectively) to toss about (figuratively, report); subjectively, to "differ", or (by implication) surpass: --be better, carry, differ from, drive up and down, be (more) excellent, make matter, publish, be of more value.[ql
1309. diapheugo \{dee-af-yoo'-go\}; from 1223 and 5343; to flee through, i.e. escape: --escape.[ql
1310. diaphemizo \{dee-af-ay-mid'-zo\}; from 1223 and a derivative of 5345; to report thoroughly, i.e. divulgate: --blaze abroad, commonly report, spread abroad, fame.[ql
1311. diaphtheiro \{dee-af-thi'-ro\}; from 1225 and 5351; to rot thoroughly, i.e. (by implication) to ruin (passively, decay utterly, figuratively, pervert): --corrupt, destroy, perish.[ql
--corruption. [ql
1313. diaphoros \{dee-af'-or-os\}; from 1308; varying; also surpassing: --differing, divers, more excellent. [ql
1314. diaphulasso \{dee-af-oo-las'-so\}; from 1223 and 5442; to guard thoroughly, i.e. protect: --keep.[ql
1315. diacheirizomai \{dee-akh-i-rid'-zom-ahee\}; from 1223 and a derivative of 5495; to handle thoroughly, i.e. lay violent hands upon: --kill, slay.[ql
1316. diachorizomai \{dee-akh-o-rid'-zom-ahee\}; from 1223 and the middle voice of 5563 ; to remove (oneself) wholly, i.e. retire: --depart. [ql
1317. didaktikos \{did-ak-tik-os'\}; from 1318; instructive ("didactic"): --apt to teach.[ql
1318. didaktos \{did-ak-tos'\}; from 1321; (subjectively) instructed, or (objectively) communicated by teaching: --taught, which...teacheth. [ql
1319. didaskalia \{did-as-kal-ee'-ah\}; from 1320; instruction (the function or the information): --doctrine, learning, teaching.[ql
1320. didaskalos \{did-as'-kal-os\}; from 1321; an instructor (genitive case or specially): --doctor, master, teacher.[ql
1321. didasko \{did-as'-ko\}; a prolonged (causative) form of a primary verb dao (to learn); to teach (in the same broad application): --teach.[ql
1322. didache \{did-akh-ay'\}; from 1321; instruction (the act or the matter): --doctrine, hath been taught. [ql
1323. didrachmon \{did'-rakh-mon\}; from 1364 and 1406; a double drachma (didrachm): --tribute.[ql
1324. Didumos \{did'-oo-mos\}; prolongation from 1364; double, i.e. twin; Didymus, a Christian: --Didymus.[ql
1325. didomi \{did'-o-mee\}; a prolonged form of a primary verb (which is used as an altern. in most of the tenses); to give (used in a very wide application, properly, or by implication, literally or figuratively; greatly modified by the connection): --adventure, bestow, bring forth, commit, deliver (up), give, grant, hinder, make, minister, number, offer, have power, put, receive, set, shew, smite (+ with the hand), strike (+ with the palm of the hand), suffer, take, utter, yield.[ql
1326. diegeiro \{dee-eg-i'-ro\}; from 1223 and 1453; to wake fully; i.e. arouse (literally or figuratively): --arise, awake, raise, stir up. [ql
1327. diexodos \{dee-ex'-od-os\}; from 1223 and 1841; an outlet through, i.e. probably an open square (from which roads diverge): --highway. [ql
1328. diermeneutes \{dee-er-main-yoo-tace'\}; from 1329; an explainer: -- interpreter. [ql
1329. diermeneuo \{dee-er-main-yoo'-o\}; from 1223 and 2059; to explain thoroughly, by implication, to translate: --expound, interpret(-ation). [ql
1330. dierchomai \{dee-er'-khom-ahee\}; from 1223 and 2064; to traverse (literally): --come, depart, go (about, abroad, everywhere, over, through, throughout), pass (by, over, through, throughout), pierce through, travel, walk through. [ql
1331. dierotao \{dee-er-o-tah'-o\}; from 1223 and 2065; to question throughout, i.e. ascertain by interrogation: --make enquiry foreign[ql
1332. dietes \{dee-et-ace'\}; from 1364 and 2094; of two years (in age): --two years old.[ql
1333. dietia \{dee-et-ee'-a\}; from 1332; a space of two years (biennium): --two years.[ql
1334. diegeomai \{dee-ayg-eh'-om-ahee\}; from 1223 and 2233; to relate fully: --declare, shew, tell.[ql
1335. diegesis \{dee-ayg'-es-is\}; from 1334; a recital:
--declaration. [ql
1336. dienekes \{dee-ay-nek-es'\}; neuter of a compound of 1223 and a derivative of an alternate of 5342; carried through, i.e. (adverbially with 1519 and 3588 prefixed) perpetually: --+ continually, for ever.[ql
1337. dithalassos \{dee-thal'-as-sos\}; from 1364 and 2281; having two seas, i.e. a sound with a double outlet: --where two seas meet.[ql
1338. diikneomai \{dee-ik-neh'-om-ahee\}; from 1223 and the base of 2425; to reach through, i.e. penetrate: --pierce.[ql
1339. diistemi \{dee-is'-tay-mee\}; from 1223 and 2476; to stand apart, i.e. (reflexively) to remove, intervene: --go further, be parted, after the space of.[ql
1340. diischurizomai \{dee-is-khoo-rid'-zom-ahee\}; from 1223 and a derivative of 2478; to stout it through, i.e. asservate:
--confidently (constantly) affirm. [ql
1341. dikaiokrisia \{dik-ah-yok-ris-ee'-ah\}; from 1342 and 2920; a just sentence: --righteous judgment.[ql
1342. dikaios \{dik'-ah-yos\}; from 1349; equitable (in character or act); by implication, innocent, holy (absolutely or relatively): --just, meet, right(-eous).[ql
1343. dikaiosune \{dik-ah-yos-oo'-nay\}; from 1342; equity (of character or act) ; specially (Christian) justification:
--righteousness. [ql
1344. dikaioo \{dik-ah-yo'-o\}; from 1342; to render (i.e. show or regard as) just or innocent: --free, justify(-ier), be righteous.[ql
1345. dikaioma \{dik-ah'-yo-mah\}; from 1344; an equitable deed; by implication, a statute or decision: --judgment, justification, ordinance, righteousness.[q]
1346. dikaios \{dik-ah'-yoce\}; adverb from 1342; equitably: --justly, (to) righteously(-ness).[ql
1347. dikaiosis \{dik-ah'-yo-sis\}; from 1344; aquittal (for Christ's sake): --justification.[ql
1348. dikastes \{dik-as-tace'\}; from a derivative of 1349; a judger: --judge.[ql
1349. dike \{dee'-kay\}; probably from 1166; right (as self-evident), i.e. justice (the principle, a decision, or its execution):
--judgment, punish, vengeance.[ql
1350. diktuon \{dik'-too-on\}; probably from a primary verb diko (to cast); a seine (for fishing): --net.[ql
1351. dilogos \{dil'-og-os\}; from 1364 and 3056; equivocal, i.e.
telling a different story:--double-tongued.[ql
1352. dio \{dee-o'\}; from 1223 and 3739; through which thing, i.e. consequently: --for which cause, therefore, wherefore.[ql
1353. diodeuo \{dee-od-yoo'-o\}; from 1223 and 3593; to travel
through: --go throughout, pass through. [ql
1354. Dionusios \{dee-on-oo'-see-os\}; from Dionusos (Bacchus);
reveller; Dionysius, an Athenian: --Dionysius.[ql
1355. dioper \{dee-op'-er\}; from 1352 and 4007; on which very account: --wherefore. [q]
1356. diopetes \{dee-op-et'-ace\}; from the alternate of 2203 and the alternate of 4098; sky-fallen (i.e. an aerolite): --which fell down from Jupiter. [ql
1357. diorthosis \{dee-or'-tho-sis\}; from a compound of 1223 and a derivative of 3717 , meaning to straighten thoroughly; rectification, i.e. (specially) the Messianic restauration: --reformation.[ql
1358. diorusso \{dee-or-oos'-so\}; from 1223 and 3736; to penetrate burglariously: --break through (up).[ql ***. Dios. See 2203.[ql
1359. Dioskouroi \{dee-os'-koo-roy\}; from the alternate of 2203 and a form of the base of 2877; sons of Jupiter, i.e. the twins Dioscuri:
--Castor and Pollux.[ql
1360. dioti \{dee-ot'-ee\}; from 1223 and 3754; on the very account that, or inasmuch as: --because (that), for, therefore.[ql
1361. Diotrephes \{dee-ot-ref-ace'\}; from the alternate of 2203 and 5142; Jove-nourished; Diotrephes, an opponent of Christianity: --Diotrephes.[ql
1362. diplous \{dip-looce'\}; from 1364 and (probably) the base of 4119; two-fold: --double, two-fold more.[ql
1363. diploo \{dip-lo'-o\}; from 1362; to render two-fold:
--double. [ql
1364. dis \{dece\}; adverb from 1417; twice: --again, twice.[ql ***. Dis. See 2203.[ql
1365. distazo \{dis-tad'-zo\}; from 1364; properly, to duplicate, i.e. (ment.) to waver (in opinion): --doubt.[ql
1366. distomos \{dis'-tom-os\}; from 1364 and 4750; double-edged: --with two edges, two-edged.[ql
1367. dischilioi \{dis-khil'-ee-oy\}; from 1364 and 5507; two thousand: --two thousand.[ql
1368. diulizo \{dee-oo-lid'-zo\}; from 1223 and hulizo \{hoo-lid'-zo\} (to filter); to strain out: --strain at [probably by misprint].[ql
1369. dichazo \{dee-khad'-zo\}; from a derivative of 1364; to make apart, i.e. sunder (figuratively, alienate): --set at variance.[ql
1370. dichostsis \{dee-khos-tas-ee'-ah\}; from a derivative of 1364 and 4714; disunion, i.e. (figuratively) dissension: --division, sedition. [q]
1371. dichotomeo \{dee-khot-om-eh'-o\}; from a compound of a derivative of 1364 and a derivative of temno (to cut); to bisect, i.e. (by extension) to flog severely: --cut asunder (in sunder). [ql
1372. dipsao \{dip-sah'-o\}; from a variation of 1373; to thirst for (literally or figuratively): --(be, be a-)thirst(-y).[ql
1373. dipsos \{dip'-sos\}; of uncertain affinity; thirst: --thirst.[ql
1374. dipsuchos \{dip'-soo-khos\}; from 1364 and 5590; two-spirited, i.e. vacillating (in opinion or purpose): --double minded.[ql
1375. diogmos \{dee-ogue-mos'\}; from 1377; persecution:
--persecution. [ql
1376. dioktes \{dee-oke'-tace\}; from 1377; a persecutor:
--persecutor.[ql
1377. dioko \{dee-o'-ko\}; a prolonged (and causative) form of a primary verb dio (to flee; compare the base of 1169 and 1249); to pursue (literally or figuratively); by implication, to persecute:
--ensue, follow (after), given to, (suffer) persecute(-ion), press
forward. [ql
1378. dogma \{dog'-mah\}; from the base of 1380; a law (civil, ceremonial or ecclesiastical): --decree, ordinance.[ql
1379. dogmatizo \{dog-mat-id'-zo\}; from 1378; to prescribe by statute, i.e. (reflexively) to submit to ceremonially rule: --be subject to ordinances.[ql
1380. dokeo \{dok-eh'-o\}; a prolonged form of a primary verb, doko \{dok'-o\} (used only in an alternate in certain tenses; compare the base of 1166) of the same meaning; to think; by implication, to seem (truthfully or uncertainly): --be accounted, (of own) please(-ure), be of reputation, seem (good), suppose, think, trow.[ql
1381. dokimazo \{dok-im-ad'-zo\}; from 1384; to test (literally or figuratively); by implication, to approve: --allow, discern, examine, X like, (ap-)prove, try.[ql
1382. dokime \{dok-ee-may'\}; from the same as 1384; test (abstractly or concretely); by implication, trustiness: --experience(-riment), proof, trial.[ql
1383. dokimion \{dok-im'-ee-on\}; neuter of a presumed derivative of 1382; a testing; by implication, trustworthiness: --trial, trying. [ql
1384. dokimos \{dok'-ee-mos\}; from 1380; properly, acceptable (current after assayal), i.e. approved: --approved, tried.[ql
1385. dokos \{dok-os'\}; from 1209 (through the idea of holding up); a stick of timber: --beam.[ql ***. doko. See 1380.[ql
1386. dolios \{dol'-ee-os\}; from 1388; guileful: --deceitful.[ql
1387. dolioo \{dol-ee-o'-o\}; from 1386; to be guileful: --use
deceit. [ql
1388. dolos \{dol'-os\}; from an obsolete primary verb, dello (probably meant to decoy; compare 1185); a trick (bait), i.e. (figuratively) wile: --craft, deceit, guile, subtilty.[ql
1389. doloo \{dol-o'-o\}; from 1388; to ensnare, i.e. (figuratively) adulterate: --handle deceitfully.[ql
1390. doma \{dom'-ah\}; from the base of 1325; a present: --gift.[ql
1391. doxa \{dox'-ah\}; from the base of 1380; glory (as very apparent), in a wide application (literal or figurative, objective or subjective): --dignity, glory(-ious), honour, praise, worship.[ql
1392. doxazo \{dox-ad'-zo\}; from 1391; to render (or esteem) glorious (in a wide application): --(make) glorify(-ious), full of (have) glory, honour, magnify.[ql
1393. Dorkas \{dor-kas'\}; gazelle; Dorcas, a Christian woman: --Dorcas.[ql
1394. dosis \{dos'-is\}; from the base of 1325; a giving; by implication (concretely) a gift: --gift, giving. [ql
1395. dotes \{dot'-ace\}; from the base of 1325; a giver: --giver.[ql
1396. doulagogeo \{doo-lag-ogue-eh'-o\}; from a presumed compound of 1401 and 71; to be a slave-driver, i.e. to enslave (figuratively, subdue): --bring into subjection. [ql
1397. douleia \{doo-li'-ah\}; from 1398; slavery (ceremonially or figuratively): --bondage.[ql
1398. douleuo \{dool-yoo'-o\}; from 1401; to be a slave to (literal or figurative, involuntary or voluntary): --be in bondage, (do) serve(-ice). [ql
1399. doule \{doo'-lay\}; feminine of 1401; a female slave
(involuntarily or voluntarily): --handmaid(-en). [ql
1400. doulon \{doo'-lon\}; neuter of 1401; subservient: --servant.[ql
1401. doulos \{doo'-los\}; from 1210; a slave (literal or figurative, involuntary or voluntary; frequently, therefore in a qualified sense of subjection or subserviency): --bond(-man), servant.[ql
1402. douloo \{doo-lo'-o\}; from 1401; to enslave (literally or figuratively): --bring into (be under) bondage, X given, become (make) servant. [ql
1403. doche \{dokh-ay'\}; from 1209; a reception, i.e. convivial entertainment: --feast.[ql
1404. drakon \{drak'-own\}; probably from an alternate form of derkomai (to look); a fabulous kind of serpent (perhaps as supposed to fascinate): --dragon.[ql
1405. drassomai \{dras'-som-ahee\}; perhaps akin to the base of 1404 (through the idea of capturing) ; to grasp, i.e. (figuratively) entrap: --take.[ql
1406. drachme \{drakh-may'\}; from 1405; a drachma or (silver) coin (as handled): --piece (of silver).[ql ***. dremo. See 5143.[ql
1407. drepanon \{drep'-an-on\}; from drepo (to pluck); a gathering hook (especially for harvesting): --sickle. [q]

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1408. dromos \{drom'-os\}; from the alternate of 5143; a race, i.e. (figuratively) career: --course.[ql
1409. Drousilla \{droo'-sil-lah\}; a feminine diminutive of Drusus (a Roman name); Drusilla, a member of the Herodian family:
--Drusilla.[ql ***. dumi. See 1416. [ql
1410. dunamai \{doo'-nam-ahee\}; of uncertain affinity; to be able or possible: --be able, can (do, + -not), could, may, might, be possible, be of power.[ql
1411. dunamis \{doo'-nam-is\}; from 1410; force (literally or figuratively); specially, miraculous power (usually by implication, a miracle itself): --ability, abundance, meaning, might(-ily, -y, -y deed), (worker of) miracle(-s), power, strength, violence, mighty (wonderful) work. [ql
1412. dunamoo \{doo-nam-o'-o\}; from 1411; to enable: --strengthen. [ql
1413. dunastes \{doo-nas'-tace\}; from 1410; a ruler or officer: --of great authority, mighty, potentate. [ql
1414. dunateo \{doo-nat-eh'-o\}; from 1415; to be efficient (figuratively): --be mighty.[ql
1415. dunatos \{doo-nat-os'\}; from 1410; powerful or capable (literally or figuratively); neuter possible: --able, could, (that is) mighty (man), possible, power, strong. [ql
1416. duno \{doo'-no\}; or dumi \{doo'-mee\}; prolonged forms of an obsolete primary duo \{doo'-o\} (to sink); to go "down": --set. [ql
1417. duo \{doo'-o\}; a primary numeral; "two": --both, twain, two.[ql
1418. dus- \{doos\}; a primary inseparable particle of uncertain derivation; used only in composition as a prefix; hard, i.e. with difficulty: --+ hard, + grievous, etc. [ql
1419. dusbastaktos \{doos-bas'-tak-tos\}; from 1418 and a derivative of 941; oppressive: --grievous to be borne.[ql
1420. dusenteria \{doos-en-ter-ee'-ah\}; from 1418 and a comparative of 1787 (meaning a bowel); a "dysentery": --bloody flux.[ql
1421. dusermeneutos \{doos-er-mane'-yoo-tos\}; from 1418 and a presumed derivative of 2059; difficult of explanation: --hard to be uttered. [ql
1422. duskolos \{doo'-kol-os\}; from 1418 and kolon (food); properly, fastidious about eating (peevish), i.e. (genitive case)
impracticable: --hard.[ql
1423. duskolos \{doos-kol'-oce\}; adverb from 1422; impracticably:
--hardly. [ql
1424. dusme \{doos-may'\}; from 1416; the sun-set, i.e. (by implication) the western region: --west.[ql
1425. dusnoetos \{doos-no'-ay-tos\}; from 1418 and a derivative of 3539; difficult of perception: --hard to be understood. [ql
1426. dusphemia \{doos-fay-mee'-ah\}; from a compound of 1418 and 5345; defamation: --evil report.[ql ***. duo. See 1416. [ql
1427. dodeka \{do'-dek-ah\}; from 1417 and 1176 i $_{1 / 1}$ two $/ 20222$ and ten, i.e. a
dozen: --twelve.[ql
1428. dodekatos \{do-dek'-at-os\}; from 1427; twelfth: --twelfth.[ql
1429. dodekaphulon \{do-dek-af'-oo-lon\}; from 1427 and 5443; the commonwealth of Israel: --twelve tribes.[ql
1430. doma \{do'-mah\}; from demo (to build); properly, an edifice, i.e. (specially) a roof: --housetop. [ql
1431. dorea \{do-reh-ah'\}; from 1435; a gratuity: --gift.[ql
1432. dorean \{do-reh-an'\}; accusative case of 1431 as adverb; gratuitously (literally or figuratively): --without a cause, freely, for naught, in vain. [ql
1433. doreomai \{do-reh'-om-ahee\}; middle voice from 1435; to bestow gratuitously: --give. [ql
1434. dorema \{do'-ray-mah\}; from 1433; a bestowment: --gift. [ql
1435. doron \{do'-ron\}; a present; specially, a sacrifice: --gift, offering. [ql
1436. ea \{eh'-ah\}; apparent imperative of 1439; properly, let it be, i.e. (as interjection) aha!: --let alone.[ql
1437. ean \{eh-an'\}; from 1487 and 302; a conditional particle; in case that, provided, etc.; often used in connection with other particles to denote indefiniteness or uncertainty: --before, but, except, (and) if, (if) so, (what-, whither-)soever, though, when(-soever), whether (or), to whom, [who-]so(-ever). See 3361.[q1 ***. ean me. See 3361. [ql
1438. heautou \{heh-ow-too'\} (including all other cases); from a reflexive pronoun otherwise obsolete and the genitive case (dative case or accusative case) of 846; him- (her-, it-, them-, also [in conjunction with the personal pronoun of the other persons] my-, thy-, our-, your-)self (selves), etc.: --alone, her (own, -self), (he) himself, his (own), itself, one (to) another, our (thine) own(-selves), + that she had, their (own, own selves), (of) them(-selves), they, thyself, you, your (own, own conceits, own selves, -selves).[ql
1439. eao \{eh-ah'-o\}; of uncertain affinity; to let be, i.e. permit or leave alone: --commit, leave, let (alone), suffer. See also 1436. [ql
1440. hebdomekonta \{heb-dom-ay'-kon-tah\}; from 1442 and a modified form of 1176; seventy: --seventy, three score and ten.[ql
1441. hebdomekontakis \{heb-dom-ay-kon-tak-is\}; multiple adverb from 1440; seventy times: --seventy times.[ql
1442. hebdomos \{heb'-dom-os\}; ordinal from 2033; seventh:
--seventh. [ql
1443. Eber \{eb-er'\}; of Hebrew origin [5677]; Eber, a patriarch: --Eber. [ql
1444. Hebraikos \{heb-rah-ee-kos'\}; from 1443; Aramaic or the Jewish language: --Hebrew. [ql
1445. Hebraios \{heb-rah'-yos\}; from 1443; a Hebraean (i.e. Hebrew) or Jew: --Hebrew.[ql
1446. Hebrais \{heb-rah-is'\}; from 1443; the Hebrew or Jewish (Aramaic) language: --Hebrew. [ql
1447. Hebraisti \{heb-rah-is-tee'\}; adverb from 1446; Hebraistically or in the Jewish (Aramaic) language: --in (the) Hebrew (tongue). [ql
1448. eggizo \{eng-id'-zo\}; from 1451; to make near, i.e.
(reflexively) approach: --approach, be at hand, come (draw) near, be (come, draw) nigh.[ql
1449. eggrapho \{eng-graf'-o\}; from 1722 and 1125; to "engrave", i.e. inscribe: --write (in).[ql
1450. egguos \{eng'-goo-os\}; from 1722 and guion (a limb); pledged (as if articulated by a member), i.e. a bondsman: --surety.[ql
1451. eggus \{eng-goos'\}; from a primary verb agcho (to squeeze or throttle; akin to the base of 43); near (literally or figuratively, of place or time): --from , at hand, near, nigh (at hand, unto), ready. [ql
1452. egguteron \{eng-goo'-ter-on\}; neuter of the comparative of 1451; nearer: --nearer. [q]
1453. egeiro \{eg-i'-ro\}; probably akin to the base of 58 (through the idea of collecting one's faculties); to waken (transitively or intransitively), i.e. rouse (literally, from sleep, from sitting or lying, from disease, from death; or figuratively, from obscurity, inactivity, ruins, nonexistence): --awake, lift (up), raise (again, up), rear up, (a-)rise (again, up), stand, take up.[ql
1454. egersis \{eg'-er-sis\}; from 1453; a resurgence (from death): --resurrection. [ql
1455. egkathetos \{eng-kath'-et-os\}; from 1722 and a derivative of 2524; subinduced, i.e. surreptitiously suborned as a lier-in-wait: --spy. [ql
1456. egkainia \{eng-kah'-ee-nee-ah\}; neuter plural of a presumed compound from 1722 and 2537; innovatives, i.e. (specially) renewal (of religious services after the Antiochian interruption):
--dedication.[ql
1457. egkainizo \{eng-kahee-nid'-zo\}; from 1456; to renew, i.e. inaugurate: --consecrate, dedicate.[ql
1458. egkaleo \{eng-kal-eh'-o\}; from 1722 and 2564 ; to call in (as a debt or demand), i.e. bring to account (charge, criminate, etc.): --accuse, call in question, implead, lay to the charge. [ql
1459. egkataleipo \{eng-kat-al-i'-po\}; from 1722 and 2641; to leave behind in some place, i.e. (in a good sense) let remain over, or (in a bad sense) to desert: --forsake, leave.[ql
1460. egkatoikeo \{eng-kat-oy-keh'-o\}; from 1722 and 2730; to settle down in a place, i.e. reside: --dwell among.[ql
1461. egkentrizo \{eng-ken-trid'-zo\}; from 1722 and a derivative of 2759; to prick in, i.e. ingraft: --graff in(-to).[ql
1462. egklema \{eng'-klay-mah\}; from 1458; an accusation, i.e.
offence alleged: --crime laid against, laid to charge. [ql
1463. egkomboomai \{eng-kom-bo'-om-ahee\}; middle voice from 1722 and komboo (to gird); to engirdle oneself (for labor), i.e.
figuratively (the apron as being a badge of seryitude) to wear (in
token of mutual deference): --be clothed with. [ql
1464. egkope \{eng-kop-ay'\}; from 1465; a hindrance: --X hinder.[ql
1465. egkopto \{eng-kop'-to\}; from 1722 and 2875 ; to cut into, i.e. (figuratively) impede, detain: --hinder, be tedious unto.[ql
1466. egkrateia \{eng-krat'-i-ah\}; from 1468; self-control (especially continence): --temperance. [ql
1467. egkrateuomai \{eng-krat-yoo'-om-ahee\}; middle voice from 1468; to exercise self-restraint (in diet and chastity): --can([-not]) contain, be temperate.[ql
1468. egkrates \{eng-krat-ace'\}; from 1722 and 2904; strong in a thing (masterful), i.e. (figuratively and reflexively) self-controlled (in appetite, etc.): --temperate.[ql
1469. egkrino \{eng-kree'-no\}; from 1722 and 2919; to judge in, i.e. count among: --make of the number. [ql
1470. ekgrupto \{eng-kroop'-to\}; from 1722 and 2928; to conceal in, i.e. incorporate with: --hid in.[ql
1471. egkuos \{eng'-koo-os\}; from 1722 and the base of 2949; swelling inside, i.e. pregnant: --great with child.[ql
1472. egchrio \{eng-khree'-o\}; from 1722 and 5548; to rub in (oil), i.e. besmear: --anoint. [ql
1473. ego \{eg-o'\}; a primary pronoun of the first person I (only expressed when emphatic): --I, me. For the other cases and the plural see 1691, 1698, 1700, 2248, 2249, 2254, 2257, etc.[ql
1474. edaphizo \{ed-af-id'-zo\}; from 1475; to raze: --lay even with the ground. [ql
1475. edaphos \{ed'-af-os\}; from the base of 1476; a basis (bottom), i.e. the soil: --ground.[ql
1476. hedraios \{hed-rah'-yos\}; from a derivative of hezomai (to sit); sedentary, i.e. (by implication) immovable: --settled, stedfast.[ql
1477. hedraioma \{hed-rah'-yo-mah\}; from a derivative of 1476; a support, i.e. (figuratively) basis: --ground.[ql
1478. Ezekias \{ed-zek-ee'-as\}; of Hebrew origin [2396]; Ezekias (i.e. Hezekeiah), an Israelite: --Ezekias.[ql
1479. ethelothreskeia \{eth-el-oth-race-ki'-ah\}; from 2309 and 2356; voluntary (arbitrary and unwarranted) piety, i.e. sanctimony: --will worship. [ql ***. ethelo. See 2309.[ql
1480. ethizo \{eth-id'-zo\}; from 1485; to accustom, i.e. (neuter passive participle) customary: --custom.[ql
1481. ethnarches \{eth-nar'-khace\}; from 1484 and 746; the governor [not king] of a district: --ethnarch. [ql
1482. ethnikos \{eth-nee-kos'\}; from 1484; national ("ethnic"), i.e. (specially) a Gentile: --heathen (man).[ql
1483. ethnikos \{eth-nee-koce'\}; adverb from 1482; as a Gentile: --after the manner of Gentiles.[ql
1484. ethnos \{eth'-nos\}; probably from 1486; a race (as of the same habit), i.e. a tribe; specially, a foreign (non-Jewish) one (usually by implication, pagan): --Gentile, heathen, nation, people.[ql
1485. ethos \{eth'-os\}; from 1486; a usage (prescribed by habit or law): --custom, manner, be wont.[ql
1486. etho \{eth'-o\}; a primary verb; to be used (by habit or conventionality); neuter perfect participle usage: --be custom (manner, wont). [ql
1487. ei \{i\}; a primary particle of conditionality; if, whether, that, etc.: --forasmuch as, if, that, ([al-])though, whether. Often used in connection or composition with other particles, especially as in 1489, 1490, 1499, 1508, 1509, 1512, 1513, 1536, 1537. See also 1437. [ql
1488. ei \{i\}; second person singular present of 1510; thou art: --art, be.[ql
1489. eige \{i'-gheh\}; from 1487 and 1065; if indeed, seeing that, unless, (with negative) otherwise: --if (so be that, yet).[ql
1490. ei de me(ge) \{i deh may'-(gheh)\}; from 1487, 1161, and 3361 (sometimes with 1065 added); but if not: --(or) else, if (not, otherwise), otherwise.[ql
1491. eidos \{i'-dos\}; from 1492; a view, i.e. form (literally or figuratively): --appearance, fashion, shape, sight.[ql
1492. eido \{i'-do\}; a primary verb; used only in certain past tenses, the others being borrowed from the equivalent 3700 and 3708; properly, to see (literally or figuratively) ; by implication (in the perf. only) to know: --be aware, behold, X can (+ not tell), consider, (have) know(-ledge), look (on), perceive, see, be sure, tell, understand, wish, wot. Compare 3700.[ql
1493. eidoleion \{i-do-li'-on\}; neuter of a presumed derivative of 1497; an image-fane: --idol's temple. [ql
1494. eidolothuton \{i-do-loth'-oo-ton\}; neuter of a compound of 1497 and a presumed derivative of 2380; an image-sacrifice, i.e. part of an idolatrous offering: --(meat, thing that is) offered (in sacrifice, sacrificed) to (unto) idols.[ql
1495. eidololatreia \{i-do-lol-at-ri'-ah\}; from 1497 and 2999;
image-worship (literally or figuratively): --idolatry.[ql
1496. eidololatres \{i-do-lol-at'-race\}; from 1497 and the base of 3000; an image-(servant or) worshipper (literally or figuratively): --idolater. [ql
1497. eidolon \{i'-do-lon\}; from 1491; an image (i.e. for worship); by implication, a heathen god, or (plural) the worship of such: --idol. [ql
1498. eien \{i'-ane\}; optative (i.e. English subjunctive) present of 1510 (including the other person); might (could, would, or should) be: --mean, + perish, should be, was, were.[ql
1499. ei kai \{i kahee\}; from 1487 and 2532; if also (or even): --if (that), though.[ql
1500. eike \{i-kay'\}; probably from 1502 (through the idea of failure); idly, i.e. without reason (or effect): --without a cause, (in) vain(-ly). [ql
1501. eikosi \{i'-kos-ee\}; of uncertain affinity; a score:
--twenty.[ql
1502. eiko \{i'-ko\}; apparently a primary verb; properly, to be weak, i.e. yield: --give place.[ql
1503. eiko \{i'-ko\}; apparently a primary verb [perhaps akin to 1502 through the idea of faintness as a copy]; to resemble: --be like.[ql
1504. eikon \{i-kone'\}; from 1503; a likeness, i.e. (literally) statue, profile, or (figuratively) representation, resemblance:
--image. [ql
1505. eilikrineia \{i-lik-ree'-ni-ah\}; from 1506; clearness, i.e. (by implication) purity (figuratively): --sincerity.[ql
1506. eilikrines \{i-lik-ree-nace'\}; from heile (the sun's ray) and 2919; judged by sunlight, i.e. tested as genuine (figuratively): --pure, sincere. [ql
1507. heilisso \{hi-lis'-so\}; a prolonged form of a primary but defective verb heilo (of the same meaning); to coil or wrap: --roll together. See also 1667. [ql
1508. ei me \{i may\}; from 1487 and 3361 ; if not: --but, except (that), if not, more than, save (only) that, saving, till.[ql
1509. ei me ti \{i may tee\}; from 1508 and the neuter of 5100; if not somewhat: --except.[ql
1510. eimi \{i-mee'\}; the first person singular present indicative; a prolonged form of a primary and defective verb; I exist (used only when emphatic): --am, have been, X it is I, was. See also 1488, 1498, 1511, 1527, 2258, 2071, 2070, 2075, 2076, 2771, 2468, 5600.[ql
1511. einai \{i'-nahee\}; present infinitive from 1510; to exist: --am, are, come, is, X lust after, X please well, there is, to be, was. [ql ***. heineken. See 1752. [ql
1512. ei per \{i per\}; from 1487 and 4007; if perhaps: --if so be (that), seeing, though. [ql
1513. ei pos \{i poce\}; from 1487 and 4458; if somehow: --if by any means. [ql
1514. eireneuo \{i-rane-yoo'-o\}; from 1515; to be (act) peaceful: --be at (have, live in) peace, live peaceably.[ql
1515. eirene \{i-ray'-nay\}; probably from a primary verb eiro (to join); peace (literally or figuratively); by implication, prosperity: --one, peace, quietness, rest, + set at one again.[ql
1516. eirenikos \{i-ray-nee-kos'\}; from 1515; pacific; by implication, salutary: --peaceable.[ql
1517. eirenopoieo \{i-ray-nop-oy-eh'-o\}; from 1518; to be a peace-maker, i.e. (figuratively) to harmonize: --make peace.[ql
1518. eirenopoios \{i-ray-nop-oy-os'\}; from 1518 and 4160; pacificatory, i.e. (subjectively) peaceable: --peacemaker.[ql ***. eiro. See 1515, 4483, 5346.[ql
1519. eis \{ice\}; a primary preposition; to or into (indicating the point reached or entered), of place, time, or (figuratively) purpose (result, etc.); also in adverbial phrases: --[apyndant-]ly, against,
among, as, at, [back-]ward, before, by, concerning, + continual, + far more exceeding, for [intent, purpose], fore, + forth, in (among, at, unto, -so much that, -to), to the intent that, + of one mind, + never, of, (up-)on, + perish, + set at one again, (so) that, therefore(-unto), throughout, til, to (be, the end, -ward), (here-)until(-to), ...ward, [where-]fore, with. Often used in composition with the same general import, but only with verbs (etc.) expressing motion (literally or figuratively).[ql
1520. heis \{hice\}; (including the neuter [etc.] hen); a primary numeral; one: --a(-n, -ny, certain), + abundantly, man, one (another), only, other, some. See also 1527, 3367, 3391, 3762.[ql
1521. eisago \{ice-ag'-o\}; from 1519 and 71; to introduce (literally or figuratively): --bring in(-to), (+ was to) lead into.[ql
1522. eisakouo \{ice-ak-oo'-o\}; from 1519 and 191; to listen to: --hear. [ql
1523. eisdechomai \{ice-dekh'-om-ahee\}; from 1519 and 1209; to take into one's favor: --receive.[ql
1524. eiseimi \{ice'-i-mee\}; from 1519 and eimi (to go); to enter: --enter (go) into.[ql
1525. eiserchomai \{ice-er'-khom-ahee\}; from 1519 and 2064; to enter (literally or figuratively): --X arise, come (in, into), enter in(-to), go in (through). [ql
1526. eisi \{i-see'\}; 3d person plural present indicative of 1510; they are: --agree, are, be, dure, X is, were.[ql
1527. heis kath> heis \{hice kath hice\}; from 1520 repeated with 2596 inserted; severally: --one by one.[ql
1528. eiskaleo \{ice-kal-eh'-o\}; from 1519 and 2564; to invite in: --call in. [ql
1529. eisodos \{ice'-od-os\}; from 1519 and 3598; an entrance (literally or figuratively): --coming, enter(-ing) in (to).[ql
1530. eispedao \{ice-pay-dah'-o\}; from 1519 and pedao (to leap); to rush in: --run (spring) in. [ql
1531. eisporeuomai \{ice-por-yoo'-om-ahee\}; from 1519 and 4198; to enter (literally or figuratively): --come (enter) in, go into.[ql
1532. eistrecho \{ice-trekh'-o\}; from 1519 and 5143; to hasten inward: --run in. [ql
1533. eisphero \{ice-fer'-o\}; from 1519 and 5342; to carry inward (literally or figuratively): --bring (in), lead into. [ql
1534. eita \{i'-tah\}; of uncertain affinity; a particle of succession (in time or logical enumeration), then, moreover: --after that(-ward), furthermore, then. See also 1899.[ql
1535. eite \{i'-teh\}; from 1487 and 5037; if too: --if, or, whether. [ql
1536. ei tis \{i tis\}; from 1487 and 5100; if any: --he that, if a(-ny) man('s thing, from any, ought), whether any, whosoever. [ql
1537. ek \{ek\} or ex \{ex\}; a primary preposition denoting origin (the point whence action or motion proceeds), from, out (of place, time, or cause; literal or figurative; direct or rempte) :

X are, at, betwixt(-yond), by (the means of), exceedingly, (+ abundantly above), for(-th), from (among, forth, up), + grudgingly, + heartily, $X$ heavenly, $X$ hereby, + very highly, in, ...ly, (because, by reason) of, off (from), on, out among (from, of), over, since, $X$ thenceforth, through, $X$ unto, $X$ vehemently, with(-out). Often used in composition, with the same general import; often of completion. [ql
1538. hekastos \{hek'-as-tos\}; as if a superlative of hekas (afar); each or every: --any, both, each (one), every (man, one, woman), particularly.[ql
1539. hekastote \{hek-as'-tot-eh\}; as if from 1538 and 5119; at every time: --always.[ql
1540. hekaton \{hek-at-on'\}; of uncertain affinity; a hundred:
--hundred. [ql
1541. hekatontaetes \{hek-at-on-tah-et'-ace\}; from 1540 and 2094; centenarian: --hundred years old. [ql
1542. hekatontaplasion \{hek-at-on-ta-plah-sec'-own\}; from 1540 and a presumed derivative of 4111; a hundred times: --hundredfold. [ql
1543. hekatontarches \{hek-at-on-tar'-khace\}; or hekatontarchos \{hek-at-on'-tar-khos\}; from 1540 and 757 ; the captain of one hundred men: --centurion. [ql
1544. ekballo \{ek-bal'-lo\}; from 1537 and 906; to eject (literally or figuratively): --bring forth, cast (forth, out), drive (out), expel, leave, pluck (pull, take, thrust) out, put forth (out), send away (forth, out).[ql
1545. ekbasis \{ek'-bas-is\}; from a compound of 1537 and the base of 939 (meaning to go out); an exit (literally or figuratively): --end, way to escape.[ql
1546. ekbloe \{ek-bol-ay'\}; from 1544; ejection, i.e. (specially) a throwing overboard of the cargo: --+ lighten the ship.[ql
1547. ekgamizo \{ek-gam-id'-zo\}; from 1537 and a form of 1061 [compare 1548]; to marry off a daughter: --give in marriage.[ql
1548. ekgamisko \{ek-gam-is'-ko\}; from 1537 and 1061; the same as 1547: --give in marriage. [q]
1549. ekgonon \{ek'-gon-on\}; neuter of a derivative of a compound of 1537 and 1096; a descendant, i.e. (specially) grandchild:
--nephew. [ql
1550. ekdapanao \{ek-dap-an-ah'-o\}; from 1537 and 1159; to expend (wholly), i.e. (figuratively) exhaust: --spend.[ql
1551. ekdechomai \{ek-dekh'-om-ahee\}; from 1537 and 1209; to accept from some source, i.e. (by implication) to await: --expect, look (tarry) for, wait (for). [ql
1552. ekdelos \{ek'-day-los\}; from 1537 and 1212; wholly evident: --manifest.[ql
1553. ekdemeo \{ek-day-meh'-o\}; from a compound of 1537 and 1218; to emigrate, i.e. (figuratively) vacate or quit: --be absent. [ql
1554. ekdidomi \{ek-did-o'-mee\}; from 1537 and 1325; to give forth, i.e. (specially) to lease: --let forth (out).[ql
1555. ekdiegeomai \{ek-dee-ayg-eh'-om-ahee\}; from 1537 and a compound of 1223 and 2233; to narrate through wholly: --declare.[ql
1556. ekdikeo \{ek-dik-eh'-o\}; from 1558; to vindicate, retaliate, punish: --a (re-)venge. [ql
1557. ekdikesis \{ek-dik'-ay-sis\}; from 1556; vindication, retribution: --(a-, re-)venge(-ance), punishment.[ql
1558. ekdikos \{ek'-dik-os\}; from 1537 and 1349; carrying justice out, i.e. a punisher: --a (re-)venger. [ql
1559. ekdioko \{ek-dee-o'-ko\}; from 1537 and 1377; to pursue out, i.e. expel or persecute implacably: --persecute. [ql
1560. ekdotos \{ek'-dot-os\}; from 1537 and a derivative of 1325; given out or over, i.e. surrendered: --delivered. [ql
1561. ekdoche \{ek-dokh-ay'\}; from 1551; expectation: --looking foreign[ql
1562. ekduo \{ek-doo'-o\}; from 1537 and the base of 1416; to cause to sink out of, i.e. (specially as of clothing) to divest: --strip, take off from, unclothe.[ql
1563. ekei \{ek-i'\}; of uncertain affinity; there; by extension thither: --there, thither(-ward), (to) yonder (place).[ql
1564. ekeithen \{ek-i'-then\}; from 1563; thence: --from that place, (from) thence, there. [ql
1565. ekeinos \{ek-i'-nos\}; from 1563; that one (or [neuter] thing); often intensified by the art. prefixed: --he, it, the other (same), selfsame, that (same, very), X their, X them, they, this, those. See also 3778. [ql
1566. ekeise \{ek-i'-seh\}; from 1563; thither: --there. [q]
1567. ekzeteo \{ek-zay-teh'-o\}; from 1537 and 2212; to search out, i.e. (figuratively)investigate, crave, demand, (by Hebraism) worship: --en- (re-)quire, seek after (carefully, diligently).[ql
1568. ekthambeo \{ek-tham-beh'-o\}; from 1569; to astonish utterly: --affright, greatly (sore) amaze. [ql
1569. ekthambos \{ek'-tham-bos\}; from 1537 and 2285; utterly astounded: --greatly wondering. [ql
1570. ekthetos \{ek'-thet-os\}; from 1537 and a derivative of 5087; put out, i.e. exposed to perish: --cast out. [ql
1571. ekkathairo \{ek-kath-ah'-ee-ro\}; from 1537 and 2508; to cleanse thoroughly: --purge (out).[ql
1572. ekkaio \{ek-kah'-yo\}; from 1537 and 2545; to inflame deeply: -burn. [ql
1573. ekkakeo \{ek-kak-eh'-o\}; from 1537 and 2556; to be (bad or) weak, i.e. (by implication) to fail (in heart): --faint, be weary. [ql
1574. ekkenteo \{ek-ken-teh'-o\}; from 1537 and the base of 2759; to transfix: --pierce.[ql
1575. ekklao \{ek-klah'-o\}; from 1537 and 2806; to exscind: --break off. [ql
1576. ekkleio \{ek-kli'-o\}; from 1537 and 2808; to shut out (literally or figuratively): --exclude.[ql
1577. ekklesia \{ek-klay-see'-ah\}; from a compound of 1537 and a derivative of 2564; a calling out, i.e. (concretely) a popular meeting, especially a religious congregation (Jewish synagogue, or Christian community of members on earth or saints in heaven or both): --assembly, church. [ql
1578. ekklino \{ek-klee'-no\}; from 1537 and 2827; to deviate, i.e. (absolutely) to shun (literally or figuratively), or (relatively) to decline (from piety): --avoid, eschew, go out of the way.[ql
1579. ekkolumbao \{ek-kol-oom-bah'-o\}; from 1537 and 2860; to escape by swimming: -- swim out.[ql
1580. ekkomizo \{ek-kom-id'-zo\}; from 1537 and 2865; to bear forth (to burial): --carry out.[ql
1581. ekkopto \{ek-kop'-to\}; from 1537 and 2875; to exscind; figuratively, to frustrate: --cut down (off, out), hew down, hinder. [ql
1582. ekkremamai \{ek-krem'-am-ahee\}; middle voice from 1537 and 2910; to hang upon the lips of a speaker, i.e. listen closely: --be very attentive. [ql
1583. eklaleo \{ek-lal-eh'-o\}; from 1537 and 2980; to divulge: --tell. [ql
1584. eklampo \{ek-lam'-po\}; from 1537 and 2989; to be resplendent: --shine forth. [ql
1585. eklanthanomai \{ek-lan-than'-om-ahee\}; middle voice from 1537 and 2990; to be utterly oblivious of: --forget. [ql
1586. eklegomai \{ek-leg'-om-ahee\}; middle voice from 1537 and 3004 (in its primary sense); to select: --make choice, choose (out), chosen. [ql
1587. ekleipo \{ek-li'-po\}; from 1537 and 3007; to omit, i.e. (by implication) cease (die): --fail.[ql
1588. eklektos \{ek-lek-tos'\}; from 1586; select; by implication, favorite: --chosen, elect.[ql
1589. ekloge \{ek-log-ay'\}; from 1586; (divine) selection (abstractly or concretely): --chosen, election. [ql
1590. ekluo \{ek-loo'-o\}; from 1537 and 3089; to relax (literally or figuratively): --faint.[ql
1591. ekmasso \{ek-mas'-so\}; from 1537 and the base of 3145 ; to knead out, i.e. (by analogy) to wipe dry: --wipe. [ql
1592. ekmukterizo \{ek-mook-ter-id'-zo\}; from 1537 and 3456; to sneer outright at: --deride.[ql
1593. ekneuo \{ek-nyoo'-o\}; from 1537 and 3506; (by analogy) to slip off, i.e. quietly withdraw: --convey self away.[ql
1594. eknepho \{ek-nay'-fo\}; from 1537 and 3525; (figuratively) to rouse (oneself) out of stupor: --awake.[ql
1595. hekousion \{hek-oo'-see-on\}; neuter of a derivative from 1635;
voluntariness: --willingly.[ql
1596. hekousios \{hek-oo-see'-ose\}; adverb from the same as 1595; voluntarily: --wilfully, willingly.[ql
1597. ekpalai \{eh'-pal-ahee\}; from 1537 and 3819; long ago, for a long while: --of a long time, of old.[ql
1598. ekpeirazo \{ek-pi-rad'-zo\}; from 1537 and 3985; to test thoroughly: --tempt.[ql
1599. ekpempo \{ek-pem'-po\}; from 1537 and 3992; to despatch: --send away (forth).[ql ***. ekpeirissou. See 1537 and 4053.[ql
1600. ekpetannumi \{ek-pet-an'-noo-mee\}; from 1537 and a form of 4072; to fly out, i.e. (by analogy) to extend: --stretch forth.[ql
1601. ekpipto \{ek-pip'-to\}; from 1537 and 4098; to drop away; specially, be driven out of one's course; figuratively, to lose, become inefficient:--be cast, fail, fall (away, off), take none effect. [ql
1602. ekpleo \{ek-pleh'-o\}; from 1537 and 4126; to depart by ship: --sail (away, thence).[ql
1603. ekpleroo \{ek-play-ro'-o\}; from 1537 and 4137; to accomplish entirely: --fulfill.[ql
1604. ekplerosis \{ek-play'-ro-sis\}; from 1603; completion:
--accomplishment. [ql
1605. ekplesso \{ek-place'-so\}; from 1537 and 4141; to strike with astonishment: --amaze, astonish.[ql
1606. ekpneo \{ek-pneh'-o\}; from 1537 and 4154; to expire: --give up the ghost. [ql
1607. ekporeuomai \{ek-por-yoo'-om-ahee\}; from 1537 and 4198; to depart, be discharged, proceed, project: --come (forth, out of), depart, go (forth, out), issue, proceed (out of).[ql
1608. ekporneuo \{ek-porn-yoo'-o\}; from 1537 and 4203; to be utterly unchaste: --give self over to fornication. [ql
1609. ekptuo \{ek-ptoo'-o\}; from 1537 and 4429; to spit out, i.e. (figuratively) spurn: --reject. [ql
1610. ekrizoo \{ek-rid-zo'-o\}; from 1537 and 4492; to uproot: --pluck up by the root, root up. [ql
1611. ekstasis \{ek'-stas-is\}; from 1839; a displacement of the mind, i.e. bewilderment, "ecstasy": --+ be amazed, amazement, astonishment, trance. [ql
1612. ekstrepho \{ek-stref'-o\}; from 1537 and 4762; to pervert (figuratively): --subvert.[ql
1613. ektarasso \{ek-tar-as'-so\}; from 1537 and 5015; to disturb wholly: --exceedingly trouble.[ql
1614. ekteino \{ek-ti'-no\}; from 1537 and teino (to stretch); to extend: --cast, put forth, stretch forth (out).[ql
1615. ekteleo \{ek-tel-eh'-o\}; from 1537 and 5055; to complete fully: --finish.[ql
1616. ekteneia \{ek-ten'-i-ah\}; from 1618; intentness: --X instantly. [ql
1617. ektenesteron \{ek-ten-es'-ter-on\}; neuter of the comparative of 1618; more intently: --more earnestly.[ql
1618. ektenes \{ek-ten-ace'\}; from 1614; intent: --without ceasing, fervent. [ql
1619. ektenos \{ek-ten-oce'\}; adverb from 1618; intently:
--fervently. [ql
1620. ektithemi \{ek-tith'-ay-mee\}; from 1537 and 5087; to expose; figuratively, to declare: --cast out, expound.[ql
1621. ektinasso \{ek-tin-as'-so\}; from 1537 and tinasso (to swing); to shake violently: --shake (off).[ql
1622. ektos \{ek-tos'\}; from 1537; the exterior; figuratively (as a preposition) aside from, besides: --but, except(-ed), other than, out of, outside, unless, without.[ql
1623. hektos \{hek'-tos\}; ordinal from 1803; sixth: --sixth. [ql
1624. ektrepo \{ek-trep'-o\}; from 1537 and the base of 5157; to deflect, i.e. turn away (literally or figuratively): --avoid, turn (aside, out of the way). [ql
1625. ektrepho \{ek-tref'-o\}; from 1537 and 5142; to rear up to maturity, i.e. (genitive case) to cherish or train: --bring up, nourish. [ql
1626. ektroma \{ek'-tro-mah\}; from a comparative of 1537 and titrosko (to wound); a miscarriage (abortion), i.e. (by analogy) untimely birth: --born out of due time.[ql
1627. ekphero \{ek-fer'-o\}; from 1537 and 5342; to bear out (literally or figuratively): --bear, bring forth, carry forth (out). [ql
1628. ekpheugo \{ek-fyoo'-go\}; from 1537 and 5343; to flee out: --escape, flee.[ql
1629. ekphobeo \{ek-fob-eh'-o\}; from 1537 and 5399; to frighten utterly: --terrify.[ql
1630. ekphobos \{ek'-fob-os\}; from 1537 and 5401; frightened out of one's wits: --sore afraid, exceedingly fear.[ql
1631. ekphuo \{ek-foo'-o\}; from 1537 and 5453; to sprout up: --put forth. [ql
1632. ekcheo \{ek-kheh'-o\}; or (by variation) ekchuno \{ek-khoo'-no\}; from 1537; and cheo (to pour); to pour forth; figuratively, to bestow: --gush (pour) out, run greedily (out), shed (abroad, forth), spill. [ql
1633. ekchoreo \{ek-kho-reh'-o\}; from 1537 and 5562; to depart: --depart out.[ql
1634. ekpsucho \{ek-psoo'-kho\}; from 1537 and 5594; to expire: --give (yield) up the ghost. [ql
1635. hekon \{hek-own'\}; of uncertain affinity; voluntary: --willingly. [ql
1636. elaia \{el-ah'-yah\}; feminine of a presumed derivative from an obsolete primary; an olive (the tree or the fruit): --olive (berry, tree). [ql
1637. elaion \{el'-ah-yon\}; neuter of the same as 1636; olive oil: --oil. [ql
1638. elaion \{el-ah-yone'\}; from 1636; an olive-orchard, i.e. (specially) the Mt. of Olives: --Olivet.[ql
1639. Elamites \{el-am-ee'-tace\}; of Hebrew origin [5867]; an Elamite or Persian: --Elamite.[ql
1640. elasson \{el-as'-sone\}; or elatton (el-at-tone'\}; comparative of the same as 1646; smaller (in size, quantity, age or quality): --less, under, worse, younger.[ql
1641. elattoneo \{el-at-ton-eh-o\}; from 1640; to diminish, i.e. fall short: --have lack.[ql
1642. elattoo \{el-at-to'-o\}; from 1640; to lessen (in rank or influence): --decrease, make lower.[ql
1643. elauno \{el-ow'-no\}; a prolonged form of a primary verb (obsolete except in certain tenses as an altern. of this) of uncertain affin; to push (as wind, oars or demonic power): --carry, drive, row.[ql
1644. elaphria \{el-af-ree'-ah\}; from 1645; levity (figuratively), i.e. fickleness: --lightness.[ql
1645. elaphros \{el-af-ros'\}; probably akin to 1643 and the base of 1640; light, i.e. easy: --light.[ql
1646. elachistos \{el-akh'-is-tos\}; superlative of elachus (short); used as equivalent to 3398; least (in size, amount, dignity, etc.): --least, very little (small), smallest.[ql
1647. elachistoteros \{el-akh-is-tot'-er-os\}; comparative of 1646; far less: --less than the least.[ql
1648. Eleazar \{el-eh-ad'-zar\}; of Hebrew origin [499]; Eleazar, an Israelite: --Eleazar. [ql
1649. elegxis \{el'-eng-xis\}; from 1651; refutation, i.e. reproof: --rebuke. [ql
1650. elegchos \{el'-eng-khos\}; from 1651; proof, conviction:
--evidence, reproof.[ql
1651. elegcho \{el-eng'-kho\}; of uncertain affinity; to confute, admonish: --convict, convince, tell a fault, rebuke, reprove.[ql
1652. eleeinos \{el-eh-i-nos'\}; from 1656; pitiable: --miserable.[ql
1653. eleeo \{el-eh-eh'-o\}; from 1656; to compassionate (by word or deed, specially, by divine grace): --have compassion (pity on), have (obtain, receive, shew) mercy (on).[ql
1654. eleemosune \{el-eh-ay-mos-oo'-nay\}; from 1656;
compassionateness, i.e. (as exercised towards the poor) beneficence, or (concretely) a benefaction: --alms(-deeds). [ql
1655. eleemon \{el-eh-ay'-mone\}; from 1653; compassionate (actively): --merciful.[ql
1656. eleos \{el'-eh-os\}; of uncertain affinity; compassion (human or divine, especially active): --(+ tender) mercy.[ql
1657. eleutheria \{el-yoo-ther-ee'-ah\}; from 1658; freedom (legitimate or licentious, chiefly moral or ceremonial):
--liberty. [ql
1658. eleutheros \{el-yoo'-ther-os\}; probably from the alternate of 2064; unrestrained (to go at pleasure), i.e. (as a citizen) not a slave (whether freeborn or manumitted), or (genitive case) exempt (from obligation or liability): --free (man, woman), at liberty. [ql
1659. eleutheroo \{el-yoo-ther-o'-o\}; from 1658; to liberate, i.e. (figuratively) to exempt (from moral, ceremonial or mortal liability): --deliver, make free.[ql ***. eleutho. See 2064.[ql
1660. eleusis \{el'-yoo-sis\}; from the alternate of 2064; an advent: --coming.[ql
1661. elephantinos \{el-ef-an'-tee-nos\}; from elephas (an "elephant"); elephantine, i.e. (by implication) composed of ivory: --of ivory.[ql
1662. Eliakeim \{el-ee-ak-ime'\}; of Hebrew origin [471]; Eliakim, an Israelite: --Eliakim. [ql
1663. Eliezer \{el-ee-ed'-zer\}; of Hebrew origin [461]; Eliezer, an Israelite: --Eliezer. [ql
1664. Elioud \{el-ee-ood'\}; of Hebrew origin [410 and 1935]; God of majesty; Eliud, an Israelite: --Eliud.[ql
1665. Elisabet \{el-ee-sab'-et\}; of Hebrew origin [472]; Elisabet, an Israelitess: --Elisabeth.[ql
1666. Elissaios \{el-is-sah'-yos\}; of Hebrew origin [477]; Elissaeus, an Israelite: --Elissaeus.[ql
1667. helisso \{hel-is'-so\}; a form of 1507; to coil or wrap: --fold up. [ql
1668. helkos \{hel'-kos\}; probably from 1670; an ulcer (as if drawn together): --sore.[ql
1669. helkoo \{hel-ko'-o\}; from 1668; to cause to ulcerate, i.e. (passively) be ulcerous: --full of sores.[ql
1670. helkuo \{hel-koo'-o\}; or helko \{hel'-ko\}; probably akin to 138; to drag (literally or figuratively): --draw. Compare 1667.[ql
1671. Hellas \{hel-las'\}; of uncertain affinity; Hellas (or Greece), a country of Europe: --Greece. [ql
1672. Hellen \{hel'-lane\}; from 1671; a Hellen (Grecian) or inhabitant of Hellas; by extension a Greek-speaking person, especially a non-Jew: --Gentile, Greek.[ql
1673. Hellenikos \{hel-lay-nee-kos'\}; from 1672; Hellenic, i.e. Grecian (in language): --Greek. [ql
1674. Hellenis \{hel-lay-nis'\}; feminine of 1672; a Grecian (i.e. non-Jewish) woman: --Greek.[ql
1675. Hellenistes \{hel-lay-nis-tace'\}; from a derivative of 1672; a Hellenist or Greek-speaking Jew: --Grecian.[ql
1676. Hellenisti \{hel-lay-nis-tee'\}; adverb from the same as 1675; Hellenistically, i.e. in the Grecian language: --Greek. [ql
1677. ellogeo \{el-log-eh'-o\}; from 1722 and 3056 (in the sense of account); to reckon in, i.e. attribute: --impute, put on account.[ql ***. hellomai. See 138.[ql
1678. Elmodam \{el-mo-dam'\}; of Hebrew origin [perhaps for 486]; Elmodam, an Israelite: --Elmodam.[ql
1679. elpizo \{el-pid'-zo\}; from 1680; to expect or confide: --(have, thing) hope(-d) (for), trust.[ql
1680. elpis \{el-pece'\}; from a primary elpo (to anticipate, ususally with pleasure); expectation (abstractly or concretely) or confidence: --faith, hope.[ql
1681. Elumas \{el-oo'-mas\}; of foreign origin; Elymas, a wizard: --Elymas.[ql
1682. eloi \{el-o-ee'\}; of Aramaic origin [426 with pronominal stuff.] my God: --Eloi.[ql
1683. emautou \{em-ow-too'\}; genitive case compound of 1700 and 846 ; of myself (so likewise the dative case emautoi \{em-ow-to'\}; and accusative case emauton \{em-ow-ton'\}: --me, mine own (self), myself. [ql
1684. embaino \{em-ba'-hee-no\}; from 1722 and the base of 939 ; to walk on, i.e. embark (aboard a vessel), reach (a pool): --come (get) into, enter (into), go (up) into, step in, take ship. [ql
1685. emballo \{em-bal'-lo\}; from 1722 and 906; to throw on, i.e. (figuratively) subject to (eternal punishment): --cast into. [ql
1686. embapto \{em-bap'-to\}; from 1722 and 911; to whelm on, i.e. wet (a part of the person, etc.) by contact with a fluid: --dip. [ql
1687. embateuo \{em-bat-yoo'-o\}; from 1722 and a presumed derivative of the base of 939; equivalent to 1684 ; to intrude on
(figuratively): --intrude into.[ql
1688. embibazo \{em-bib-ad'-zo\}; from 1722 and bibazo (to mount; causative of 1684); to place on, i.e. transfer (aboard a vessel): --put in. [ql
1689. emblepo \{em-blep'-o\}; from 1722 and 991; to look on, i.e. (relatively) to observe fixedly, or (absolutely) to discern clearly: --behold, gaze up, look upon, (could) see.[ql
1690. embrimaomai \{em-brim-ah'-om-ahee\}; from 1722 and brimaomai (to snort with anger); to have indignation on, i.e. (transitively) to blame, (intransitively) to sigh with chagrin, (specially) to sternly enjoin: --straitly charge, groan, murmur against. [ql
1691. eme \{em-eh'\}; a prolonged form of 3165; me: --I, me, my(-self). [ql
1692. emeo \{em-eh'-o\}; of uncertain affinity; to vomit: --(will) spue. [ql
1693. emmainomai \{em-mah'-ee-nom-ahee\}; from 1722 and 3105; to rave on, i.e. rage at: --be mad against.[ql
1694. Emmanouel \{em-man-oo-ale'\}; of Hebrew origin [6005]; God with us; Emmanuel, a name of Christ: --Emmanuel.[q]/17/2022
1695. Emmaous \{em-mah-ooce'\}; probably of Hebrew origin [compare 3222]; Emmaus, a place in Palestine: --Emmaus.[ql
1696. emmeno \{em-men'-o\}; from 1722 and 3306; to stay in the same place, i.e. (figuratively) persevere: --continue.[ql
1697. Emmor \{em-mor'\}; of Hebrew origin [2544]; Emmor (i.e. Chamor), a Canaanite: --Emmor. [ql
1698. emoi \{em-oy'\}; a prolonged form of 3427; to me: --I, me, mine, my. [ql
1699. emos \{em-os'\}; from the oblique cases of 1473 (1698, 1700, 1691); my: --of me, mine (own), my.[ql
1700. emou \{em-oo'\}; a prolonged form of 3449; of me: --me, mine, my. [ql
1701. empaigmos \{emp-aheeg-mos'\}; from 1702; derision: --mocking.[ql
1702. empaizo \{emp-aheed'-zo\}; from 1722 and 3815; to jeer at, i.e. deride: --mock.[ql
1703. empaiktes \{emp-aheek-tace'\}; from 1702; a derider, i.e. (by implication) a false teacher: --mocker, scoffer. [ql
1704. emperipateo \{em-per-ee-pat-eh'-o\}; from 1722 and 4043; to perambulate on a place, i.e. (figuratively) to be occupied among persons: --walk in. [ql
1705. empiplemi \{em-pip'-lay-mee\}; or empletho \{em-play'-tho\}; from 1722 and the base of 4118; to fill in (up), i.e. (by implication) to satisfy (literally or figuratively): --fill.[ql
1706. empipto \{em-pip'-to\}; from 1722 and 4098; to fall on, i.e. (literally) to be entrapped by, or (figuratively) be overwhelmed with: --fall among (into). [ql
1707. empleko \{em-plek'-o\}; from 1722 and 4120; to entwine, i.e. (figuratively) involve with: --entangle (in, self with).[ql ***. empletho. See 1705.[ql
1708. emploke \{em-plok-ay'\}; from 1707; elaborate braiding of the hair: --plaiting. [ql
1709. empneo \{emp-neh'-o\}; from 1722 and 4154; to inhale, i.e. (figuratively) to be animated by (bent upon): --breathe. [ql
1710. emporeuomai \{em-por-yoo'-om-ahee\}; from 1722 and 4198; to travel in (a country as a peddler), i.e. (by implication) to trade:
--buy and sell, make merchandise.[ql
1711. emporia \{em-por-ee'-ah\}; feminine from 1713; traffic:
--merchandise. [ql
1712. emporion \{em-por'-ee-on\}; neuter from 1713; a mart
("emporium"): --merchandise.[ql
1713. emporos \{em'-por-os\}; from 1722 and the base of 4198; a (wholesale) tradesman: --merchant. [ql
1714. empretho \{em-pray'-tho\}; from 1722 and pretho (to blow a flame); to enkindle, i.e. set on fire: --burn up.[ql
1715. emprosthen \{em'-pros-then\}; from 1722 and 4314 i in front of
(in place [literally or figuratively] or time): --against, at, before, (in presence, sight) of.[ql
1716. emptuo \{emp-too'-o\}; from 1722 and 4429; to spit at or on: --spit (upon). [ql
1717. emphanes \{em-fan-ace'\}; from a compound of 1722 and 5316; apparent in self: --manifest, openly.[ql
1718. emphanizo \{em-fan-id'-zo\}; from 1717; to exhibit (in person) or disclose (by words): --appear, declare (plainly), inform, (will) manifest, shew, signify.[ql
1719. emphobos \{em'-fob-os\}; from 1722 and 5401; in fear, i.e. alarmed: --affrighted, afraid, tremble.[ql
1720. emphusao \{em-foo-sah'-o\}; from 1722 and phusao (to puff)
[compare 5453]; to blow at or on: --breathe on. [ql
1721. emphutos \{em'-foo-tos\}; from 1722 and a derivative of 5453; implanted (figuratively): --engrafted. [ql
1722. en \{en\}; a primary preposition denoting (fixed) position (in place, time or state), and (by implication) instrumentality (medially or constructively), i.e. a relation of rest (intermediate between 1519 and 1537); "in," at, (up-)on, by, etc.: --about, after, against, + almost, X altogether, among, X as, at, before, between, (here-) by (+ all means), for (...sake of), + give self wholly to, (here-)in(-to, -wardly), X mightily, (because) of, (up-)on, [open-]ly, X outwardly, one, X quickly, X shortly, [speedi-]ly, X that, $X$ there(-in, -on), through(-out), (un-)to(-ward), under, when, where(-with), while, with(-in). Often used in compounds, with substantially the same import; rarely with verbs of motion, and then not to indicate direction, except (elliptically) by a separate (and different) preposition. [ql
1723. enagkalizomai \{en-ang-kal-id'-zom-ahee\}; from 1722 and a derivative of 43 ; to take in one's arms, i.e. embrace: --take up in arms.[ql
1724. enalios \{en-al'-ee-os\}; from 1722 and 251; in the sea, i.e. marine: --thing in the sea. [ql
1725. enanti \{en'-an-tee\}; from 1722 and 473; in front (i.e.
figuratively, presence) of: --before. [ql
1726. enantion \{en-an-tee'-on\}; neuter of 1727; (adverbially) in the presence (view) of: --before, in the presence of. [ql
1727. enantios \{en-an-tee'-os\}; from 1725; opposite; figuratively, antagonistic: --(over) against, contrary.[ql
1728. enarchomai \{en-ar'-khom-ahee\}; from 1722 and 756 ; to commence on: --rule [by mistake for 757].[ql
1729. endees \{en-deh-ace'\}; from a compound of 1722 and 1210 (in the sense of lacking); deficient in: --lacking. [ql
1730. endeigma \{en'-dighe-mah\}; from 1731; an indication (concretely): --manifest token. [ql
1731. endeiknumi \{en-dike'-noo-mee\}; from 1722 and 1166; to indicate (by word or act): --do, show (forth).[ql
1732. endeixis \{en'-dike-sis\}; from 1731; indication (abstractly): --declare, evident token, proof.[ql
1733. hendeka \{hen'-dek-ah\}; from (the neuter of) 1520 and 1176; one and ten, i.e. eleven: --eleven. [ql
1734. hendekatos \{hen-dek'-at-os\}; ordinal from 1733; eleventh: --eleventh. [ql
1735. endechetai \{en-dekh'-et-ahee\}; third person singular present of a compound of 1722 and 1209; (impersonally) it is accepted in, i.e. admitted (possible): --can (+ not) be.[ql
1736. endemeo \{en-day-meh'-o\}; from a compound of 1722 and 1218; to be in one's own country, i.e. home (figuratively): --be at home (present). [ql
1737. endidusko \{en-did-oos'-ko\}; a prolonged form of 1746; to invest (with a garment): --clothe in, wear. [ql
1738. endikos \{en'-dee-kos\}; from 1722 and 1349; in the right, i.e. equitable: --just.[ql
1739. endomesis \{en-dom'-ay-sis\}; from a compound of 1722 and a derivative of the base of 1218; a housing in (residence), i.e. structure: --building.[ql
1740. edoxazo \{en-dox-ad'-zo\}; from 1741; to glorify: --glorify.[ql
1741. endoxos \{en'-dox-os\}; from 1722 and 1391; in glory, i.e. splendid, (figuratively) noble: --glorious, gorgeous[-ly], honourable.[ql
1742. enduma \{en'-doo-mah\}; from 1746; apparel (especially the outer robe): --clothing, garment, raiment.[ql
1743. endunamoo \{en-doo-nam-o'-o\}; from 1722 and 1412; to empower: --enable, (increase in) strength(-en), be (make) strong. [ql
1744. enduno \{en-doo'-no\}; from 1772 and 1416; to sink (by implication, wrap [compare 1746]) on, i.e. (figuratively) sneak:
--creep. [ql
1745. endusis \{en'-doo-sis\}; from 1746; investment with clothing:
--putting on. [ql
1746. enduo \{en-doo'-o\}; from 1722 and 1416 (in the sense of sinking into a garment); to invest with clothing (literally or
figuratively): --array, clothe (with), endue, have (put) on.[ql ***. enegko. See 5342.[ql
1747. enedra \{en-ed'-rah\}; feminine from 1722 and the base of 1476 ; an ambuscade, i.e. (figuratively) murderous purpose: --lay wait. See also 1749. [ql
1748. enedreuo \{en-ed-ryoo'-o\}; from 1747; to lurk, i.e.
(figuratively) plot assassination: --lay wait foreign[ql
1749. enedron \{en'-ed-ron\}; neuter of the same as 1747; an ambush, i.e. (figuratively) murderous design: --lying in wait.[ql
1750. eneileo \{en-i-leh'-o\}; from 1772 and the base of 1507; to enwrap: --wrap in. [ql
1751. eneimi \{en'-i-mee\}; from 1772 and 1510; to be within (neuter participle plural): --such things as...have. See also 1762.[ql
1752. heneka \{hen'-ek-ah\}; or heneken \{hen'-ek-en\}; or heineken
\{hi'-nek-en\}; of uncertain affinity; on account of: --because, for (cause, sake), (where-)fore, by reason of, that.[ql
1753. energeia \{en-erg'-i-ah\}; from 1756; efficiency ("energy"): --operation, strong, (effectual) working.[ql
1754. energeo \{en-erg-eh'-o\}; from 1756; to be active, efficient: --do, (be) effectual (fervent), be mighty in, shew forth self, work (effectually in).[ql
1755. energema \{en-erg'-ay-mah\}; from 1754; an effect: --operation, working. [ql
1756. energes \{en-er-gace'\}; from 1722 and 2041; active, operative: --effectual, powerful.[ql
1757. eneulogeo \{en-yoo-log-eh'-o\}; from 1722 and 2127 ; to confer a benefit on: --bless.[ql
1758. enecho \{en-ekh'-o\}; from 1722 and 2192; to hold in or upon, i.e. ensnare; by implication, to keep a grudge: --entangle with, have a quarrel against, urge.[ql
1759. enthade \{en-thad'-eh\}; from a prolonged form of 1722; properly, within, i.e. (of place) here, hither: --(t-)here, hither.[ql
1760. enthumeomai \{en-thoo-meh'-om-ahee\}; from a compound of 1722 and 2372; to be inspirited, i.e. ponder: --think.[ql
1761. enthumesis \{en-thoo'-may-sis\}; from 1760; deliberation: --device, thought.[ql
1762. eni \{en'-ee\}; contraction for the third person singular present indicative of 1751; impersonally, there is in or among: --be, (there) is.[ql
1763. eniautos \{en-ee-ow-tos'\}; prolongation from a primary enos (a year); a year: --year.[ql
1764. enistemi \{en-is'-tay-mee\}; from 1722 and 2476; to place on hand, i.e. (reflexively) impend, (participle) be instant: --come, be at hand, present.[ql
1765. enischuo \{en-is-khoo'-o\}; from 1722 and 2480; to invigorate (transitively or reflexively): --strengthen. [ql
1766. ennatos \{en'-nat-os\}; ord. from 1767; ninth: --ninth. [ql
1767. ennea \{en-neh'-ah\}; a primary number; nine: --nine. [ql
1768. ennenekontaennea \{en-nen-ay-kon-tah-en-neh'-ah\}; from a (tenth) multiple of 1767 and 1767 itself; ninety-nine: --ninety and nine. [ql
1769. enneos \{en-neh-os'\}; from 1770; dumb (as making signs), i.e. silent from astonishment: --speechless.[ql
1770. enneuo \{en-nyoo'-o\}; from 1722 and 3506; to nod at, i.e. beckon or communicate by gesture: --make signs.[ql
1771. ennoia \{en'-noy-ah\}; from a compound of 1722 and 3563; thoughtfulness, i.e. moral understanding: --intent, mind.[ql
1772. ennomos \{en'-nom-os\}; from 1722 and 3551; (subjectively) legal, or (objectively) subject to: --lawful, under law. [ql
1773. ennuchon \{en'-noo-khon\}; neuter of a compound of 1722 and 3571; (adverbially) by night: --before day. [ql
1774. enoikeo \{en-oy-keh'-o\}; from 1722 and 3611; to inhabit (figuratively): --dwell in. [ql
1775. henotes \{hen-ot-ace'\}; from 1520; oneness, i.e. (figuratively) unanimity: --unity. [ql
1776. enochleo \{en-okh-leh'-o\}; from 1722 and 3791; to crowd in, i.e. (figuratively) to annoy: --trouble.[ql
1777. enochos \{en'-okh-os\}; from 1758; liable to (a condition, penalty or imputation): --in danger of, guilty of, subject to. [ql
1778. entalma \{en'-tal-mah\}; from 1781; an injunction, i.e. religious precept: --commandment.[ql
1779. entaphiazo \{en-taf-ee-ad'-zo\}; from a compound of 1722 and 5028; to inswathe with cerements for interment: --bury. [ql
1780. entaphiasmos \{en-taf-ee-as-mos'\}; from 1779; preparation for interment: --burying. [ql
1781. entellomai \{en-tel'-lom-ahee\}; from 1722 and the base of 5056; to enjoin: --(give) charge, (give) command(-ments), injoin.[ql
1782. enteuthen \{ent-yoo'-then\}; from the same as 1759; hence (literally or figuratively); (repeated) on both sides: --(from) hence, on either side.[ql
1783. enteuxis \{ent'-yook-sis\}; from 1793; an interview, i.e. (specially) supplication: --intercession, prayer.[ql
1784. entimos \{en'-tee-mos\}; from 1722 and 5092; valued (figuratively): --dear, more honourable, precious, in reputation.[ql
1785. entole \{en-tol-ay'\}; from 1781; injunction, i.e. an authoritative prescription: --commandment, precept.[ql
1786. entopios \{en-top'-ee-os\}; from 1722 and 5117; a resident: --of that place. [ql
1787. entos \{en-tos'\}; from 1722; inside (adverb or noun):
--within. [ql
1788. entrepo \{en-trep'-o\}; from 1722 and the base of 5157; to invert, i.e. (figuratively and reflexively) in a good sense, to respect; or in a bad one, to confound: --regard, (give) reference, shame. [ql
1789. entrepho \{en-tref'-o\}; from 1722 and 5142; (figuratively) to educate: --nourish up in. [ql
1790. entromos \{en'-trom-os\}; from 1722 and 5156; terrified: --X quake, $X$ trembled. [ql
1791. entrope \{en-trop-ay'\}; from 1788; confusion: --shame.[ql
1792. entruphao \{en-troo-fah'-o\}; from 1722 and 5171; to revel in: --sporting selves.[ql
1793. entugchano \{en-toong-khan'-o\}; from 1722 and 5177; to chance upon, i.e. (by implication) confer with; by extension to entreat (in favor or against): --deal with, make intercession $\left\{\begin{array}{c}\text { al } \\ 172022\end{array}\right.$
1794. entulisso \{en-too-lis'-so\}; from 1722 and tulisso (to twist; probably akin to 1507); to entwine, i.e. wind up in: --wrap in (together). [ql
1795. entupoo \{en-too-po'-o\}; from 1722 and a derivative of 5179; to enstamp, i.e. engrave: --engrave.[ql
1796. enubrizo \{en-oo-brid'-zo\}; from 1722 and 5195; to insult: --do despite unto.[ql
1797. enupniazomai \{en-oop-nee-ad'-zom-ahee\}; middle voice from

1798; to dream: --dream(-er).[ql
1798. enupnion \{en-oop'-nee-on\}; from 1722 and 5258; something seen in sleep, i.e. a dream (vision in a dream): --dream. [ql
1799. enopion \{en-o'-pee-on\}; neuter of a compound of 1722 and a derivative of 3700 ; in the face of (literally or figuratively): --before, in the presence (sight) of, to.[ql
1800. Enos. \{en-oce'\}; of Hebrew origin [583]; Enos (i.e. Enosh), a patriarch: --Enos.[ql
1801. enotizomai \{en-o-tid'-zom-ahee\}; middle voice from a compound of 1722 and 3775 ; to take in one's ear, i.e. to listen:
--hearken. [ql
1802. Enok \{en-oke'\}; of Hebrew origin [2585]; Enoch (i.e. Chanok), an antediluvian: --Enoch.[ql ***. ex. See 1537.[ql
1803. hex \{hex\}; a primary numeral; six: --six.[ql
1804. exaggello \{ex-ang-el'-lo\}; from 1537 and the base of 32 ; to publish, i.e. celebrate: --shew forth.[ql
1805. exagorazo \{ex-ag-or-ad'-zo\}; from 1537 and 59; to buy up, i.e. ransom; figuratively, to rescue from loss (improve opportunity):

-     - redeem. [ql

1806. exago \{ex-ag'-o\}; from 1537 and 71; to lead forth: --bring forth (out), fetch (lead) out.[ql
1807. exaireo \{ex-ahee-reh'-o\}; from 1537 and 138; actively, to tear out; middle voice to select; figuratively, to release: --deliver, pluck out, rescue.[ql
1808. exairo \{ex-ah'-ee-ro\}; from 1537 and 142; to remove: --put (take) away.[ql
1809. exaiteomai \{ex-ahee-teh'-om-ahee\}; middle voice from 1537 and 154; to demand (for trial): --desire.[ql
1810. exaiphnes \{ex-ah'-eef-nace\}; from 1537 and the base of 160 ; of a sudden (unexpectedly): --suddenly. Compare 1819. [ql
1811. exakoloutheo \{ex-ak-ol-oo-theh'-o\}; from 1537 and 190; to follow out, i.e. (figuratively) to imitate, obey, yield to:
--follow.[ql
1812. hexakosioi \{hex-ak-os'-ee-oy\}; plural ordinal from 1803 and 1540; six hundred: --six hundred. [ql
1813. exaleipho \{ex-al-i'-fo\}; from 1537 and 218 ; to smear out, i.e. obliterate (erase tears, figuratively, pardon sin): --blot out, wipe away.[ql
1814. exallomai \{ex-al'-lom-ahee\}; from 1537 and 242; to spring forth : --leap up. [ql
1815. exanastasis \{ex-an-as'-tas-is\}; from 1817; a rising from death: --resurrection.[ql
1816. exanatello \{ex-an-at-el'-lo\}; from 1537 and 393; to start up out of the ground, i.e. germinate: --spring up. [ql
1817. exanistemi \{ex-an-is'-tay-mee\}; from 1537 and 450;
objectively, to produce, i.e. (figuratively) beget; subjectively, to arise, i.e. (figuratively) object: --raise (rise) up.[ql
1818. exapatao \{ex-ap-at-ah'-o\}; from 1537 and 538; to seduce wholly: --beguile, deceive.[ql
1819. exapina \{ex-ap'-ee-nah\}; from 1537 and a derivative of the same as 160; of a sudden, i.e. unexpectedly: --suddenly. Compare 1810. [ql
1820. exaporeomai \{ex-ap-or-eh'-om-ahee\}; middle voice from 1537 and 639; to be utterly at a loss, i.e. despond: --(in) despair.[ql
1821. exapostello \{ex-ap-os-tel'-lo\}; from 1537 and 649; to send away forth, i.e. (on a mission) to despatch, or (peremptorily) to dismiss: --send (away, forth, out).[ql
1822. exartizo \{ex-ar-tid'-zo\}; from 1537 and a derivative of 739; to finish out (time); figuratively, to equip fully (a teacher): --accomplish, thoroughly furnish.[ql
1823. exastrapto \{ex-as-trap'-to\}; from 1537 and 797 ; to lighten forth, i.e. (figuratively) to be radiant (of very white garments): --glistening.[ql
1824. exautes \{ex-ow'-tace\}; from 1537 and the genitive case singular feminine of 846 ( 5610 being understood) ; from that hour, i.e. instantly: --by and by, immediately, presently, straightway.[ql
1825. exegeiro \{ex-eg-i'-ro\}; from 1537 and 1453; to rouse fully, i.e. (figuratively) to resuscitate (from death), release (from infliction): --raise up.[ql
1826. exeimi \{ex'-i-mee\}; from 1537 and eimi (to go); to issue, i.e. leave (a place), escape (to the shore): --depart, get [to land], go out. [ql
1827. exelegcho \{ex-el-eng'-kho\}; from 1537 and 1651; to convict fully, i.e. (by implication) to punish: --convince.[ql
1828. exelko \{ex-el'-ko\}; from 1537 and 1670; to drag forth, i.e. (figuratively) to entice (to sin): --draw away.[ql
1829. exerama \{ex-er'-am-ah\}; from a comparative of 1537 and a presumed erao (to spue); vomit, i.e. food disgorged: --vomit.[ql
1830. exereunao \{ex-er-yoo-nah'-o\}; from 1537 and 2045; to explore (figuratively): --search diligently.[ql
1831. exerchomai \{ex-er'-khom-ahee\}; from 1537 and 2064; to issue (literally or figuratively): --come (forth, out), depart (out of), escape, get out, go (abroad, away, forth, out, thence), proceed (forth), spread abroad.[ql
1832. exesti \{ex'-es-tee\}; third person singular present indicative
of a compound of 1537 and 1510; so also exon \{ex-on'\}; neuter present participle of the same (with or without some form of 1510 expressed); impersonally, it is right (through the figurative idea of being out in public): --be lawful, let, X may(-est). [ql
1833. exetazo \{ex-et-ad'-zo\}; from 1537 and etazo (to examine); to test thoroughly (by questions), i.e. ascertain or interrogate: --ask, enquire, search.[ql
1834. exegeomai \{ex-ayg-eh'-om-ahee\}; from 1537 and 2233; to consider out (aloud), i.e. rehearse, unfold: --declare, tell.[ql
1835. hexekonta \{hex-ay'-kon-tah\}; the tenth multiple of 1803; sixty: --sixty[-fold], threescore.[ql
1836. hexes \{hex-ace'\}; from 2192 (in the sense of taking hold of, i.e. adjoining); successive: --after, following, X morrow, next.[ql
1837. execheomai \{ex-ay-kheh'-om-ahee\}; middle voice from 1537 and 2278; to "echo" forth, i.e. resound (be generally reported): --sound forth. [ql
1838. hexis \{hex'-is\}; from 2192; habit, i.e. (by implication) practice: --use.[ql
1839. existemi \{ex-is'-tay-mee\}; from 1537 and 2476; to put (stand) out of wits, i.e. astound, or (reflexively) become astounded, insane: --amaze, be (make) astonished, be beside self (selves), bewitch, wonder.[ql
1840. exischuo \{ex-is-khoo'-o\}; from 1537 and 2480; to have full strength, i.e. be entirely competent: --be able.[ql
1841. exodos \{ex'-od-os\}; from 1537 and 3598; an exit, i.e.
(figuratively) death: --decease, departing. [ql
1842. exolothreuo \{ex-ol-oth-ryoo'-o\}; from 1537 and 3645; to extirpate: --destroy.[q]
1843. exomologeo \{ex-om-ol-og-eh'-o\}; from 1537 and 3670; to acknowledge or (by implication of assent) agree fully: --confess, profess, promise.[ql ***. exon. See 1832.[ql
1844. exorkizo \{ex-or-kid'-zo\}; from 1537 and 3726; to exact an oath, i.e. conjure: --adjure.[ql
1845. exorkistes \{ex-or-kis-tace'\}; from 1844; one that binds by an oath (or spell), i.e. (by implication) an "exorcist" (conjurer): --exorcist.[ql
1846. exorusso \{ex-or-oos'-so\}; from 1537 and 3736; to dig out, i.e. (by extension) to extract (an eye), remove (roofing): --break up, pluck out.[ql
1847. exoudenoo \{ex-oo-den-o'-o\}; from 1537 and a derivative of the neuter of 3762; to make utterly nothing of, i.e. despise: --set at nought. See also 1848.[ql
1848. exoutheneo \{ex-oo-then-eh'-o\}; a variation of 1847 and meaning the same: --contemptible, despise, least esteemed, set at nought.[ql
1849. exousia \{ex-oo-see'-ah\}; from 1832 (in the sense of ability); privilege, i.e. (subjectively) force, capacity, competency, freedom, or (objectively) mastery (concretely, magistrate, superhuman, potentate, token of control), delegated influence: --authority, jurisdiction, liberty, power, right, strength ${ }_{1}[9] / 2022$
1850. exousiazo \{ex-oo-see-ad'-zo\}; from 1849; to control:
--exercise authority upon, bring under the (have) power of.[ql
1851. exoche \{ex-okh-ay'\}; from a compound of 1537 and 2192 (meaning to stand out); prominence (figuratively): --principal.[ql
1852. exupnizo \{ex-oop-nid'-zo\}; from 1853; to waken: --awake out of sleep. [ql
1853. exupnos \{ex'-oop-nos\}; from 1537 and 5258; awake: --X out of sleep. [ql
1854. exo \{ex'-o\}; adverb from 1537; out(-side, of doors), literally or figuratively: --away, forth, (with-)out (of, -ward), strange. [ql
1855. exothen \{ex'-o-then\}; from 1854; external(-ly): --out(-side, -ward, -wardly), (from) without.[ql
1856. exotheo \{ex-o-theh'-o\}; or exotho \{ex-o'-tho\}; from 1537 and otheo (to push); to expel; by implication, to propel: --drive out, thrust in. [q]
1857. exoteros \{ex-o'-ter-os\}; comparative of 1854; exterior: --outer. [ql
1858. heortazo \{heh-or-tad'-zo\}; from 1859; to observe a festival: --keep the feast. [ql
1859. heorte \{heh-or-tay'\}; of uncertain affinity; a festival: --feast, holyday.[ql
1860. epaggelia \{ep-ang-el-ee'-ah\}; from 1861; an announcement (for information, assent or pledge; especially a divine assurance of good): --message, promise.[ql
1861. epaggello \{ep-ang-el'-lo\}; from 1909 and the base of 32 ; to announce upon (reflexively), i.e. (by implication) to engage to do something, to assert something respecting oneself: --profess, (make) promise. [ql
1862. epaggelma \{ep-ang'-el-mah\}; from 1861; a self-committal (by assurance of conferring some good): --promise.[ql
1863. epago \{ep-ag'-o\}; from 1909 and 71 ; to superinduce, i.e. inflict (an evil), charge (a crime): --bring upon. [ql
1864. epagonizomai \{ep-ag-o-nid'-zom-ahee\}; from 1909 and 75; to struggle for: --earnestly contend foreign[ql
1865. epathroizo \{ep-ath-roid'-zo\}; from 1909 and athroizo (to assemble); to accumulate: --gather thick together.[ql
1866. Epainetos \{ep-a'-hee-net-os\}; from 1867; praised; Epaenetus, a Christian: --Epenetus.[ql
1867. epaineo \{ep-ahee-neh'-o\}; from 1909 and 134; to applaud:
--commend, laud, praise.[ql
1868. epainos \{ep'-ahee-nos\}; from 1909 and the base of 134;
laudation; concretely, a commendable thing: --praise. [ql
1869. epairo \{ep-ahee'-ro\}; from 1909 and 142; to raise up
(literally or figuratively): --exalt self, poise (lift, take) up.[ql
1870. epaischunomai \{ep-ahee-skhoo'-nom-ahee\}; from 1909 and 153 ; to
feel shame for something: --be ashamed.[ql
1871. epaiteo \{ep-ahee-teh'-o\}; from 1909 and 154; to ask for:
--beg. [ql
1872. epakoloutheo \{ep-ak-ol-oo-theh'-o\}; from 1909 and 190; to accompany: --follow (after).[ql
1873. epakouo \{ep-ak-oo'-o\}; from 1909 and 191; to hearken (favorably) to: --hear. [ql
1874. epakroaomai \{ep-ak-ro-ah'-om-ahee\}; from 1909 and the base of 202; to listen (intently) to: --hear. [ql
1875. epan \{ep-an'\}; from 1909 and 302; a particle of indefinite contemporaneousness; whenever, as soon as: --when. [ql
1876. epanagkes \{ep-an'-ang-kes\}; neuter of a presumed compound of 1909 and 318; (adverbially) on necessity, i.e. necessarily: --necessary. [ql
1877. epanago \{ep-an-ag'-o\}; from 1909 and 321 ; to lead up on, i.e. (technical) to put out (to sea); (intransitively) to return:
--launch (thrust) out, return.[ql
1878. epanamimnesko \{ep-an-ah-mim-nace'-ko\}; from 1909 and 363; to remind of: --put in mind. [ql
1879. epanapauomai \{ep-an-ah-pow'-om-ahee\}; middle voice from 1909 and 373; to settle on; literally (remain) or figuratively (rely): --rest in (upon).[ql
1880. epanerchomai \{ep-an-er'-khom-ahee\}; from 1909 and 424; to come up on, i.e. return: --come again, return.[ql
1881. epanistamai \{ep-an-is'-tam-ahee\}; middle voice from 1909 and 450; to stand up on, i.e. (figuratively) to attack: --rise up against. [q]
1882. epanorthosis \{ep-an-or'-tho-sis\}; from a compound of 1909 and 461; a straightening up again, i.e. (figuratively) rectification (reformation): --correction.[ql
1883. epano \{ep-an'-o\}; from 1909 and 507; up above, i.e. over or on (of place, amount, rank, etc.): --above, more than, (up-)on, over.[ql
1884. eparkeo \{ep-ar-keh'-o\}; from 1909 and 714; to avail for, i.e. help: --relieve.[ql
1885. eparchia \{ep-ar-khee'-ah\}; from a compound of 1909 and 757 (meaning a governor of a district, "eparch"); a special region of government, i.e. a Roman praefecture: --province.[ql
1886. epaulis \{ep'-ow-lis\}; from 1909 and an equivalent of 833; a hut over the head, i.e.--a dwelling. [ql
1887. epaurion \{ep-ow'-ree-on\}; from 1909 and 839; occurring on the succeeding day, i.e. (2250 being implied) to-morrow: --day following, morrow, next day (after).[ql
1888. epautophoroi \{ep-ow-tof-o'-ro\}; from 1909 and 846 and (the dative case singular of) a derivative of phor (a thief); in theft itself, i.e. (by analogy) in actual crime: --in the very act.[ql
1889. Epaphras \{ep-af-ras'\}; contracted from 1891; Epaphras, a
1890. epaphrizo \{ep-af-rid'-zo\}; from 1909 and 875; to foam upon, i.e. (figuratively) to exhibit (a vile passion): --foam out.[ql
1891. Epaphroditos \{ep-af-rod'-ee-tos\}; from 1909 (in the sense of devoted to) and Aphrodite (Venus); Epaphroditus, a Christian:
--Epaphroditus. Compare 1889.[ql
1892. epegeiro \{ep-eg-i'-ro\}; from 1909 and 1453; to rouse upon, i.e. (figuratively) to excite against: --raise, stir up. [ql
1893. epei \{ep-i'\}; from 1909 and 1487; thereupon, i.e. since (of time or cause): --because, else, for that (then, -asmuch as), otherwise, seeing that, since, when. [ql
1894. epeide \{ep-i-day'\}; from 1893 and 1211; since now, i.e. (of time) when, or (of cause) whereas: --after that, because, for (that, -asmuch as), seeing, since.[ql
1895. epeideper \{ep-i-day'-per\}; from 1894 and 4007; since indeed (of cause): --forasmuch. [ql
1896. epeidon \{ep-i'-don\}; and other moods and persons of the same tense; from 1909 and 1492; to regard (favorably or otherwise):
--behold, look upon.[ql
1897. epeiper \{ep-i'-per\}; from 1893 and 4007; since indeed (of cause): --seeing.[ql
1898. epeisagoge \{ep-ice-ag-o-gay'\}; from a compound of 1909 and 1521; a superintroduction: --bringing in.[ql
1899. epeita \{ep'-i-tah\}; from 1909 and 1534; thereafter: --after that(-ward), then.[ql
1900. epekeina \{ep-ek'-i-nah\}; from 1909 and (the accusative case plural neuter of) 1565; upon those parts of, i.e. on the further side of: --beyond. [ql
1901. epekteinomai \{ep-ek-ti'-nom-ahee\}; middle voice from 1909 and 1614; to stretch (oneself) forward upon: --reach forth. [ql
1902. ependuomai \{ep-en-doo'-om-ahee\}; middle voice from 1909 and 1746; to invest upon oneself: --be clothed upon. [ql
1903. ependutes \{ep-en-doo'-tace\}; from 1902; a wrapper, i.e. outer garment: --fisher's coat.[ql
1904. eperchomai \{ep-er'-khom-ahee\}; from 1909 and 2064; to supervene, i.e. arrive, occur, impend, attack, (figuratively) influence: --come (in, upon).[ql
1905. eperotao \{ep-er-o-tah'-o\}; from 1909 and 2065; to ask for, i.e. inquire, seek: --ask (after, questions), demand, desire, question. [ql
1906. eperotema \{ep-er-o'-tay-mah\}; from 1905; an inquiry:
--answer. [ql
1907. epecho \{ep-ekh'-o\}; from 1909 and 2192; to hold upon, i.e. (by implication) to retain; (by extension) to detain; (with implication of 3563 ) to pay attention to: --give (take) heed unto, hold forth, mark, stay.[ql
1908. epereazo \{ep-ay-reh-ad'-zo\}; from a comparative of 1909 and
(probably) areia (threats); to insult, slander: --use despitefully, falsely accuse.[ql
1909. epi \{ep-ee'\}; a primary preposition; properly, meaning superimposition (of time, place, order, etc.), as a relation of distribution [with the genitive case], i.e. over, upon, etc.; of rest (with the det.) at, on, etc.; of direction (with the accusative case) towards, upon, etc.: --about (the times), above, after, against, among, as long as (touching), at, beside, $X$ have charge of, (be-, [where-])fore, in (a place, as much as, the time of, -to), (because) of, (up-) on (behalf of), over, (by, for) the space of, through(-out), (un-)to(-ward), with. In compounds it retains essentially the same import, at, upon, etc. (literally or figuratively).
1910. epibaino \{ep-ee-bah'-ee-no\}; from 1909 and the base of 939; to walk upon, i.e. mount, ascend, embark, arrive: --come (into), enter into, go abroad, sit upon, take ship.[ql
1911. epiballo \{ep-ee-bal'-lo\}; from 1909 and 906; to throw upon (literal or figurative, transitive or reflexive; usually with more or less force); specially (with 1438 implied) to reflect; impersonally, to belong to: --beat into, cast (up-)on, fall, lay (on), put (unto), stretch forth, think on.[ql
1912. epibareo \{ep-ee-bar-eh'-o\}; from 1909 and 916; to be heavy upon, i.e. (pecuniarily) to be expensive to; figuratively, to be severe towards: --be chargeable to, overcharge.[ql
1913. epibibazo \{ep-ee-bee-bad'-zo\}; from 1909 and a redupl. deriv. of the base of 939 [compare 307]; to cause to mount (an animal): --set on.[ql
1914. epiblepo \{ep-ee-blep'-o\}; from 1909 and 991; to gaze at (with favor, pity or partiality): --look upon, regard, have respect to.[ql
1915. epiblema \{ep-ib'-lay-mah\}; from 1911; a patch: --piece.[ql
1916. epiboao \{ep-ee-bo-ah'-o\}; from 1909 and 994; to exclaim against: --cry.[q]
1917. epiboule \{ep-ee-boo-lay'\}; from a presumed compound of 1909 and 1014; a plan against someone, i.e. a plot: --laying (lying) in wait. [ql
1918. epigambreuo \{ep-ee-gam-bryoo'-o\}; from 1909 and a derivative of 1062; to form affinity with, i.e. (specially) in a levirate way: --marry. [ql
1919. epigeios \{ep-ig'-i-os\}; from 1909 and 1093; worldly (physically or morally): --earthly, in earth, terrestrial.[ql
1920. epiginomai \{ep-ig-in'-om-ahee\}; from 1909 and 1096; to arrive upon, i.e. spring up (as a wind): --blow.[ql
1921. epiginosko \{ep-ig-in-oce'-ko\}; from 1909 and 1097; to know upon some mark, i.e. recognize; by implication, to become fully acquainted with, to acknowledge: --(ac-, have, take)know(-ledge, well), perceive.[ql
1922. epignosis \{ep-ig'-no-sis\}; from 1921; recognition, i.e. (by implication) full discernment, acknowledgement:
--(ac-)knowledge(-ing, -ment). [ql
1923. epigraphe \{ep-ig-raf-ay'\}; from 1924; an inscription:
1924. epigrapho \{ep-ee-graf'-o\}; from 1909 and 1125; to inscribe (physically or mentally): --inscription, write in (over, thereon). [ql
1925. epideiknumi \{ep-ee-dike'-noo-mee\}; from 1909 and 1166; to exhibit (physically or mentally): --shew.[ql
1926. epidechomai \{ep-ee-dekh'-om-ahee\}; from 1909 and 1209; to admit (as a guest or [figuratively] teacher): --receive.[ql
1927. epidemeo \{ep-ee-day-meh'-o\}; from a compound of 1909 and 1218; to make oneself at home, i.e. (by extension) to reside (in a foreign country): --[be] dwelling (which were) there, stranger.[ql
1928. epidiatassomai \{ep-ee-dee-ah-tas'-som-ahee\}; middle voice from 1909 and 1299; to appoint besides, i.e. supplement (as a codicil): --add to.[ql
1929. epididomi \{ep-ee-did'-o-mee\}; from 1909 and 1325; to give over (by hand or surrender): --deliver unto, give, let (+ [her drive]), offer. [q]
1930. epidiorthoo \{ep-ee-dee-or-tho'-o\}; from 1909 and a derivative of 3717; to straighten further, i.e. (figuratively) arrange additionally: --set in order.[ql
1931. epiduo \{ep-ee-doo'-o\}; from 1909 and 1416; to set fully (as the sun): --go down.[ql
1932. epieikeia \{ep-ee-i'-ki-ah\}; from 1933; suitableness, i.e. (by implication) equity, mildness: --clemency, gentleness.[ql
1933. epieikes \{ep-ee-i-kace'\}; from 1909 and 1503; appropriate, i.e. (by implication) mild: --gentle, moderation, patient.[ql
1934. epizeteo \{ep-eed-zay-teh'-o\}; from 1909 and 2212; to search (inquire) for; intensively, to demand, to crave: --desire, enquire, seek (after, for). [ql
1935. epithanatios \{ep-ee-than-at'-ee-os\}; from 1909 and 2288;
doomed to death: --appointed to death. [ql
1936. epithesis \{ep-ith'-es-is\}; from 2007; an imposition (of hands officially): --laying (putting) on. [ql
1937. epithumeo \{ep-ee-thoo-meh'-o\}; from 1909 and 2372; to set the heart upon, i.e. long for (rightfully or otherwise): --covet, desire, would fain, lust (after).[ql
1938. epithumetes \{ep-ee-thoo-may-tace'\}; from 1937; a craver: --+
lust after.[ql
1939. epithumia \{ep-ee-thoo-mee'-ah\}; from 1937; a longing (especially for what is forbidden): --concupiscence, desire, lust (after). [ql
